Part One.. MARION WEEKLY STAR. Pages 1-8

VOL. XVI. NO. 34 MARION, OHIO, SATURDAY, JANUARY 19, 1901. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

# BOSSCHIETER CASE ARGUED BY COUNSEL

## The Defense Is Given a Hard Blow by Court, Who Interrupts Counsel To Speak to the Jury to the Disadvantage of the Three Defendants.

Paterson, N. J., Jan. 17.—Court opened for the final act in the Bosschieter murder trial drama without special incident this morning. The prisoners looked weary. Even McAlister had lost his cynical sneer and his affected air of ennui. Without preliminary, Prosecutor Ralph Shaw began the opening summing-up for the state. He was brief and to the point. He said the girl was in good health; that the claim of the defense that one drink of absinthe, one cocktail and two glasses of champagne constitute a deadly dose of poison was absurd.

"We have proved criminal assault and, by our experts, have proved that a fatal dose of chloral hydrate had been given the girl. We demand a verdict of murder in the first degree against these men."

The young prosecutor is no orator; he talked in an ordinary conversational tone without the least rhetorical effect. Carefully he marshalled the cold, naked, horrible facts of that entire awful night. His language was simple and earnest; it was easily understood by the least intelligent juror.

The very simplicity of the prosecutor's speech made it effective.

Ex-Judge Francis Scott followed for the defense.

"This same, old, oft-repeated story," he began, "has been gone over again. What shall we say in reply? Simply that is not true. The state has not proved its case. If the state's story were true, I would agree that a crime without parallel had been done. I tell you the state charges an impossible crime, an absolutely and utterly impossible crime."

He went on to say that the state was prejudiced at the start. He claimed that the defendant's version of that night's doings was far more reasonable and believeable than the story of the prosecution.

Scott proceeded to argue that the state had utterly failed to prove the first count of the indictment, that the girl died as a result of assault. He was elaborating on this when the court interrupted him to administer a crushing blow.

"Before you proceed," said Trial Judge Dixon, "I want the jury to understand that if chloral were given, or if a person were struck or choked in order to accomplish the assault, the poison or violence is a part of the criminal assault. The jury must not be misled on that point."

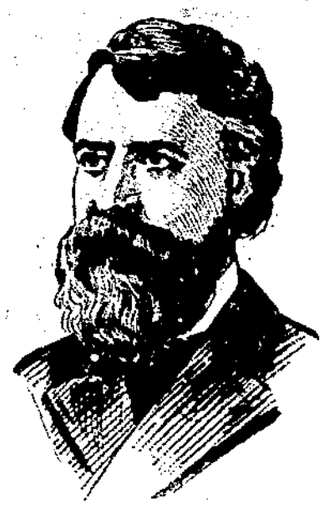
Attorney Scott dropped the first count and began to argue that on the second count the men were not found guilty as there was no malice aforethought.

London—A rumor is current that the naval reserves are about to be mobilized. At the admiralty the report is neither confirmed nor denied

# SENATOR CLARK IS ELECTED

## At the Joint Session of the Montana Legislature Wednesday Afternoon He Gets Eight Votes More Than Necessary.

Helena, Mont., Jan. 17.—W. A. Clark received fifty-six votes for United States senator in the joint session yesterday, eight more than a majority and is elected to the long term senatorship.



SENATOR WILLIAM A. CLARK.

# BURTON IS PRAISED BY HIS COLLEAGUES

## Receives Their Congratulations on the Passage of the River and Harbor Bill by the House--It Will Probably be Amended in Senate.

Washington, Jan. 17.—Congressman Burton received congratulations of many of his colleagues when the river and harbor bill was finally passed in the house yesterday. He had been under fire for a full week, and had gotten the bill through with no amendments that did not meet with the approval of the committee.

Members who had ben disappointed in the size of appropriations made for their districts let off in the fight. Last of all came the river men, who contended that the government should build levees and dykes to protect the farms from floods. All were beaten.

There are 508 projects in the bill and Burton surprised even his friends with the wide range and thoroughness of his knowledge regarding them. The bill might have been forced through any day, but the house had time to spare, and the leaders let the debate drift along.

The senate will probably add several millions by way of amendments. The final passage of the bill will probably be delayed until well along toward the close of the session.

A rabid threat has been made by the ship subsidy element in the senate to hold up the river and harbor bill until the opponents of the subsidy bill get into line. It is considered doubtful, however, if they will go to that extreme. In such a maneuver Frye and Hanna would encounter the opposition of McMillan and Aldrich, both members of the committee having the river and harbor bill in charge. McMillan and Aldrich have powerful influence in the senate. They are strong advocates of river and harbor improvements and have small regard for the ship subsidy scheme.

# CULLOM AS GOOD AS CHOSEN.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 17.—Senator Cullom will be nominated tonight for United States senator to succeed himself by acclamation. All forces in opposition to him have laid down and he has no opposition. This morning, after all efforts to get the governor to take art in the fight failed, the anti-Cullom forces expressed a desire to quit.

Several of Tanner's friends called upon Senator Cullom this morning and told him they had advised Tanner to withdraw. Tanner said he was considering it, but wanted some Southern Illinois friends cared for. Cullom asked them whether Tanner was going to throw his strength to some other candidate, and they replied: "No, he threw his strength to you and wants credit for it."

Cullom stated that Tanner should have the credit. The Tanner men retired to further consult their chief. While they were gone, a Cannon man called and withdrew Cannon's name. Then came Tanner and Hitt together. Following them Tanner's committee, with final notice of the withdrawal, called. They told Cullom that they had known this was going to happen for several days. When he asked them why they had remained in the fight knowing that, they replied that they had got in the fight, and could not get out.

Miss Alta Rockefeller.

AMERICA'S RICHEST HEIRESS, WHO CHOOSES TO WED QUIETLY.

# GREATEST HEIRESS IN AMERICA IS MARRIED AT NEW YORK TODAY

## Miss Alta Rockefeller and Mr. E. Parmlee Prentice Are Wedded at the Home of Bride's Father. Mr. John D. Rockefeller, New York City, Today.

New York, Jan. 17. The wedding of Miss Alta Rockefeller to Mr. E. Parmlee Prentice, the Chicago lawyer, took place at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon at the residence of Mr. John D. Rockefeller on Fifty-Fourth street. Coming only a few days after the marriage of Mr. A. G. Vanderbilt and Miss Elsie French at Newport, a comparison between the two marriages of millions is invited, but they were little alike. The Vanderbilt wedding was a brilliant event, celebrated at church in the presence of hundreds of guests. The Rockefeller wedding was a simple home ceremony, with only the members of both families and a few old friends present. Such a quiet wedding was not the original plan, but was necessitated by the death of the bride's nephew a few weeks ago.

The interior of the Rockefeller home was perfectly decorated with American Beauty roses, lilies of the valley, palms and smilax. It is said that enormous prices were paid for the roses as the florist's stocks had been brought low by many recent society events.

During the ceremony the bridal pair stood on the first landing in the broad stairway in the main hall of the house, where a floral altar was erected. Around the bride were grouped the bridesmaids and the ushers.

The marriage ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. W. H. P. Faunce, president of Brown university and formerly pastor of the Fifth Avenue Baptist church of this city. There was no assisting clergyman.

Later dinner was served, and a small reception held, after which the guests had an opportunity to view the wedding presents.

The bride wore a gown of heavy ivory white satin, made quite plain, and trimmed with point lace at the corsage and also on the front of the skirt. The veil was of point lace, a beautiful piece.

The bridesmaids were gowns of white chiffon over pink taffeta, made with Marie Antoinette bodices. They also wore aigrettes of pink roses in their coiffures, and carried clusters of American beauty roses.

Mr. Prentice had as best man Mr. Emerson R. Tuttle of Chicago. His ushers, all from Chicago, were Messrs. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., R. Hall McCormick, Charles Carruth, Henry H. Porter, Jr., and Mr. Johnson.

The bride is John D. Rockefeller's youngest daughter. She is about thirty years old, not much of a society woman, but rather devoted to home and church.

Mr. Prentice is thirty-four years old and prominent in Chicago society and legal circles. He is a graduate of Yale.

The plans for the wedding trip are yet a secret. The young couple will probably go first to the Rockefeller country home at Tarrytown-on-the-Hudson and later to Cleveland. Sometime in the near future they will go abroad.

# CHARGE OF COWARDICE IS REFUTED

## Captain McCalla Writes to Secretary Long Defending Captain Hull of the United States Marine Corps at Peking.

Washington, Jan. 17.—The secretary of the navy is in receipt of a letter from Captain McCalla, which in part reads:

"I am greatly interested in Captain Hall, U. S. M. C., who has been so unjustly accused of cowardice in the newspaper, while defending the legations in Peking. As I have said in an official endorsement, I do not believe from my actual experience with Captain Hall during hostilities and from my knowledge of him, that there is any real foundation for such a charge."

# SENATOR M. S. QUAY IS FAR FROM WELL

Washington, Jan. 17.—Senator Quay is far from being a well man. He arrived here from the scene of his intrications at Harrisburg last evening, much worn in body and mind. He has a very bad cold, with grip symptoms, and his throat is giving him a deal of trouble. He will be sworn in today and for the purpose of a theorough rest, will leave for Florida tomorrow, where he will at once place himself under the care of a physician

# REQUEST OF FERRELL IS REFUSED

## His Plea for Commutation of Sentence Is Turned Down by the State Board of Pardons This Morning.

Columbus, O., Jan. 17.—The state board of pardons refused today to pardon Express Robber Rosslyn H. Ferrell. Member Hunsdman, who had investigated the case, reported that the application should be rejected. Ferrell will have to go to the chair on the first of March.

# THE BOLIVIAN ARMY IN VERY BAD SHAPE

Rio Janeiro, Jan. 17.—Alarming news, unfavorable to the Bolivian forces that are endeavoring to crush the so-called republic of Acre, is continually arriving from Manos. The Acre forces routed the Bolivians recently near Canatera in the rubber forests. The Bolivians retreated to Puerto Alonzo, and are now surrounded by the rebels. General Lucio Velasco, vice president of Bolivia, is reported to be besieged at Rio Sinso. It is declared that numerous Brazilians are in the ranks of the rebels.

The Bolivian minister has received a note from the minister of foreign affairs, protesting against the participation of any Brazilian official or forces in the rebellion. It is asserted that the Brazilian government has resolved to take steps to intervene.

# HOLTHOUSE CHILDREN HAVE BEEN LOCATED

New Orleans, Jan. 17.—Mary and Rita Holthouse and their little baby brother, Francis, missing from their homes in this city since last Sunday afternoon, were located last night in Natchez, where they had been taken to a cottage rented by a man named Wm. McConchie, a truck farmer and former partner of the girls' father. McConchie is a married man with a family of grown children. Some extraordinary developments are expected.

Mary is sixteen and Rita, eighteen. The father of the girls says he will try to have them put in the Good Shepherd, and will prosecute his former partner. The cottage where the girls were found is owned by a negro employed by McConchie.

# WOULDN'T BE KISSED. HELD FOR HOMICIDE

New York, Jan. 17.—Mrs. Rose Lang was held for the coroner yesterday in the Essex Market Place court on the charge of homicide. On New Year's Eve she attended a celebration in a saloon where Florence Melchar is alleged to have caused himself by kissing the women present. Mrs. Lang resented being embraced and in struggling with him cut him slightly on the arm with a bread knife. Blood poisoning set in and he died Tuesday.

# ALL A GAME BY MR. CARNEGIE.

New York, Jan. 17—The statement is made today that Andrew Carnegie is putting the Federal Steel company, controlled by Morgan and Rockefeller, into a position where the latter must fight, or buy him out. Carnegie's threat to build a huge plant at Conneaut, Ohio, was part of the plan to force matters to this point.

The report is persistent that negotiations for the Carnegie plant will shortly begin. Such a deal would involve over $200,000,000.

It stated that the Federal Steel company will issue bonds for $50,000,000. This will be given Carnegie as a part cash payment. He will allow the rest of the purchase price to remain on mortgage at 4 or 5 per cent. Mr Carnegie has been anxious to sell out and retire for several years. Two years ago he gave Frick and his partners an option. Failure to agree on the price caused the plan to fail and Frick and Carnegie began a legal battle which was finally settled out of court. Carnegie has stated that "it is a disgrace to die rich." It will keep him busy for the rest of his days disposing of his $200,000,000 or more in order to escape this disgrace.

Carnegie will devote the remainder of his days to philanthropy.

# SENATOR FRYE IS MIFFED.

Washington, Jan. 17—All is not lovely between Senators Frye and Hanna. The former is just a trifle miffed because of the general credit and notoriety given the latter in connection with the ship subsidy bill. It has been Hanna here, and Hanna there, not only in the public prints, but in the public discussions as well. Senators desiring to offer amendments have invariably submitted them to Hanna, ignoring Frye almost altogether. Things have come to such a pass that the presiding officer of the senate has seen fit to throw out a gentle hint to the effect that he is the originator of the bill and, in the justice of things, the one to be consulted. There is also one reason why a meeting of his committee, the committee on commerce, was called to take up consideration of the measure. Frye has no desire to be sidetracked.

# HEIRESS TO HALF A MILLION.

New York, Jan. 17.—Miss Daisy Grogan, a member of Charles Evans' "Naughty Anthony" company, now playing in Kansas City, is heiress to half a million dollars left her by her great uncle, Joseph LeGueval. The bequest unfolds a bit of family history that reads like a romance.

Joseph anh Pierre LeGueval, brothers, lived in the picturesque town of Palmpol, in France. They parted in 1864, Pierre coming to America and moving to the Pacific coast where he became interested in large railroad contracts. Pierre's daughter, Annette, married Maiachi Grogan in San Francisco. LeGueval's father died, and in 1895 Joseph LeGueval came to the United States to seek his heirs. In San Francisco he found his niece, Mrs. Grogan, who had become a widow, with her daughter, Daisy.

The old man was charmed with his grand niece and promised to make her his sole heir.

Mrs. Grogan, who lives at 43 east Twenty-First street, received on Christmas day a letter from France with the news of the death of her uncle and the information that her daughter, Daisy, was sole heir to his fortune of $500,000.

Miss Grogan is ambitious to study for grand opera, and she and her mother will sail for Europe early in the spring.

# AS OUR QUEEN WE LOVE YOU

## Such Is the Address of Native Hawaiians to Ex-Queen Liliuokalani, Who Assures Her Children of Her Everlasting Love.

Honolulu, Jan. 10, via San Francisco, Jan. 17—The Aloha Aina and Kalaiaina societies, which were organized immediately after the overthrow for the purpose of preventing annexation and restoring the queen, has been dissolved and merged into the Independent Home Rule party. The members of the convention were received by ex-Queen Liliuokalani at her Washington Place residence. James Kaulia made the address. He said in part:

"We come as American citizens now, as a people without a sovereign, without a queen, whose office has passed away forever in the eye of the law. Yet we love you still as our queen and we shall always revere you as such."

In reply the queen said:

"My children, I thank you for the expressions of love you give me. Between you my people, and myself, it will abide forever. Your interests will be my interests, as they always have been, and I shall ever stand by you as a loving mother. Be assured, my people, of my aloha, for it is real and lasting."

# BRITISH STEAMER LOST. TWENTY-FIVE DROWNED

Island of Mauritius, Jan. 17.—A French steamer which had arrived here, reports the loss of the British steamer, Kaisari. Twenty-five seamen were drowned, including the captain of the steamer.

# A REIGN OF TERROR IS ON AT CORBIN

Williamsburg, Ky., Jan. 17.—The situation at Corbin grows rapidly worse. Jim Shotwell died at 10 o'clock and his followers started out to get revenge. The city is terrified, and at noon Circuit Judge Morrow, who had the situation laid before him, telegraphed Governor Beckham for troops. The sheriff is apparently helpless.

Sheriff Sutton was fired at by John Shotwell, one of the boy members of the gang, but escaped injury.

There is no law or order there now, and when darkness comes, worse is feared, as arson and bloodshed are likely to make the second night hideous.

# ESTRANGED FOR OVER HALF A CENTURY

## Lovers Fifty-Six Years Ago, but Separated by a Jealous Acquaintance, Two Old People Are Married at Jersey Shore, Pennsylvania.

Jersey Shore, Pa., Jan. 17.—Mrs. Harriet Francis of Ulysses, Tioga county, and Mr. Palmer Shumway, a retired farmer, whose home is near Wellsboro, Tioga county, were married Tuesday night. Fifty-six years ago these aged lovers were engaged to be married. Through jealousy on the part of an acquaintance the engagement was broken, and they parted without an explanation. Both married and Mrs. Francis reared a family of nine children, while Shumway is the father of six. Recently he lost his spouse, and three weeks ago Mrs. Francis received a proposal of marriage from Shumway, which she speedily accepted.

Florence—Arnold Boecklin, the most famous of contemporary Swiss painters, is dead.

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# ARIZONA COWBOY CARNIVAL

## Whites and Indians Commingle In Old Time Festivities.

The cowboys and Indians of Phenix have had a carnival such as no place ever witnessed before—a bewildering, head turning, feet scorning, blow giving and knife drawing carnival, a stage of merrymaking for an extravaganza of all the emotions from mirth to anger, smiles to frowns, caresses to blows, comedy to tragedy, life to death—simply a throwing open of the floodgates before a torrent of those human desires to howl and dance and fight and in a passion of unrestraint to dare excesses which are pent up in every mortal breast.

And they killed a man a day in the carnival of the cowboys and Indians of Arizona—a man a day went down amid the glorious unleashing of the passions, fell under the reckless lash of the wild west merrymaking and was forgot off in a moment and forgotten while the carnival whirled on. In these annual carnivals in Phenix it is the Indians and the cowboys who furnish the holiday with features characteristic of the country to entertain the visitors, says the San Francisco Examiner, while the strict fair is the object of interest for residents and especially for business men.

Excursion rates for this last carnival were made over all roads, and though the city was crowded early in the week many were kept away on account of the telegraphers' strike and doubtful train service.

The booths of the street fair were handsomely decorated, and everything imaginable was on sale. Thousands of electric lights and still other thousands of banners of strange device in red, white and green, the carnival colors, were festooned over the streets and public buildings.

The carnival opened on Monday morning with a grand military, civic and industrial parade, including the

TYPICAL COWBOY.

cowboys and Indians, and following the big parade the cowboys and Indians, 100 of the latter roped in gee strings and war paint, made wild dashes through the principal streets.

The man to die for this day was an Indian. He was unhorsed and trampled to death.

All the military organizations in the territory participated except the University cadets of Tucson. In the afternoon there were a grand military tournament and contests for the territorial championship, both by individuals and by companies. The Territorial Normal school cadets won most of the prizes.

Monday evening the queen was crowned with all due formality before countless thousands on the big grand stand, her royal throne having been erected opposite. Sunday there were all sorts of cowboy sports, broncho riding, etc., at the park, but the most exciting feature of the day was the inauguration of a crusade by the ministers of the city against "Little Egypt," for be it known that a "Midway" was among the features of the carnival, and Little Egypt was the chief attraction, though her glory was divided by Yaqui dancers, snake eating Indians, coon town and a dozen other big side shows.

At the race track there was a grand cowboy tournament, including a spectacular attack upon the overland stage. At night there were free village shows and a "grand illuminated bicycle parade."

Wednesday was given over to the Elks. It was their day, and they covered themselves with glory. Their leading feature was Jingling Bros.' circus, an opera bouffe affair that put all legitimate productions in the circus line to blush. A big parade occurred in the afternoon, exhibiting everything from the band wagon to the wild men of Zanzibar, and in the evening their mammoth tent was pitched by thousands to witness a circus performance "unparalleled in history." Just before the performance began a visitor from Canada, James Bentlech, caught hold of a guy wire accidentally charged with electricity and was instantly killed.

The coroner's jury found the blame to rest on the Citizens' light company.

Thursday was a big day for cold sports. The cowboys gave an exhibition of flag picking and a tug of war between horsemen with single cinch and those with double cinch saddle, the former winning.

The chief event of the day was a football game between the Tempe

FESTIVE INDIAN.

Normal school team and the Indian team which defeated the University of Arizona team on Thanksgiving day. It is said to have been one of the liveliest games ever played in Arizona, though this is hardly indicated by the score of 21 to 0 in favor of the Normals.

During the day Little Egypt was arrested, but gave bonds, and when she appeared in court Friday morning a lively quarrel of an hour ensued, resulting in a personal encounter between Dr. H. A. Hughes, the complaining witness, and Gus Hirschfeld, who has the Midway under his direction.

The case was postponed until Monday, and the goddess of the oriental dance resumed her exhibitions.

Thursday night the queen and her court gave a royal reception in the parlor of Hotel Adams, and all her willing subjects paid their respects to her.

Friday was another big day, though a comparatively tame one, in which the ladies were greatly interested, as then the great baby show, baby carriage and ribbon parades took place.

Friday night was the grand carnival night. The city kept open house, and every street and alley was filled with hilarious people from the highest to the lowest dressed in masquerade costumes and parading back and forth to the time and tunes of a half dozen bands.

Two masquerade balls attracted the crowd at the close of the street parades. One of these was under the carnival management and was attended by the queen.

Friday evening a man was quite probably fatally injured by a falling thatch.

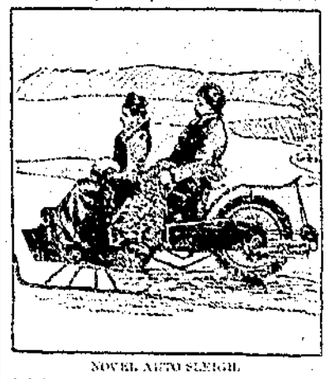
Saturday, the closing day, was the biggest day of all.

Again the cowboys held the boards and contested in foot races and for the territorial steer tying championship. Their orgies ran far into the night and wound up the carnival in a fittingly wild west manner.

## NO MORE JINGLE BELLS.

### Up to Date Sleigh Is to Have an Automobile Attachment.

Since the jingling of horse bells has always been considered an indispensable accompaniment of sleighing, what will become of the sport when there are no longer any horses attached to



NOVEL AUTO SLEIGH.

sleighs to carry the bells? Somehow it does not seem that the clanging of an automobile gong will be a satisfactory substitute for the merry tinkling and jingling that add so much to the enjoyment of a sleigh ride on a frosty night. But sleighing, like everything else, must keep up with the times, and we are to have the automobile sleigh.

### The Secret Divulged.

He—But you've known her all your life. How old is she?

She—I'll tell you, but it's a secret, mind. She is just at the age when one doesn't look the title.

# IS THE YACHT WHYTE LADY BEWITCHED?

## Events Which Have Deepened a Prevailing Superstition.

Mr. Lawson Johnston's death on the yacht Whyte Lady not long ago at Cannes has created or, rather, deepened a superstitious feeling against the yacht that has spread to people of even robust minds.

The Whyte Lady is certainly a hoodoo. Three summers ago Mr. Ogden Goelet, the multimillionaire of New York, died in the same yacht in the very same cabin where Mr. Johnston died.

Mr. Dunlap, another American millionaire, also died there. Outside of death the rich folk who have owned this yacht have had no end of trouble as long as the yacht was in their possession.

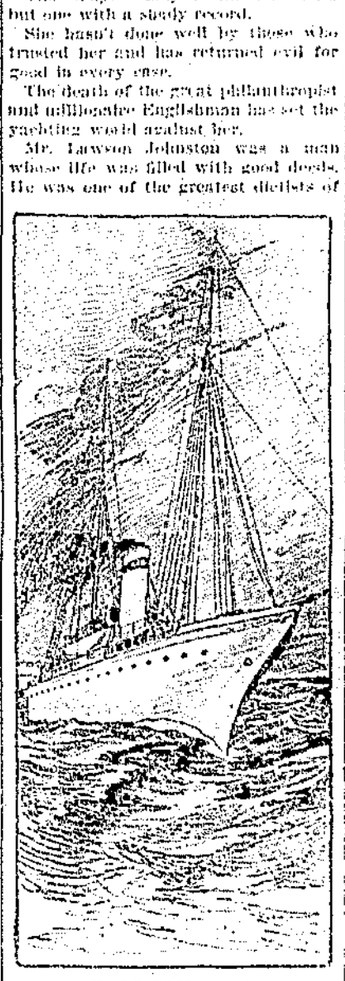
No one but famous people have owned it, says the Philadelphia Press, and each one of them, regardless of the boat's record with its last owner, has paid a good price for it, made a summer home of it and guided it into great social perils and famous races.

The Whyte Lady is an aristocrat, but one with a shady record.

She hasn't done well by those who trusted her and has returned evil for good in every case.

The death of the great philanthropist and millionaire Englishman has set the yachting world against her.

Mr. Lawson Johnston was a man whose life was filled with good deeds. He was one of the greatest dietists of



YACHT WHYTE LADY.

his century. The concentration of food was his favorite study, and great governments have sought his opinion on the best methods in this science.

When he began to take leisure, he bought the Whyte Lady. He virtually gave it to his son, who brought it over to America at the time of the cup races in New York harbor, and very many gay parties were entertained on it on this side.

Miss Dunlap was more than once the guest of honor and finally married young Johnston.

They sailed in the yacht a great deal, and Miss Dunlap's father went about with them.

He was a robust man of splendid constitution and never knew sickness.

Shortly after his first trip on the Whyte Lady he had his first attack of illness. He remained on the yacht much of his time, cruising in the southern waters of Europe.

The best medical attention availed nothing. Mr. Dunlap steadily grew worse and died suddenly while his daughter was yet a bride.

Mr. Johnston, the father, took the yacht over then for his own cruising. He took it down off the coast of Italy and remained for weeks in that warm climate.

The longer he remained on the yacht the more ill he became, but the doctors still advised sea air.

He brought the yacht up to Cannes and was there taken with desperate illness and died in three days after his family had been summoned.

London society remembered at once that it had been shocked not very long since by that other tragic death of Mr. Goelet, and those who were superstitious took the trouble to find out that the two millionaires had died in the same cabin.

The American millionaire, Mr. Goelet, bought the Whyte Lady from Mrs. Langtry. It was an almost regal boat, and the Goelets wanted to entertain much while at Cannes.

And they did it most weirdly while the boat looked on, dying of starvation. For this millionaire wouldn't eat anything, and he must needs sit by and watch his guests eat the rarest foods off gold plates and see them drink the choicest wine out of the finest glass, and yet he could not even take a bowl of soup.

Those who know the Goelets well enough to talk of it say that this summer of those millionaires on that yacht was one of the most pathetic chapters in social history.

Mr. Goelet insisted, rather demanded, that his wife should entertain the princely guests whom they had invited regardless of the fact of his illness. The Prince of Wales and his gay friends were the chief guests of the summer, and after them came many members of the upper nobility.

These had been invited, and these must be entertained, said the owner of the Whyte Lady, and although he knew he must die and was facing death daily he insisted that laughter and gay talk should be around him always.

This yacht had hoodooed him from the time he had stepped on it. All the great physicians of Europe could give him no relief, and one day at Cannes he died in the princely cabin of that luxurious boat. And he died of starvation, while he had a million to spend on food.

The boat was built for Lord Rosslyn. He was a reckless lord of high degree, willing to spend whatever money he could put his hands on and spend it in a way that took one's breath.

Shortly after he built the boat he went to pieces. His money was lost; his friends found him unworthy of their help, so it seemed, for he was practically ostracized from society and had some really dreadful experiences which it is useless to detail.

Finding himself without friends or money he went on the stage for a living. He said the yacht hoodooed him.

It was bought by Mrs. Langtry, now Mrs. De Bathe.

Every one knows how prosperous she was financially. She owned splendid horses, a ranch in California, and her speculations were on the right side of the market.

In truth she made money out of everything.

So she sailed away on the Whyte Lady, and as soon as she did things began to go wrong.

Her speculations were on the wrong side of the market; her stocks went down, her horses died, her racer lost the great races, and all together she was in a bad way. Two or three of her investments failed, and finally she was robbed of her jewels.

Under such financial difficulty it was impossible to maintain a yacht like the Whyte Lady, and she got it off her hands. Finding that her finances were at the lowest ebb she was forced to return to the stage to make money. As soon as she sold the yacht everything went well with her again. She married the son of a good house, had her daughter presented at court, brought out a money making play and speculated on the right side of the market and saw her horses come in first.

And now comes Mr. Johnston's death on this boat.

Verily, this boat should rank with The Flying Dutchman.

## BIGGEST OF BIGHORNS.

### Remarkable Capture by a St. Louisan in Arizona.

John W. Morrison of St. Louis recently killed a mountain sheep in Arizona which, he claims, beats the record. The mountain sheep, or bighorn, as it is generally known, is second only to the buffalo in point of interest among the animals indigenous to the American continent. It is more like a deer than a sheep in everything but its horns. It has the form of a deer and the habits of the deer, combined with those of the chamois, but it is of the sheep family because it does not shed its horns.

These horns are one of the most remarkable growths of nature. How they can grow out of a skull so small

MORRISON'S BIGHORN.

in comparison is something the mind of man finds hard to grasp. The skull of the sheep Mr. Morrison killed is 22 inches in circumference at the base of the horns. Each of the horns is 16½ inches in circumference and 36 inches long. There you have 32 by 72 inches of horn growing out of a head that is only 22 inches in circumference at the widest part.

### Economical.

Mrs. S.—Well, I declare! Here's a postal card from my Uncle Henry, who lives way out in California. I wonder whatever possessed him to waste a penny on me.

Mr. S.—That wasn't his idea, the old skinflint. Probably he wanted to make a cent's worth go as far as possible, so he sent a postal card across the country.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

# INGENIOUS SMUGGLING SCHEME

## Jewelry Thieves Develop Pouches In Their Throats.

The London police were recently notified that a Hindoo who had stolen some $20,000 worth of diamonds from a Calcutta jewelry store was on his way to the English capital. He was arrested the moment he set his foot on London soil, and then began an examination that baffled the police for a long time.

The Hindoo's clothing was searched thoroughly, but no trace of the missing gems was to be found. Then the police suspected that he had swallowed the gems, but this, too, proved the wrong trail.

All this time the Hindoo maintained the calmest and most smiling appearance of disinterestedness, and the authorities were on the point of giving up the task when Surgeon General Biddle suggested that the prisoner be subjected to an examination by the Roentgen rays.

They were skeptical about the success of the experiment, but consented to having it tried.

The radiograph showed a foreign body in the esophagus just below the larynx.

None of the surgeon's instruments was of any avail in dislodging the body. Finally, in desperation, the police threatened the Hindoo with the most severe corporal punishment if he did not assist them, and without the slightest difficulty he brought the substance up and showed to the astonished police the diamonds for which they had searched so long.

This is the first time on record that such a method of secreting stolen goods has come to the notice of the police of civilized countries. It is, however, a common practice in India.

In one year recently the Calcutta jail held 22 culprits who had cultivated an artificial pouch in the back of the esophagus for the express purpose of hiding stolen valuables.

To the uninitiated this sounds like an impossibility. Three prominent throat specialists in this city pronounced it a wild improbability until the subject was looked up in medical books and journals, when it was found to be authentic. This is only one of the ways in which the Indian adept has defied the medical laws.

The pouch is formed by a long course of training. As is well known, the esophagus is surrounded by muscular rings which work independently of each other and force the food down to the stomach. There is a certain diseased condition, known as diverticulous of the esophagus, which forms a false pouch in the membrane, but there is no control over the pouch because it is formed of membrane and not muscle.

The Indian adept takes a hereditary criminal while he is young. The course of training consists in lowering a large bullet on a string down the throat to a point just below the larynx and leaving it there for half an hour or an hour at a time. This is repeated day after day until the bullet forces two of the muscle rings apart and forms a false pouch between them.

By methods known only to the adept and his pupil a slight muscular control is gained over this pouch, just sufficient to allow the thief to bring it forward to catch the body he is swallowing or keep it back to allow the body to go down into the stomach.

When a man has such a hiding place as this, it is impossible to find stolen jewels without the aid of the Roentgen rays.

The presence of a foreign body in the pouch does not interfere in any way with breathing, talking or swallowing. You simply put the diamonds in there, and they are no more bother than if you had put them in your vest pocket.

Anybody can cultivate such a pouch. After the first few trials the difficulty of getting the bullet below the Adam's apple grows less each time until finally it becomes as easy as swallowing ice cream. Then all that remains in the course of training is to lower the bullet to the same place each day and while it is there work the muscles of the throat until you gain control over the opening of the pouch.

This is the most ingenious method of hiding diamonds that has yet come to the notice of criminologists, but it is by no means the only clever way.

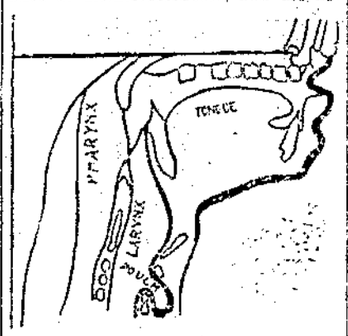



DIAGRAM OF THROAT SHOWING POUCH.

## BIG DEALS AND DRINK.

### How the Two Have Gradually Become Separated.

"The day of hard drinking has certainly gone by," said an old clubman to the New Orleans Times-Democrat. "It belongs strictly to the past, and the change that has taken place in that respect since I was a young man about town is very striking and remarkable. Before the war the majority of business men and planters of any importance were steady drinkers. I don't mean they were sots or in the habit of appearing intoxicated in public. On the contrary, a much larger share of the properties controlled in those days than prevails now, but they drank regularly and freely and entirely as a matter of course. The average man of affairs began the morning with several 'eye openers' and repeated them more or less frequently all day long. Whenever an important business matter came up for discussion, drinks were certain to be called for, and a sideboard was as indispensable a piece of office furniture as a typewriter or a letterpress is at present. It is only fair to say, however, that the men of that period carried their liquor well, and habitual drunkenness was regarded with just as much aversion as it is today. But during the last quarter of a century," the old clubman went on, "a great change has taken place, although it has been so gradual that few have given it any attention. Whatever prohibition alarmists may say to the contrary, the modern business man is an exceedingly temperate individual. He is either a total abstainer or he drinks with scrupulous moderation, and the continuous tippling of the past has no place whatever in up to date commercial life. The old idea that big deals were best inducted with liquor has become obsolete, and most men of affairs bar it strictly from all business transactions."

## SAD SEA STORY.

### How the Tramp Steamer Daffodil Went to Pieces.

Men had warned the skipper of the British tramp steamer Daffodil. They had told him that the vessel was made of the refuse timbers of Noah's great craft; that her engines ought to be in the scrap heaps of some inland stove foundry.

But for years Captain Batson's engineer had been knocking seven knots an hour out of the Daffodil's antiquated screw. The Australian trade was good, and the old hulk had made the East India docks in London so often that he had grown to feel that the old tub was in the habit of it for all time.

But one afternoon in the south Pacific one of the dreaded "southerly busters" of that ocean caught the Daffodil unawares. It was just 60 Albany, South Australia, and the cliffs of that forbidding coast frowned down

WRECK OF THE DAFFODIL.

upon the breakers on the reefs and upon the crazy vessel that was flung helplessly into the troughs of the heavy sea.

Suddenly a mountainous roller seized the vessel and flung it bow first into a crevice in the rocks. Another tore away the stern of the ship, which, loaded with lumber, floated back with the undertow. Close upon this first wave ran another, clutching this stern fragment and hurling it into the forward part, in which the crew had taken refuge.

And out of the wreck only the captain and the cabin boy escaped with their lives.

### Interrupted the Game.

"Just wait till me an Hi finishes this game of checkers," called out Silas Cornhill, proprietor of the Lonesomeville grocery, to the woman who had entered.

"But I'm in a hurry," said the woman. "I want one of 'em red an white checked tablecloths."

"Guess that'll break up the game, then, Hi," said Silas as he pushed the checkers aside and gathered up the tablecloth on which they had been playing.

"You see," he continued, turning to the woman, "I lost my checkerboard the other day, an Hi an me 'lowed this tablecloth 'ud do fairly well for a substitute. Made it a leetle dirty, mebbe, but it'll all come out in the warsh; only cost 15 in the store. Sixty-three cents. Wrap 'er up!"—Indianapolis Sun.

NERVITA PILLS
Will Restore Strength, Energy
And The Ambition that Makes Manhood All It Should Be
A Nerve Tonic and Blood Builder.

Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50 cts per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.
60 PILLS 50 CTS.
Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH
(YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results
Positively guaranteed cure for Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail, in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address
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The Dumble Pharmacy, N. Main St

# FLAMMARION ON MARS.

## Famous Astronomer Says the Planet Signaled Us Long Ago.

## ENVIES LOT OF ITS INHABITANTS.

### Probably Tried Signaling Thousands of Years Back and, Getting No Reply, Gave Us Up as Vulgar and Ignorant—Views of Wilfred de Fonvielle and Dorothea Klumpke.

Camille Flammarion, the astronomer, gave to the New York Journal the following synopsis of his remarks delivered in an address before the Astronomical Society of France, which met the other day in Paris to discuss the alleged Mars signaling. He said:

"There is no controversy with the distinguished American astronomers, Lowell and Douglass, who recently sent a dispatch about the luminous projections observed on the planet. I do not think these are signals made to us by the inhabitants of Mars. They are atmospheric phenomena. If the inhabitants of Mars had wished to signal to us, they would have done so long ago. They are much older than we of the earth. We have not yet reached the age of discretion, as may be seen by a visit to the parliaments at Paris, Rome, Washington or elsewhere.

"The inhabitants of Mars are millions of years more advanced than we, and had they any desire to communicate with us they would have long ago done so and, receiving no reply, would have set us down as vulgar beings not interested in their planet, so why should they continue to interrogate people who do not answer? They have long since judged us.

"Moreover, they would have selected the proper time to signal us—namely, when Mars presents its nonluminous disk toward the earth. I envy the lot of the inhabitants of Mars, the beautiful earth of heaven, without storms or cyclones and years twice as long as here. An object weighing 200 pounds here would weigh about 72 there. Everything is lighter, more delicate, more refined. Millions of years may lift us to its perfection.

"I believe there is an organized humanity dominating the forces of nature throughout the whole planet for the benefit of its inhabitants."

Wilfred de Fonvielle, member of the Astronomical Society of France, says: "The luminous projections observed are undoubtedly signals from the inhabitants of Mars to us. A line of bright lights several hundred miles long has been observed on the border of Lake Iscarie. These gigantic illuminations continued 70 minutes and vanished suddenly. Light never follows geometric lines, and the rectilinear disposition of the illumination mentioned indicates the action of intelligent agents.

"Simultaneous illumination has furnished a like argument; hence the projections were signals of the inhabitants to us and consequently sure to be repeated. We ought to observe Mars closely from now till Feb. 22, when it will be in opposition."

Dorothea Klumpke says: "The body of Mars is not very luminous, and the eye has to be trained. Imagination must not be permitted to carry the eye away. The astronomers at the Arizona observatory are very advanced, and imagination may have played a part, though Mars should be the first planet with which we shall be able to communicate. Mars will be the first to give us a true knowledge of life beyond the earth, as it was the first to lead Kepler to the truth about the solar system.

"The projections are astronomical phenomena, not signals from the inhabitants. Mars is doubtless inhabited by a superior race, and I see probability in Kant's theory that we may be transmitted to other planets for another life."

### Unsuitable.

"Do you regard my suit with favor?" asked the young man in the ready made garments.

"Well," replied the critical young woman as she glanced at his apparel, "it isn't a suit that I would select for myself."—Chicago News.

### A Philosopher.

"Do you want a three button or four button cutaway coat?"

"Well, I'll tell you. My wife's a consistent clubwoman, and if you make this coat a buttonless cutaway to start with it will save a good deal of future bother."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

### Oil Lamps In Paris.

Paris' latest innovation in street lighting is oil lamps. They are not the sort of lamps used a hundred years ago, when the cry was "Aristocrats a la lanterne!" but enormous structures that give out 1,000 candle power each.

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Watch the Urine
If too highly colored;
Contains a brick dust like deposit,
Comes infrequently,
Is irregular in any way,
The Kidneys are out of order,
Doan's Kidney Pills act quickly,
Relief is prompt, cure certain.
Don't delay till it's Diabetes,
Until it reaches Bright's disease.

**Get what you ask for. Get DOAN'S. Don't accept something "just as good." Most druggists sell Doan's Kidney Pills and will give you what you call for. Some may endeavor to substitute an article they make more profit on. Insist on having the genuine. Price 50 cents. Manufactured by Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.**

# The Wail of the Back

**'Tis a warning cry of Kidney Ills. Backache is the Kidneys' cry for help—The aches and pains of a bad back—The lame back—The weak back tell of Kidneys sick from overwork; Kidneys become blockaded, congested, inflamed. No time should be wasted. Go to their aid.**

# DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

**Will start the Kidneys working rightly, relieve the blockade, heal the inflammation. Remove the backache—cure every Kidney ill, cure Diabetes and Urinary disorders. The best proof of this lies in the evidence of people you know. The testimony of friends and neighbors.**

## MARION TESTIMONY.

### S. PROSPECT ST.

Mr. E. D. Cheney, of 112 South Prospect street, dealer in stoves, says: "Diabetes runs in our family, my brother at present being a great sufferer from that complaint, consequently when my kidneys and bladder annoyed me for years it made me considerably more than anxious to check the trouble. I met with little success until I tried Doan's Kidney Pills, so'd by W. B. Foye, the druggist. They certainly did me good. I received more benefit from their treatment than anything else I ever tried."

### CENTER ST.

Mrs. A. C. Pipes, of 206 Center street, says: "I suffered terribly both with my back and kidneys at the time I procured Doan's Kidney Pills from W. B. Foye's drug store. There was much aching in the small of my back. I could not get into an easy position to rest, had stiffness and aching in the back of my neck, was compelled to rise frequently at nights, and, in fact, felt miserable. Doan's Kidney Pills removed the aching and lameness from my back, strengthened my kidneys so that they gave me no annoyance whatever, and toned up my system generally. I am very grateful to Doan's Kidney Pills for the positive relief they gave me. Nothing I ever used proved so effective and beneficial."

### FAIR GROUND ST.

Mr. S. D. Might, of 320 Fairground street, says: "I had a bad attack of backache when I went to W. B. Foye's drug store and got Doan's Kidney Pills. I had been bothered with my kidneys for a long time, and the secretions from those organs were too frequent in action and contained a brick dust sediment. I was nervous and had attacks of dizziness, which caused me much inconvenience. After using Doan's Kidney Pills I felt nothing of the lameness in my back, my kidneys were strengthened and the played out feeling left me."

**Don't neglect an aching back.**
**Backache is the first symptomatic indication of Sick Kidneys.**
**Sick Kidneys call for prompt attention, neglect of Kidney ills endangers life itself.**
**Kidney troubles are easily cured in the earlier stages. Doan's Kidney Pills are for Kidneys only.**
**Cure every Kidney ill from common backache to Diabetes.**

Don't wait until too late.
Backache is the first downward step.
Listen to a "bad back" warning.
Go to the Kidneys' assistance.
Relieve the Kidney blockade.
Doan's Kidney Pills will do it.
A few doses will prove this.
Prompt action saves trouble.
Dangerous Diabetes.
Fatal Bright's disease.
Are the neglect of earlier Kidney Ills.

## RUSSIAN POLICY IN CHINA

Czar's Instructions Oppose Annexation of Manchuria.

IMPERIAL ORDERS WERE EXPLICIT

**Russian Administration Must Not Be Introduced, He Said, Into Territory Occupied—Life, Honor, Property and Customs of the Natives Must Be Sacred to the Troops.**

I obtained the other day copies of important decrees, issued by the czar of Russia, which go to show that the St. Petersburg government contemplates no departure from the policy of evacuating Manchuria as soon as circumstances permit, writes the New York Herald's Washington correspondent. These decrees, which are in the form of instructions to military and naval commanders, further show that the czar has been strenuous in his orders to avoid looting or ill treatment of the inhabitants of the territory occupied by his troops.

One telegram sent by the minister of war to General Grodekoff, commanding the Russian troops in Manchuria, reads:

"His imperial majesty orders me to send you the following instructions: His majesty's desire is not only that there should be no annexation of Chinese territory to Russia, but, as has been published in the official communication of Sept. 1, that our troops should later be recalled from Manchuria. If there be no hindrance thereto by the course pursued by other powers. In accordance with this imperial decision, you will do all that is possible to bring the military operations in Manchuria to a speedy end.

"At present Russia's principal object is the continuation and completion of the railways we are building. Your efforts must be directed to help this work and guard the workmen. Russian administration must not be introduced in the territory occupied by our troops. You will reassure the population, remove their fears and bring them back to their ordinary occupations in time of peace. See that soldiers commit no violence upon the inhabitants after the last shot of the battle. Life, honor, property and customs of the natives must be sacred to the troops."

The czar had many weeks before wired this order to Admiral Alexieff: "Strictest discipline, irreproachable internal order, respect for the peaceful citizen, compassion for the vanquished, regard for their property, must be enforced by you with an iron hand."

This was followed by these orders to both General Grodekoff and Admiral Alexieff, sent early in August, just after the Russian troops had crossed into Manchuria:

"Circumstances having obliged our troops to cross the frontier into Manchuria, we will soon have quelled the rebellion. Order will be restored equally soon on the Manchuria railroad, and work will be resumed under the protection of our armed forces. But that is not enough. It is absolutely necessary that the peaceful inhabitants of Manchuria should not join the rebels and create the painful necessity of making war upon the whole Chinese nation.

"His imperial majesty therefore directs me to instruct you to take stringent measures, so that the war shall be conducted with the inexorability inherent to all warfare only against Chinese troops and armed citizens. These must be defeated, deprived of their arms and the fortifications destroyed.

"But the peaceful residents, their homesteads and their property must not be touched by our valorous soldiers or by border Cossacks. No unnecessary cruelty or devastation should be allowed. Destruction of cities or villages and burning of farms may be resorted to only in extreme cases as punishment for heavy and bloody crimes. Such measures incense the population against us. Any kind of looting by soldiers or Cossacks must be punished with the utmost severity, including the court martial of offenders. All subsistence provided by the inhabitants shall be paid for in cash.

"Terrible in battle, our soldiers must be in Manchuria as they have always been everywhere and at all times—kind and humane, not only to the peaceful citizen, but also to the conquered foe. The very next day after the battle you must exert yourselves to be on a friendly footing with the inhabitants. So have we always done, with great success, in the Caucasus and in central Asia. In giving you these instructions his imperial majesty is confident that the brave troops under your command will not dim their glory by any kind of cruelty to peaceful, unarmed citizens. The emperor expects that every man will do his best to maintain good and friendly relations."

Information received in an official quarter at Washington is to the effect that the instructions as given above have been carefully observed.

## A PINEAPPLE TRUST.

**Growers of the Fruit to Consolidate in Florida.**

There will soon meet in Tampa, Fla., one of the most interesting gatherings ever held in that city. All the pineapple growers of south Florida will assemble there in a few days. The purpose of the gathering will be to form what will be practically a pineapple growers' trust which will control the product of shredded pineapples in Florida, says the Tampa Tribune. The movement got its first impetus from the organization of the South Florida Pineapple association of St. Petersburg. Seeing the benefits already derived, the organization will be extended to include the owners of every pineapple shed in the state.

The same method of consolidation was effected last year by the fishery interests of the state, and the Florida Fish and Ice company was organized, controlling the catch of those waters. When the pineapple trust is formed, every man who raises a pineapple in the state will ship his product to the central depot of the company in Tampa, and shipments to the markets will be made from that depot exclusively.

**Heavy Fish Caught With Hook.**

The largest fish of the season caught in Florida waters was landed recently by George Wolf, a winter tourist from New York, at Daytona, near Jacksonville. It was a whip ray, measuring 12 feet 10 inches long and 6 feet wide, weighing 900 pounds, says the New York World. It was caught with a hook and landed with the assistance of several men and harpoons.

**A South African Possibility.**

It may turn out, says the New York Tribune, that the only great and memorable military reputation to rise out of the South African war on either side will be that of De Wet, the crown and flower of Free State chivalry and a Roland for any Oliver which the invading empire ever the seas can send against him.

## CULTIVATION OF RUBBER

Fine Field In Guatemala Open to American Enterprise.

IDEAL LAND FOR AGRICULTURISTS

**Consul Nally Says the Guatemala Rubber Lands Are Equal to Any in the World—Native Labor Is Cheap. Manner of Treating Milk of the Trees.**

Owing to the enormous increase in the uses of rubber, such as in electrical work, the manufacture of rubber tires, etc., the American consuls stationed in rubber countries are frequently called upon to report on the rubber cultivation with a view to interesting American capital. The latest report on this subject to the state department at Washington comes from Consul James M. Nally of Guatemala.

The report points out above all the necessity of locating such a plantation on suitable land:

"Some land, while having all the elements required for fruitful production, lacks the fertility necessary for quick growth. The time required for the development depends entirely upon the soil and the advantages of location. Some land will develop the growth of the tree so rapidly that in seven years it will produce milk, while others need from nine to ten years. Land situated near the sea and at its level, having the full benefit of the sea breezes, will produce in much shorter time than land of a higher elevation and further inland. In the cultivation of rubber one must also cultivate patience, for at least seven years are required before any return is made on the investment; however, cocoa, sugar cane, tobacco and other marketable products can be raised at the same time, which will pay expenses for rubber cultivation.

"The rubber lands in Guatemala are equal to any in the world, and with proper care and intelligent cultivation the product will command a price equal to any. The climate, soil and atmosphere of Guatemala are entirely favorable to the cultivation, not only of rubber, cocoa, tobacco, coffee and sugar, but of all vegetables and articles of domestic use. It is, in my judgment, the ideal land for the farmer, who, with the application of modern farm implements, could win a recompense for his labor much beyond that to be obtained in our own country. Two crops a year can be raised, and there is absolutely no limit to the articles of farm production which could be cultivated here.

"Every inquiry received desires data as to the probable cost of rubber production. This is difficult to give, as much depends on the person engaged in the work. However, these points must be considered. The cost of the land, its location, and the quality of the soil; the facility for securing workmen; the means for getting the rubber to the coast or railway, etc. It is estimated that between trees can be planted in one caballeria (about 115 acres), which land can be purchased for about $100 an acre. The labor is cheap, the native workman getting about 6 reals, or 12 cents in United States currency, a day. Small, inexpensive huts must be erected on the plantation for the workmen. Plantains are the food used, and these can be grown in sufficient quantities without any expense whatever. After the trees are planted, very little cost is incurred, unless the planter is raising other marketable products. I know of no enterprise or business requiring as little money as the cultivation of rubber. After the seventh year, each tree can be counted upon to give a product worth at least $1 gold per year, and sometimes $2."

The report then enters into details as to the tapping of the trees. Dealing with the treatment of the milk the report says:

"As to the treatment of the milk when extracted opinions differ. The natives make a canal in the tree and let the milk run into a hole in the ground made particularly for that purpose, which answers as a receptacle. In the process of hardening or solidifying, dirt is taken in, and, of course, the rubber is not pure and is of less value. Some permit the milk to flow into a barrel, and the juice of a vine, quiebra-cajite, is used to solidify. Alum, which has an almost immediate effect on the rubber, is much used. An indirect fire is also used to cause the evaporation of the water in the milk. Another process is to pour the milk into water; the milk hardens immediately and when taken out is in appearance much like a cheese. It should then be placed between a press and the water squeezed out. An American wringer can be used for the purpose. When this is done, the rubber is of a whitish color and is the pure product."

## SUCCESS OF AMERICANS.

**Alfred Harmsworth Tells Where the United States Beats the World.**

In the following editorial, written by Alfred Harmsworth, the millionaire English editor, in the tallest citizen of the New York World, he tells where the United States is ahead of the world:

Americans are not without good grounds for their assertion that the average British traveler who comes to this country is accustomed to grumble all the time at what he sees. They would take less notice of John Bull's criticisms were they aware that the old gentleman regards grumbling as his national privilege. I read the other day in a cable dispatch from London that "the reviews and newspapers are filled with dismal forebodings and croakings on the part of pessimists in regard to the British empire." Out of curiosity I have turned to the British Annual Register for 100 years back and found that John Bull was croaking and whining with equally great vigor at that time.

Not the least of the differences which exist between the people on the two sides of the Atlantic is that you are optimists and we are pessimists. That fact accounts for a great deal of the grumblings by British tourists which are so much resented here. And the United States offers a splendid opportunity to the British grumbler by reason of the circumstance that its faults are on the surface.

There are no secrets in America. The American newspaper is a powerful microscope which magnifies everything and everybody—all that is good and all that is bad—in the country. The American does not shut himself in a big house surrounded by a moat, and that again placed inside a park which in its turn is sheltered by a high wall. You can see him at any time exactly as he is, and he is therefore particularly easy to criticise. It is doubtless for this reason that he comes in for so large a share of censure, advice and admonition.

Now, I propose reversing the order of things for a moment by stating exactly where I think Americans are ahead of most countries I have seen—and I have traveled extensively. On the mere material side, everyday life in the United States is more luxurious than in any other country. You have enjoyed upon the whole a century or two ahead of the world. And I doubt whether we will ever catch up with you. In the great matters of surface transit—surely one of the most important features of modern life—you are leading the universe.

You gave us the Morse telegraph, the telephone, the phonograph, the incandescent lamp, the Maxim gun, the rotary printing press, the linotype typesetting machine, the electric automobile, the typewriter, the bowling machine, the model office building, the Westinghouse brake and motor, and numberless improvements on existing inventions which testify in every land to the force of American genius. You are giving your young people an education which, in my opinion, is altogether more suited to the requirements of the twentieth century than that we provide. Your public school system is the admiration of the world.

Those who are so prone to criticise surface faults in the United States should witness, as I have, the landing at Ellis island of the hordes of illiterate foreigners fresh from the tyranny and misrule of the continental countries, and should remember that Americans stand exposed to the criticisms of the whole world on events and actions largely brought about by these swarms of newly arrived immigrants. The kind of American newspaper that comes to Europe consists chiefly of strike riots and other crimes too frequently committed by this same foreign element. No other people in the world could assimilate and in a single generation make a loan of the kind of human derelict dumped down daily on your shores from Europe. No other people can so readily adapt themselves to the changing kaleidoscope of progress.

**Wilhelmina's Wedding Lunch.**

The marriage lunch of the queen of the Netherlands is on exhibition on the premises of a carriage builder in the Boulevard Haussmann in Paris. It has been sent thither to be refitted, but has already been used by her majesty. We believe on a few state occasions, says the New York Tribune. It is pictured by Ceasar Cotter, Victor Martin, of Guernsey of that. The box, or the basket and the hubs of the wheels are of rich orange; the [illegible] are white broadcloth and the [illegible] say, have eight white [illegible] orange colored trappings. In [illegible] church on her wedding day

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# AUDITOR'S REPORT

## Shows That Marion County Has Sixty Saloons and the City of Marion Forty-One.

## A FEW FIGURES ARE ADDED

**There Is a Saloon for Every 478 Inhabitants of the County. One for Every 289 Citizens of Marion, and One for Every Eighty-Two Votes at the Recent Election.**

Auditor Ilipsher last week made his annual settlement with the state auditor in the matter of the liquor traffic in Marion county. There was collected during the year in assessments, fines and penalties $12,135.95, of which $3,510.62 went to the state treasury for the general revenue fund and $8,191.45 went to the municipal police fund, municipal general revenue fund, and the county poor fund.

During the year sixty-three saloons did business in the county.

Now there are in Marion forty-one saloons. Prospect is the possessor of six places where refreshment is dispensed. LaRue has five, Caledonia has five, at Waldo there are two and Agosta has but one.

Marion with a population of 11,862 has forty-one saloons. In other words a saloon to every 289 of its inhabitants. In the county with a population of 28,678 there are sixty saloons, or one to every 478 inhabitants.

At the recent election 3,353 votes were cast in the eleven precincts of this city. With this as a basis for figuring it will be seen that there is a saloon for every eighty-two voters in the city.

## MRS. NANCY HARVEY

**Dies at Her Home in Bucyrus Sunday Evening.**

In the autumn of life Mrs. Nancy Harvey died at her home on south Walnut street at 6:30 o'clock Sunday evening, in the eighty-third year of her age. About three weeks ago Mrs. Harvey fell and broke her shoulder, and while still confined in her bed she was stricken with pneumonia, and in her weak condition the malady proved fatal, her illness of pneumonia being of only three days duration.

Mrs. Harvey was the widow of John Harvey, who died twenty-one years ago. Her maiden name was Nancy Price, and she was born February 24, 1818, in Pennsylvania. She was married to John Harvey May 22, 1840, ten children being born to this union, of whom four are living. They are Thos. Harvey of Marion county, Mrs. Elizabeth Bryant and Mrs. Martha Hellesman of this city and George Harvey of Nevada.

The funeral service will be held on Tuesday afternoon, the hour to be decided later. Interment will be in Oakwood cemetery.—Bucyrus Telegraph.

## PRENDERGAST PEOPLE

**Elect a Board of Directors Monday Evening—Board Organizes.**

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Prendergast Lumber & Coal company was held Monday evening and the following board of directors was elected:

E. Huber, C. W. King, C. W. Leffler, J. A. Schroeter, O. Wollenweber, F. A. Huber and J. F. Prendergast.

The board organized by electing the following:

J. F. Prendergast, president and treasurer; C. W. King, vice president; O. Wollenweber, secretary.

The business of the past year was quite satisfactory.

## YOUNG GIRL

**Is Arrested and Taken Before the Probate Court.**

Nellie May Coffey, a thirteen-year-old girl, was before Probate Judge Burke Tuesday on a charge of being incorrigible. The warrant for her arrest was sworn out before the probate judge by her brother Monday afternoon, and was served on the young lady, Monday evening. Her folks insist that they can do nothing with her, and that she is steadily going to the bad. They therefore wanted her sent to the girls' industrial school at Delaware.

The court decided to send her to Delaware.

## MARION LODGE,

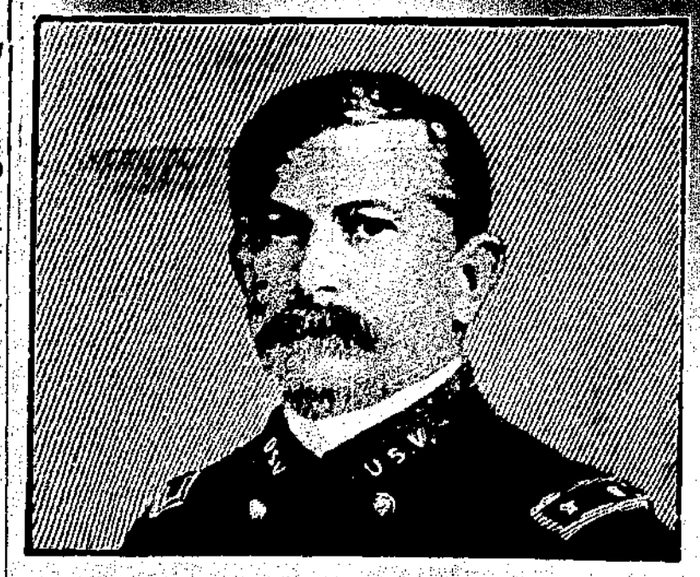
**No. 402, Knights of Pythias, Installs Its New Officers.**

The recently elected officers of Marion Lodge, No. 402, Knights of Pythias, were installed Wednesday evening, C. B. Jenkins, district deputy, acting as installing officer. The following are the officers installed: A. J. Myers, chancellor commander; J. R. Curtis, vice chancellor; S. H. DeLong, prelate; C. E. Wiley, master of finance; W. G. Lucas, keeper of records and seal; Howard Bolander, master-at-arms; R. M. Irey, inner guard, and Bert Spraig, outer guard.

Columbus—The vote of Ohio has been cast for Wm. McKinley and Theodore Roosevelt for president and vice president. With much show of dignity the Ohio electoral college met Monday and each member, as the roll was called, sent up a fancy ballot on cardboard, decorated with a bow of blue ribbon. Ballots for president and vice president were separate.

## ALL EYES ON HIM INAUGURATION DAY.

Fight for Leadership of the Line Ends in Choice of General F. V. Greene.



General Francis V. Greene will be the most prominent figure in the parade at Washington on Inauguration Day. General Greene, who worked hard in the campaign that resulted in McKinley's re-election, has accepted the post of honor in the parade and the entire responsibility for the success or failure of the national procession to the scene of the inauguration ceremonies will rest on his shoulders.

## SNEAK THIEVES

**Are Getting In Their Work in the Village of Laltue.**

Laltue, Jan. 12.—Messrs. C. H. Sutton and A. A. Sears were at Green Camp Tuesday.

W. F. Knittin was at Marion on business Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dr. Sifritt were at Marion, calling on friends, Tuesday.

Roy Moore, inspector of the Laltue Telephone company's plant, is at Cochranton this week, putting in several new phones at that place.

Mrs. C. M. Stahl and friend, Mrs. Kink of Kenton, were at Marion Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Virden visited near Cochranton Wednesday.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Lee is seriously ill of croup.

Miss Bertha Trapp of Marion is home this week, staying with her mother, who has been seriously ill for the past three weeks.

Miss Maude Williams has returned to her home west of Laltue, after a week's visit with relatives in Marion.

Mr. Wilbur Wolary returned to his home in Clarksville Thursday after a week's visit at the Taylor home.

Mrs. John Myers is quite sick of the grip at her home west of town.

The Rebekahs installed their officers at their lodge room Tuesday evening.

A party of young people was charmingly entertained at Mr. A. B. Bell's home on Vine street Wednesday evening.

Mrs. Huffman of Green Camp is visiting her daughter, Mrs. John Myers, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Wycoff and family of Hicksville were the guests of Mrs. Wycoff's sister, Mrs. Dave Bent, several days last week.

The F. B. Sunday-school elected its officers for the year Sunday as follows: S. R. Riley, superintendent; Mrs. J. A. Sutton, treasurer; Miss Mame Miller, secretary; Miss Elsie Bell, chorister, and Miss Susie Anderson, organist.

Mr. and Mrs. John Walters were at Richwood last week.

Thieves are surely getting in pretty good work in this village, as Mr. J. A. Terry had some oysters taken from his store, and Mr. W. F. Holliday had several gallons of coniolt stolen from his grocery.

Mrs. Charles Virden and baby are quite sick of the grip.

Mrs. E. E. Smith of Belle Center is here visiting her brother-in-law and family at the Smith restaurant.

Miss Josie Worley, after a week's visit with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Stephen New, has returned to her home at Marion.

John Wies's child, north of town, is sick with scarlet fever.

Miss Natella Norris of Richwood is spending the week with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Norris.

Mrs. Sifritt entertained a few of her friends at her home on Vine street Monday evening.

Clark Newcomb of Fostoria is visiting Rev. Mr. Newcomb and family.

Mrs. Eva Tussing of Kenton has returned to her home at that place after a week's visit with her cousin, Mrs. Ruth Thew.

Mrs. James Cramer and daughter went to Mt. Victory Friday to visit with her parents.

Little Nita Heyboek is quite sick of the grip.

Mr. Cass Bell, accompanied by his niece, Miss Kearsey of Marion, returned to his home at Webb City, Missouri, Tuesday morning.

The small son of Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Hafer is threatened with lung fever.

Mr. and Mrs. Norris are at Hepburn this week, visiting friends.

## HELD MONDAY

**Are Annual Meetings of Two of Marion's Prosperous Concerns.**

The past year has been a successful one for the Norris & Christian Lime and Stone company. The annual meeting was held Monday, and all of the old directors were re-elected, and the same officers chosen for another year.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Lime Stone City Real Estate company was held Monday, George B. Christian, C. H. Norris, H. True, George H. Copeland and George B. Christian, Jr., were elected on the board of directors, which organized by electing G. B. Christian, president; C. H. Norris, vice president; H. True, treasurer and G. B. Christian, Jr., secretary.

## MARION DIVISION,

**Ancient Order of Hibernians, Holds a Meeting Monday Night.**

The members of Marion Division, No. 1, Ancient Order of Hibernians held an interesting meting Monday evening. The regular routine business occupied the most of the evening. The annual dance was discussed and a number of other matters transacted. A committee of five was appointed to represent the Hibernians in the federation of Catholic societies of the city. The committee is composed of Thomas Burke, Dennis O'Keefe, James Donavin, R. M. Norris and James Cusic.

## GOLDEN EAGLE.

**It Is Expected That the Order Will Have a Fine Lodge in Marion.**

Fifty men met at Foresters' hall Monday night and made a temporary organization by electing John Stone, president; Llewellyn Hickman, secretary and Joseph Bateman treasurer, for he Order of the Golden Eagle.

Sunday afternoon there will be a meeting which will be addressed by Grand Lodge representatives from Cleveland and Springfield.

The lodge expects to have a charter list of an hundred.

**An Infant's Death.**

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Anthony McAndrew died at their home on Quarry street Sunday. The child was but five days of age.

The funeral took place from the house Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.


# Nerve Influence

Is the subtle force which controls the different organs of the body. It makes them strong or weak, healthy or diseased, according as the brain and nerves are strong and vigorous or weak and diseased. Weak nerves cause headache, nervousness, neuralgia, indigestion, heart trouble and many other forms of chronic weakness. Make the nerves strong, the brain clear and active and the body will be healthy and vigorous.

"I was taken with a peculiar ailment that affected my head and my nerves were all unstrung. I was very nervous, could not sleep and my mind was all confused. I doctored for several weeks without getting better and then began taking Dr. Miles' Nervine. The first bottle relieved me so much that I kept on, and when I had used seven bottles I was well."
Mrs. C. Schroeder, Metropolis, Ills.

# Dr. Miles' Nervine

soothes and rests the tired brain, strengthens the nerves and supplies the nerve influence that is so necessary to build up health of body and vigor of mind. Try it.

Sold by druggists on guarantee. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.


## BUCKEYE OFFICIALS TAKE THEIR OFFICES

Columbus, O., Jan. 15.—The state canvassing board composed of Governor Nash and Secretary of State Kinney, met Monday morning and officially declared the result of the November election for secretary of state, in the presence of Supreme Judges Minshall and Davis.

Following this formality, Lewis C. Laylin of Norwalk, was inducted into office as secretary of state to succeed Chas. Kinney. With Kinney there retired his chief clerk, Howard D. Mannington, and all of his office force except Stenographer Benton Morrow of Highland county, Corporation Clerk Calvin Reynolds of Lawrence and Chas. R. Brewer of Wood, who were retained.

With Laylin the following new men took offices under him: Chief clerk, Judge James I. Alread, Darke county; statistician, James A. Newkirk, Wayne; assistant, Leslie Smith, Cuyahoga; assistant corporation clerk, H. W. Fellman, Franklin; proof reading clerk, Frank M. Lasley, Jackson; stationery clerk, J. Frank Deemer, Columbiana; superintendent of bookroom, W. M. McCartney, Ashtabula; shipping clerk, Henry Bohl, Washington; messenger, John R. Wheatley, Franklin.

## MORE ROOM

**Is Needed by the McMurray Sulky Company.**

The McMurray Sulky company's business in the foreign fields is opening up with a rush this season. Last week the company sent an order to Hamburg, Germany. Monday an order was received from St. Petersburg, Russia.

An addition will be made to the plant this season. The new structure will be at the rear of the office and will reach to the alley. This is not to be used as a storage-room, but for manufacturing purposes. It will be two stories in height.

## COLONEL RAPP

**Has Made His Appointment of Inspectors of Companies.**

One of the duties of W. C. Rapp, as colonel of the Ninth Ohio, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, is to appoint an inspector for each company in his regiment. These appointments, however, must first be confirmed by Brigadier General Mitchell of Cleveland. Mr. Rapp has already forwarded his recommendations to his superior officer at Cleveland, and expects their confirmation within a few days.


**It Renews and Builds Up.**

Windsor, Ont., Jan. 14, 1900.

I make the following statement for the benefit of all persons who are suffering from impure blood: That I have used Dr. C. D. Warner's Compound of Seven Cures, the great blood remedy, and I know of no better remedy for toning up the system and giving renewal of life and health.

C. Quallin,
Provincial Game and Fish warden.
For sale by W. B. Foye.


**Judge Wing the Man.**

Columbus, O., Jan. 12.—President McKinley has offered the additional United States judgeship in Northern Ohio to Judge Francis J. Wing of Cleveland and he has accepted. This information comes from the long distance telephone direct from the white house. The appointment will be officially announced in a few days.

**Marriage at Green Camp.**

Mr. James Carr and Miss Minnie Northup were married Saturday by Rev. Levi Davis of Green Camp. Mr. Carr is a farmer residing near Green Camp. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Carr. Mrs. Carr is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Northup.

**At Sheriff's Sale.**

The one-half acre of land involved in the matter of Wm. J. Campbell against Frank Rizor, and others, was sold to Frank and Anna Schrote Saturday at sheriff's sale for $520. The land is in Bowling Green township.

**Green Camp Odd Fellows.**

There will be a called meeting of Green Camp Lodge, No. 644, I. O. O. F. at Green Camp Thursday evening, January 24, 1901, at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of installing officers for the ensuing year.

**Mr. Dee Retires.**

D. Charles Dee retired from the clerk's office Saturday night and in the future will devote his entire attention to his insurance business. His service as deputy clerk was most satisfactory.

Mrs. Wilhelmina Fries of south Prospect street met with a painful accident Monday afternoon. While sewing she ran a needle in the first finger of her right hand. The needle pierced the flesh to the bone. Dr. J. G. Seiter was called, and extracted the sharp point after much difficulty. It had entered the flesh in such a manner that it was next to impossible to remove it.

**A Cautious Answer.**

"Where is Josiar?" asked Mrs. Cornstossel uneasily.

"Well," answered her husband as he proceeded to fill his pipe, "I won't say fur certain. If the ice is as streng as he thinks it is, he's gone skatin, an if it ain't he's gone swimmin."—Washington Star.

**What Things Are Coming To.**

"Thomas Tibbs is in a receiver's hands."

"What broke him up?"

"Oh, the tip system got started in his office, and he had to pay extra for every bit of work his clerks did."—Exchange.


100 PILLS 25c

# LIVERITA
THE UP-TO-DATE
# LITTLE LIVER PILL

100 PILLS 25c

LIVERITA for SICK HEADACHE
LIVERITA for DYSPEPSIA
LIVERITA for FLATULENCE
LIVERITA for HEARTBURN
LIVERITA for PAIN AFTER EATING
LIVERITA for WANT OF APPETITE
LIVERITA for ACIDITY OF STOMACH
LIVERITA for NAUSEA
LIVERITA for SOUR STOMACH
LIVERITA for SLOW DIGESTION
LIVERITA for FULLNESS
LIVERITA for FOUL BREATH
LIVERITA for BAD TASTE IN MOUTH
LIVERITA for COATED TONGUE

$500 REWARD

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-to-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. Nervita Medical Co., Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill.

LIVERITA for BILIOUSNESS
LIVERITA for SALLOW FACE
LIVERITA for TORPID LIVER
LIVERITA for CONSTIPATION
LIVERITA for SLUGGISH BOWELS
LIVERITA for PILES
LIVERITA for BLOTCHES & PIMPLES
LIVERITA for MUDDY COMPLEXION
LIVERITA for JAUNDICE
LIVERITA for INSOMNIA
LIVERITA for BAD BLOOD
LIVERITA for KIDNEY COMPLAINTS
LIVERITA for BEAUTIFYING THE COMPLEXION
LIVERITA for WOMEN and CHILDREN

40 PILLS 10c

# LIVERITA
THE UP-TO-DATE
# Little LIVER Pill

15 PILLS 5c

NERVITA MEDICAL CO., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale by the Dumble Pharmacy, North Main Street.


**Petition for Divorce.**

Mrs. Cinda Stofer has filed a petition in the Tuscarawas county common pleas court against her husband, Frank Stofer, asking for a divorce on the grounds of gross neglect of duty and abandonment. The summons was sent here Monday for service on the defendant, who is the day clerk at the Reber House.

Messrs. C. T. and C. G. Wiant are anxious to construct a brick business block on their west Center street property this season. If a desirable tenant can be secured, the block will be erected during the coming season.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All Work Carefully Performed.

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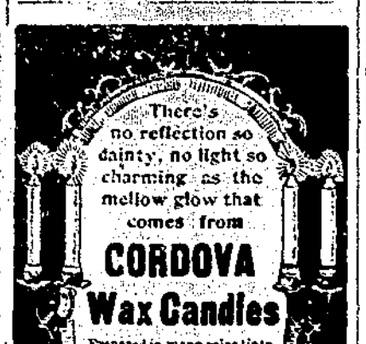
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no reflection so
dainty, no light so
charming as the
mellow glow that
comes from
CORDOVA
Wax Candles
Prepared in many color tints to harmonize with surroundings in dining room, drawing room, bed room or hall. Sold everywhere. Made by
STANDARD
OIL CO.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

# Dr. H. Lester Kutchin

EX-U. S. EXAMINING SURGEON,

Late of Chicago, Greatest Living Specialist for the Treatment and Cure of all Long-Standing and Difficult Chronic Diseases and Diseases of the Blood and Nervous System. Consulting Surgeon at Maplewood Sanitarium.

Will, by special request, meet his many patients in this county every month for the next year, and examine all afflicted free. Ohio office, Columbus, O.

DR. H. LESTER KUTCHIN.

The noted Authority on Medical Lecturer, and greatest living Specialist for the Treatment and Cure of difficult Chronic Diseases, has consented to visit this County and meet his many patients and friends, and give ALL AFFLICTED an opportunity to consult him Free of Charge and secure the latest and best treatment for such diseases as the regular family physician is not prepared to treat.

Dr. Kutchin will visit this County every month, thus saving his patients the trouble and expense of visiting the city. And he is the only physician in this County who carries his own Diagrams to illustrate and make plain to all afflicted the cause and nature of their disease. He promptly visits his town every four weeks and will so continue as long as God spares him to the afflicted.

CHRONIC DISEASES.

The Doctor treats no acute diseases, but makes a specialty of chronic and long-standing diseases. Cases given up by other doctors and pronounced incurable, he most desires to see. Dr. Kutchin, after 12 years' practice in Ohio in the last two years, many of which had been given up as incurable, some to be Blind, others Deaf, and a large Number to be Invalids for Life. Now they See and Hear, and many are on the high road to Health. Medical Colleges, Hospitals, Dispensaries, Eye, Ear, Lung and other Medical and Surgical Institutions, traveling thousands of miles, both by land and sea; expending thousands of dollars in importing every advantage within his command, and devoting the best years of his life to become thoroughly familiar with his profession in all its branches.

EXAMINATIONS FREE TO ALL.

Whenever it is known that Dr. Kutchin is stopping at a place, crowds gather to consult him, and it is not to be wondered at when it is remembered that in diagnosing disease he never asks a question, but describes the different diseases better than the sick can themselves. It is a wonderful gift for anyone to possess, and Dr. Kutchin's diagnostic powers have created wonder throughout the country.

He adopted the following plan, which is peculiar to the large hospitals, and is not and never has been the practice of country doctors, viz.: he carefully notes the symptoms of the patient, and ascertains the condition of the internal organs, all of which he carefully records in his register for future reference. In this way he ascertains the true nature of the disease and its cause. When sick people consult him he readily tells them whether he can cure or help them, or whether they are beyond hope.

HIS IMPROVED METHODS OF TREATMENT

Are mild and pleasant; acting perfectly with the most delicate Lady or Child; do not produce nausea; can be used while at work, and give the greatest possible benefit in the shortest possible time. Patients can consult him or communicate with him as often as they choose, during the whole time required for the cure, without regard to where they may be, and without extra charge, thus rendering the treatment as successful and satisfactory as though they were living next door to each other.

MANHOOD PERFECTLY RESTORED.

Quick, painless and certain cure for Impotency, Lost Manhood, Spermatorrhea, Losses, Weakness and Nervous Debility, also for Prostatitis, Varicocele, and all private diseases, whether from imprudence, habits of youth or sexual excesses in mature years, having caused that debilitates the sexual functions, speedily and permanently cured. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Absolute cures guaranteed in curable cases. No risk incurred.

DISEASES OF WOMEN.

Such as has baffled the skill of other physicians and remedies. Dr. Kutchin quickly cures. Cancers, Tumors, Blood and Polypoid Growths cured without the use of the knife. No cutting, no pain, no danger.

A LIFE OF EXPERIENCE.

The Doctor has had a whole life of study and experience in his profession, and enjoys advantages which fall to the lot of but few. After attending his full Course in the Medical Colleges, and graduating with the highest honors, he was not content to stop there, but has since attended other Colleges, and several times reviewed the whole profession; has also traveled extensively for the purpose of improvement, having visited the best Medical Colleges, Hospitals, Dispensaries, Eye, Ear, Lung and other Medical and Surgical Institutions, traveling thousands of miles, both by land and sea; expending thousands of dollars in importing every advantage within his command, and devoting the best years of his life to become thoroughly familiar with his profession in all its branches.

Latest Discoveries and Improvements.

Dr. Kutchin has received the most approved instruction in Analytical and Microscopical Examinations of the Blood, Urine, etc., which are now considered indispensable to a correct diagnosis in many diseases. There are many diseases which physicians in common practice do not usually treat, and are, therefore, seldom prepared with necessary and costly outfit to examine correctly, or treat with success such cases. The doctor would do well to call at once and learn their true condition, and whether the doors of Hope are yet open, or forever closed against them.

FACTS FOR MEN OF ALL AGES.

By reason of false modesty the youth of our land are kept in ignorance of the ruinous results which certain solitary indiscreet practices produce. These vices when persisted in eventually undermine the constitution, inducing nervous debility, and premature decay. Dr. Kutchin has for many years enjoyed the distinction of being the most successful and celebrated specialist for the treatment and cure of these affections. You may consult him with complete confidence. Of all the maladies that afflict mankind there is possibly none about which physicians in general practice know so little.

DELAY IS DANGEROUS.

Many diseases are so deceptive that hundreds of persons have them before they even suspect it. They know they are not well; but are perfectly ignorant of the deadly taints which are fastening upon them, and most, sooner or later, certainly destroy them, unless rescued by a skilful hand. Are you afflicted? Your case may now be perfectly curable, but Remember, every moment of neglect brings you nearer its incurable stages, when, perhaps, the most skilful physician can render you no assistance. The present is ours, the future may be Too Late.

Epilepsy or Fits scientifically treated and cured by a never-failing method.

Free Examination of the Urine—Each person applying for medical treatment should send or bring two ounces of urine, which will receive a careful chemical and microscopical examination.

Persons unskillfully treated by ignorant pretenders who keep trifling with them month after month, giving poisonous and injurious compounds, should call and see the Doctor.

Cases and correspondence confidential. Treatment sent C. O. D. to any part of the United States. Correspondence with invalids solicited. All letters with stamps inclosed answered free. Call and be examined and at least learn the cause of your disease, and if it can be cured. Tape Worms removed in from three to five hours without starvation. The remedies for the whole course of treatment are furnished from the Office or at the Institute, all at once or by the month.

CONSULTATION, EXAMINATION AND ADVICE FREE TO ALL AT THE

*New Reber House, Marion, O., on Wednesday, Jan. 30; Office Hours from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m., 1901.*

MARION WEEKLY STAR $1.00 MARION WEEKLY STAR


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About 500 acres of choice, well-tiled land five miles west of Marion, as a whole or in lots to suit purchaser.

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PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

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Diseases and Surgery of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat. Especial attention given to fitting of Spectacles.

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Dr. F. M. Baldwin,

Has located in Marion with offices at 218 West Center street. He will answer all professional calls promptly, day or night. Office hours 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m. and 6 to 8 p. m. Phone No. 1331.



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G. H. MASTERS, M. D.,

PROSPECT, OHIO.

Rectal specialist, late of New York Polyclinic, has removed his office to Snell House parlors, No. 229 east Church street, Marion, Ohio, where he will be found during the summer, WEDNESDAY of each week, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. Will guarantee a cure of all rectal diseases, viz: Hemorrhoids, or piles), fissures, fistula ulcer prolapse cancer or malignant diseases of every character.



STEEVES & PASTERS,

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Dr. M. C. Steeves, graduate of Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, with years of experience and observation. Dr. W. F. Pasters, graduate of Dental department of The Ohio Medical University, with all the modern ideas pertaining to dental science.



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Issue bonds to administrators, guardians, officials, contractors and all others requiring surety bonds.

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Cash Capital - - - - $250,000.00.

Invites deposit. Liberal treatment of customers in all departments of banking within the limits of safety. Mortgages and long time paper bought. Foreign drafts bought and sold. Drafts issued on all parts of the world.

Deposit vaults for valuable papers free to customers.

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J. N. HOYT,

—THE—

MARION OPTICIAN,

At residence and Office, 319 South Main Street,

Mondays Only.


# IN COMMON PLEAS

## Answer and Cross-Petition Is Filed in the Matter of Cramer Against Keller.

### A COUNTER-CLAIN IS ALSO SET UP

**Very Long Proceeding To Get a Very Small Amount of Money—Two Criminal Transcripts from the Court of Justice Fredericks—Grand Jury To Convene Next Week.**

In the matter of Elmer E. Cramer against Charles F. Keller, the defendant, by Copeland & Bartram, his attorneys, Monday filed in common pleas court an answer and cross-petition, denying all the allegations of the plaintiff's petition, and setting up a counter claim of $63.53, for which he asks judgment against the plaintiff.

J. E. Sexton, by Charles N. Conley, his attorney, Monday filed in common pleas court a petition against Frank C. Edsell, Mary Edsell, the Fahey Banking company, J. W. Miller, J. A. Crawley and Edward Huber, alleging that Edsell owes the plaintiff on a house builded by him, $25.75 for which amount the plaintiff has a mechanic's lien against the house and for which he asks judgment. It is asked that the other defendants be required to set up their interest and the customary foreclosure proceedings be taken.

Two transcripts in criminal matters from the court of Squire J. W. Fredericks of Bowling Green township were Monday filed in common pleas court. They are against Tude Rim and Bert Rizor for disturbing a religious service at a church in that vicinity several days ago.

The grand jury convenes next Monday. It will have quite a number of criminal matters to investigate.

In the matter of John C. Johnston against G. Washburn, and others, Olive Hinklin, by Copeland & Bartram, her attorneys, Friday filed in common pleas court an answer and cross-petition to the plaintiff's petition, admitting almost all the allegations contained therein, save as to the amount of her interest in the property. She alleges that she has an ¼ part instead of a 1-6 part. Darius Washburn filed an answer in the same matter, stating that he has a ⅓ interest instead of 1-6 undivided interest in the property.

## WELL KNOWN HERE

**Is the Bride of a Wedding Celebrated at Columbus.**

A very beautiful home wedding was solemnized Wednesday evening, at 5 o'clock, at the home of the bride's parents, General and Mrs. Beatty, of Lexington avenue, when Mr. Albert Green Joyce and Miss Lucy Beatty were united in marriage. The impressive ceremony of the Catholic church was performed by the Rt. Rev. Bishop Moeller. The house was handsomely decorated throughout. The wedding ceremony was performed in the drawing room under a canopy of palms.

The bride was beautiful in her wedding gown of white panne crepe over silk with tulle veil. She carried a shower bouquet of bride's roses and lilies of the valley.

Miss Helen Henderson was maid of honor and Mr. Will Joyce best man.

Miss Henderson wore a pretty gown of white embroidered chiffon and carried pink roses.

A wedding supper was served after the ceremony. The bride's table was artistically dainty in white and those who sat down to it were: Mr. and Mrs. Albert Joyce, Miss Henderson, Miss O'Brien, Miss Brent, Mr. Will Joyce, Mr. George Butler and Mr. Lincoln Kilbourne.—Ohio State Journal.

Mrs. Joyce is a sister of Mrs. W. C. Denman, and is quite well known in this city.

## MR. J. W. HEADLEY

**Is for the Eleventh Time Elected a Sunday-School Superintendent.**

At the annual election of officers of the Christian Sunday-school, Sunday forenoon, Mr. John W. Headley was elected superintendent for the eleventh year. During Mr. Headley's administration he has witnessed the membership of the school more than double itself, and it has been greatly through his efforts, although he has always had the able assistance of other hard-working officers. The other officers elected are as follows:

Charles Anthony, assistant superintendent; Miss Carrie Krause, secretary; William Young, assistant secretary; Mrs. Julia Hudson, treasurer; W. B. Camp, chorister; Miss Mamie Layman, assistant chorister; Miss Carrie Uncapher, organist; Miss Lulu Scholl, assistant organist.

## ADVERTISED LETTERS

**Remaining in the Local Postoffice at This Date.**

The following letters remain uncalled for at the postoffice:

Cope, Chas.; Collins, M. F.; Cuthbert, F. T.; Edwards, T. F.; Fetter, Hen.; Gallimore, Mr. Lirie; Kirts, Mrs. Ruth A., 1 package; Leanerton, W. M.; Mansbarger, Jake; Miller, Ben; Miller, C. F.; Mayer, H. H.; Springer, H. L.; Silver, J. (2); Straw, John Harrison; Vaughn, W. W.; Wilbur, H. A.; Boydston, Margery; Friend, Mrs. Sarah; Johnston, Mrs. J. H.; Norsock, Mrs. Erna; Rider, Ada; Ward, Hazel.

E. B. Fisher, P. M.

## LITTLE VIRGINIA.

**Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wollenweber, Dies Friday Evening.**

Virginia, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Oswald Wollenweber of Greenwood street, died Friday evening at 8 o'clock. The little one has been ill for the past three or four days, and suffered an attack of measles and severe congestion of the lungs. The attack was so light, however, that the fond parents did not realize that their child was suffering from the disease until Friday. Virginia in the five months of her life endeared herself not only to her parents, but also to all who knew her. In their bereavement, her parents have the sympathy of their many loving friends.

The funeral took place from the house Sunday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock.

## A REPORT

**To the National Board of Health by Mr. Raffensperger.**

Dr. E. H. Raffensperger has submitted his annual report to the national health department at Washington. The total number of deaths in the city from all causes during the year is 152. The report of contagious diseases is as follows: Consumption, 13 deaths; smallpox, two cases and no deaths; typhoid fever, twenty-one cases and four deaths; measles, twenty-five cases and no deaths; scarlet fever, forty-two cases and no deaths; diphtheria, twelve cases and one death.

## ANNUAL MEETING

**Is Held by Implement Stockholders. The Directors Organize.**

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Marion Implement company was held Thursday evening. It was decided to increase the capital stock from $25,000 to $50,000. The following directors were elected:

E. Huber, H. B. Hane, H. W. Culbertson, S. Wilson, H. A. Martin, J. A. Schroeter and R. H. Martin.

The directory organized by making E. Huber, president; H. B. Hane, vice president; H. A. Martin, secretary and general manager.

# ESCAPE IS NARROW

## Mr. and Mrs. Ira Anderson Are Found Unconscious in Their Home Sunday Morning

### OVERCOME BY ESCAPING GAS

**A Noise Made by Their Horse Causes a Neighbor To Go Toward Their Barn, When He Discovers Their Dangerous Plight—A Marriage and a Death.**

LaRue, Jan. 13.—Sunday morning about 8 o'clock George Long, who resides on School street had his attention called to the horse of Ira Anderson making a loud noise in the barn. He went to see, and in going by the house, he heard a noise as of a person breathing heavily. Unable to gain admittance, he broke in the door, when to his surprise and horror, he discovered Mr. and Mrs. Anderson, one lying on the floor of one room, the other lying across the table of another room and both unconscious from escaping gas from the base burner stove. Air was instantly admitted, and Dr. Shira hastily summoned. The latter declared that ten minutes longer without discovery and death to both would have ensued from asphyxiation.

Saturday evening at 8 o'clock, Rev. J. A. Sutton married at his residence, Mr. Edwin L. Hall and Miss Rebecca Hardin. Mr. and Mrs. Hall will reside at Kenton.

The little child of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Bartram died at their home two miles this side of Upper Sandusky, of yellow jaundice.

The remains will be brought back and funeral services will be conducted by Rev. J. A. Sutton at the Christian church five miles north of town and interment will take place in the new cemetery north of town.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. Price 25 cents.

## MR. JOHN KLINGLE

**Dies at His Home in Richland Township Saturday Night.**

Mr. John Klingle, one of the best known musicians in the county, died at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Adam Klingle of Richland township Saturday night at about 8 o'clock. Mr. Klingle has been in bad health for some time, but a week ago was obliged to take his bed, suffering from an attack of typhoid fever, which caused his death.

The deceased was twenty-nine years of age and was well known in this city. He spent much time in Marion studying his profession and also took a course in music at Ada.

During the past few years Mr. Klingle has devoted all of his time to the teaching of music, and met with success in this line. He has participated in several musical events in this city, and was in the chorus of both of the mid-summer musical festivals given by the Epworth M. E. church in 1895 and 1896.

Mr. Klingle was not married. His father, mother and several brothers and sisters are left to mourn his death.

The funeral cortege left the house Tuesday morning at 9 o'clock, and the funeral took place from the Zion German M. E. church in Richland township at 10 o'clock.

## ANNUAL ELECTION

**Is Held by the Members of the County Agricultural Society.**

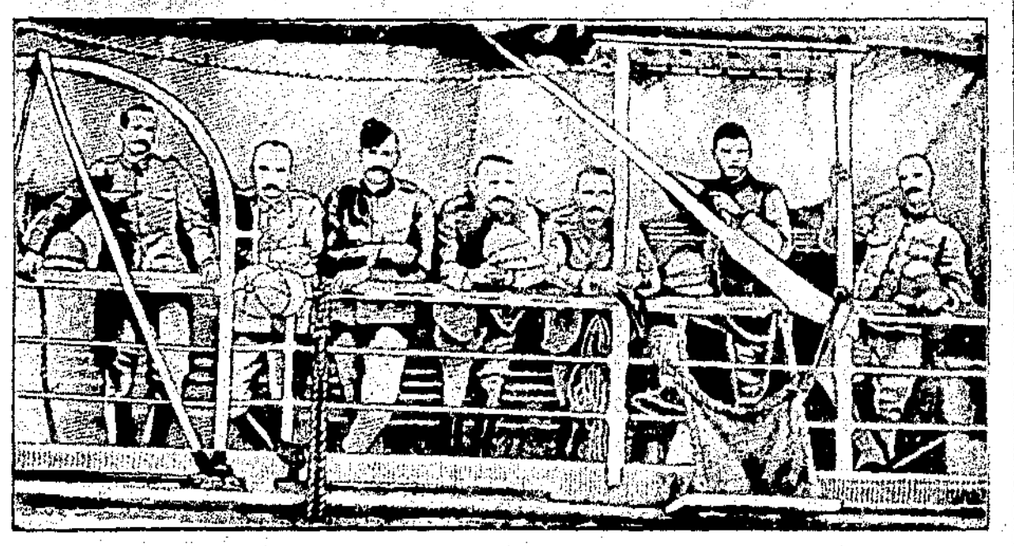
The annual election of the board of directors of the Marion County Agricultural society was held Saturday. The men who were nominated for the places a week ago were elected without a dissenting vote. They are as follows:

W. C. Rapp, Marion township; David Retterer, Pleasant; W. L. Morral, Montgomery; H. W. Cookston, Big Island; H. K. Foos, Claridon; August Goerlich, Richland; Ira Kellar, Prospect; Wm. Stark, Waldo.

One day last week Secretary Waddell received a retainer from Vicksburg, Mississippi, sent by a man who always has a privilege here and wants it again this year.

## BOER INVASION AND TO REPRESS REVOLT.

First Look of English Officers at the Scene of Coming Conflict.



Each steamer arriving at Cape Town from England brings fresh contingents of soldiers to recruit the ranks of the British forces battling against the Boers. Keen interest is felt by all in their first view of the band in which their metal is to be so severely tried, and in which an unknown fate awaits them.

## HARRY SCHULTZ

**Dies at His Home in Village of Agosta Monday Morning.**

Harry Schultz, a well known merchant of Agosta, died last Monday at 3 o'clock. He suffered an attack of typhoid fever, and for several days his death has been hourly expected. Yet when the final end came, it caused a great shock to the friends, who watched by the bedside.

The deceased was twenty-eight years of age, and a young man of sterling integrity. In business and social life he made warm friends, and had just reached that stage where he was meeting success, and when all that life holds was most dear to him.

Mr. Schultz was married, but left no children. Besides his wife, his parents and brothers and sisters are left to mourn his demise. Frank J. Schultz and William Schultz of this city are brothers of the deceased.

## WILLIAM SAXTON

**Returns to Marion After an Absence of Twelve Years.**

Twelve years ago Wm. Saxton left his home in this city and was not heard of till Saturday, when he appeared at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Saxton of West Marion. Saxton has been farming near Peoria, Illinois, since he left here, and has married.

**A Case of Salt Rheum and Scald Head Both Cured.**

Windsor, Ont., Jan. 10, 1900.
198 Windsor Ave.

Dr. C. D. Warner: I have used your Compound of Seven Cures for a bad case of salt rheum. I used eight bottles. The disease has entirely disappeared. I also used it for my little girl, aged ten years, for scald head, and six bottles of Seven Cures cured her. Her hair is growing beautifully again.

Yours very truly,
T. Brown.

For sale by W. B. Foye.

## KOSCIUSKO LODGE

**Will Go to Green Camp and Confer a Degree.**

At a regular meeting of Kosciusko Lodge, No. 58, I. O. O. F., Monday evening, an invitation to do the degree work at a meeting of the Green Camp lodge next Saturday night was accepted. There will be quite a number from here go down. After the degree work the Green Camp lodge will banquet the visitors.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Minyon of Pennsylvania avenue Monday morning.


HOWLUP FOOT FORMS.

Watch Our Window For Shoe Bargains.

L. C. Bowlus & Co.

Phone 2102.


Robinson's catarrh remedy is sold by Hoberman & Sharpless, Marion, Uhler and Long's drug store at Richwood. Try it. 18-wk-1y-c

FOR SALE Stallions, French Shires and Coach. Call on Jud. Davids, Prospect, Marion county, O. 31-wk-tf

FOR SALE—Two good four-year-old milch cows, one milking now, the other fresh soon, both large cows. See O. E. Geddis, ¾ mile east of Marion, on Caledonia road. 33-t-2-wk-1-p

LAND FOR SALE—42 acres on Fairground street, part in corporation. Also 7 acres on Mark street; will sell whole or in tracts. W. B. Peters, east Center street. Telephone 1411. 32-d&wk-tf

MONEY TO LOAN AT FIVE PER Cent—On first mortgage farm security, in Marion county. Make application at office of Crisinger & Guthery, attorneys at law, 101½ north Main street, Marion, Ohio. 22-wk-t-27

WANTED—A competent mechanic to establish an iron bed factory at Knoxville, Tennessee. Address H. O. Nelson, Knoxville, Tennessee. 32-wk-t-3-p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THE MANHATTAN.



NOW

That another Christmas is past and another new year and a new century are here, we simply wish to say to you that it will be our aim in the coming year and century to continue to make our store the mecca for seekers of real values. The liberal patronage accorded us in the past is sufficient evidence of your appreciation of our efforts.

YOURS WITH OUR BEST WISHES FOR A PROSPEROUS AND HAPPY NEW YEAR.

H. Schaffner



PERFECTION IN MEN'S WEAR.

There is not a man's suit or overcoat in this stock which will not stand on its merits. We do not ask you to believe that we can, year in, year out, sell "$10 suits at $10," but we do claim that our suits show superior quality and workmanship at the marked selling price.

$5.00 For Men's Durable Overcoats and Suits

SUITS of Cassimeres, fancy Cheviots and Worsteds, in single or double-breasted sack styles. Neatly finished and really exceptional values. OVERCOATS of Meltons, blue or black Kersey and Coverts. All properly cut and finished.

$10.00 For Men's Stylish Overcoats and Suits.

SUITS of fancy rough Scotch Cheviots and Worsteds, smooth black Thibets and good Clay Diagonals. Newest sack styles; also double-breasted and cutaway frocks in some weaves. OVERCOATS in latest Coverts, Oxfords, Vicunas and Black Thibet. All cut in proper fashion and well made and finished.

$15.00 For Men's High-Grade Overcoats and Suits

SUITS of imported Scotch Plaids and unfinished Worsteds; Oxford gray mixtures and fancy Worsteds and Serges. Cut in the latest military effect; some with Raglan sleeves; either single or double-breasted. OVERCOATS of gray Oxford mixtures, long or box Raglans; handsome Vicunas, Astrakhan or Chinchillas. All new and proper, best of linings and tailoring.

Every SUIT and OVERCOAT at above prices have been reduced in price from $2 to $5.

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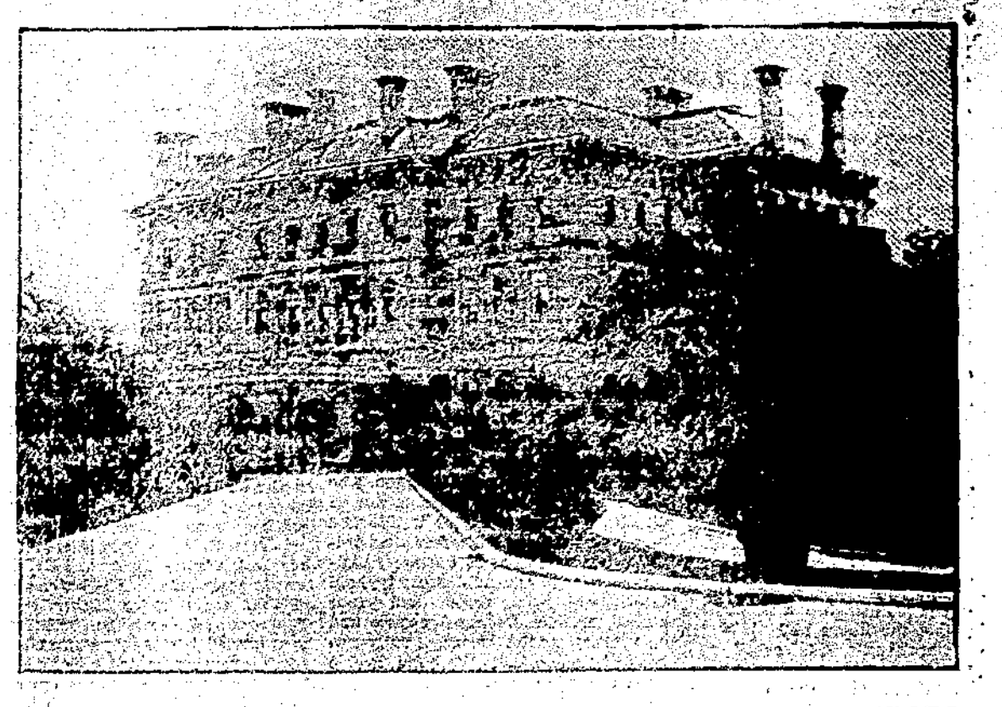
# THE VANDERBILT-FRENCH WEDDING AT NEWPORT, JAN. 14.

MISS ELSIE FRENCH.

ALFRED G. VANDERBILT.

Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, who was married on Jan. 14 to Miss Elsie French, is the head of the famous New York family, although he has no elder brother living. The latter, Cornelius, inherited the displeasure of their father by marrying Miss Grace Wilson and was practically disowned. To Alfred, therefore, on the death of the elder Vanderbilt about a year and a half ago, fell the lion's share of the father's immense fortune, and with it the proud position at head of the Vanderbilts. Alfred G. Vanderbilt is about 23 years of age and a graduate of Yale. His fiancee is some years younger and is a very pretty girl. She is the daughter of the late Francis Ormond French, president of the Manhattan Trust company, who left a fortune which has been estimated at $5,000,000. Miss French and Mr. Vanderbilt have been sweethearts for many years, and their engagement had the entire approval of the young lady's late father.



THE BREAKERS, OPENED TO ENTERTAIN WEDDING GUESTS.

This famous marble palace on Ochre point, Newport, owned by Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, is now filled with people who have been invited to see the head of the Vanderbilts become a Benedict.


## Tired Out

And she does not understand why. Her work used to seem so easy. You could tell her whereabouts as she worked by the snatches of song which now and again overflowed her happy lips. And now she can hardly keep up. Her head pains, her back hurts, and she feels entirely worn out. What is the matter? The probability is that the stomach is disordered, the liver is not performing its whole duty. Poisons are accumulating in the blood, and unless these are removed, and the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition cured and strengthened, there is liable to be a serious illness. There is no medicine can equal Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for prompt help and perfect cure for diseases of the stomach and blood. It strengthens the stomach, purifies the blood, nourishes the nerves, and brings back the happy days of health, when life is all song and sunshine.

"I suffered ten months from a complicated case of liver complaint, constipation, indigestion, suppression of monthly function, and kidney disease, too," writes Miss Lula M. Brittle, of Iron, Va. "I also suffered excruciating pain in my back and head. I am glad to say that six bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' three vials of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, and two bottles of 'Compound Extract of Swamp-Weed' cured me entirely. I gladly recommend Dr. Pierce's medicines to all sufferers."


**A Reminder.**

She—I do believe you forgot that this was our wedding day's third anniversary.

He—Indeed I didn't. I just met the second of the notes I negotiated to buy the furniture when we were married.—Indianapolis Press.

**Easy Guide.**

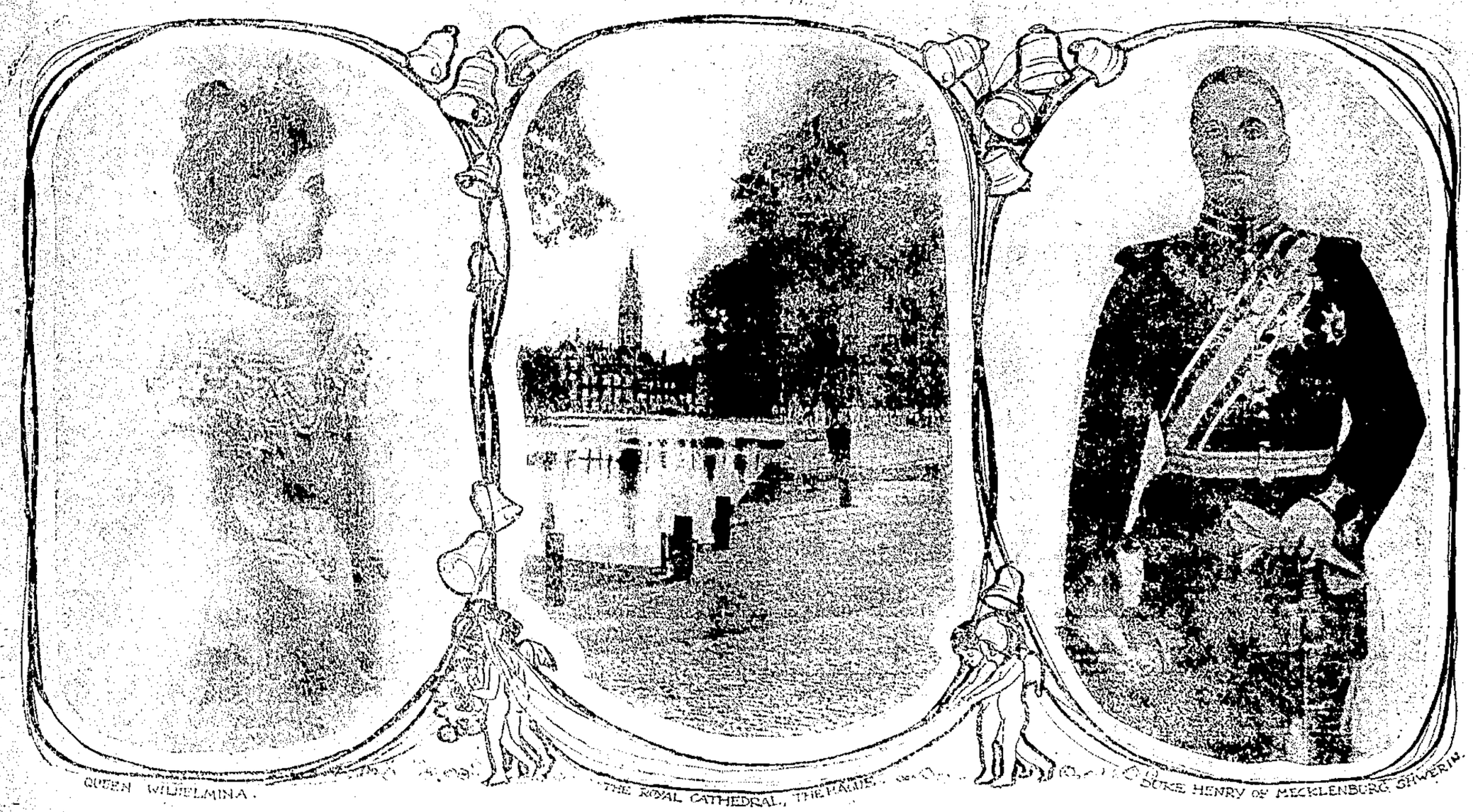
"Dobbs made a lot of money this season."

"How?"

"He got out road maps for all the floors in our big department stores."—Chicago Record.


**A Good Thing.**

German Syrup is the special prescription of Dr. A. Boschee, a celebrated German physician, and is acknowledged to be one of the most fortunate discoveries in medicine. It quickly cures, coughs, colds and all lung troubles of the severest nature, removing, as it does, the cause of the affection and leaving the parts in a strong and healthy condition. It is not an experimental medicine, but has stood the test of years, giving satisfaction in every case, which its rapidly increasing sale every season confirms. Two million bottles sold annually. Boschee's German Syrup was introduced in the United States in 1868, and is now sold in every town and village in the civilized world. Three doses will relieve any ordinary cough. Price 75 cents. Get Green's Prize Almanac. For sale by W. B. Foye.

QUEEN WILHELMINA.

Photo by Wyatt & Mohn, Amsterdam.

THE ROYAL CATHEDRAL, THE HAGUE.

From a recent photo.

DUKE HENRY OF MECKLENBURG-SCHWERIN.

Photo by Kahl, The Hague.

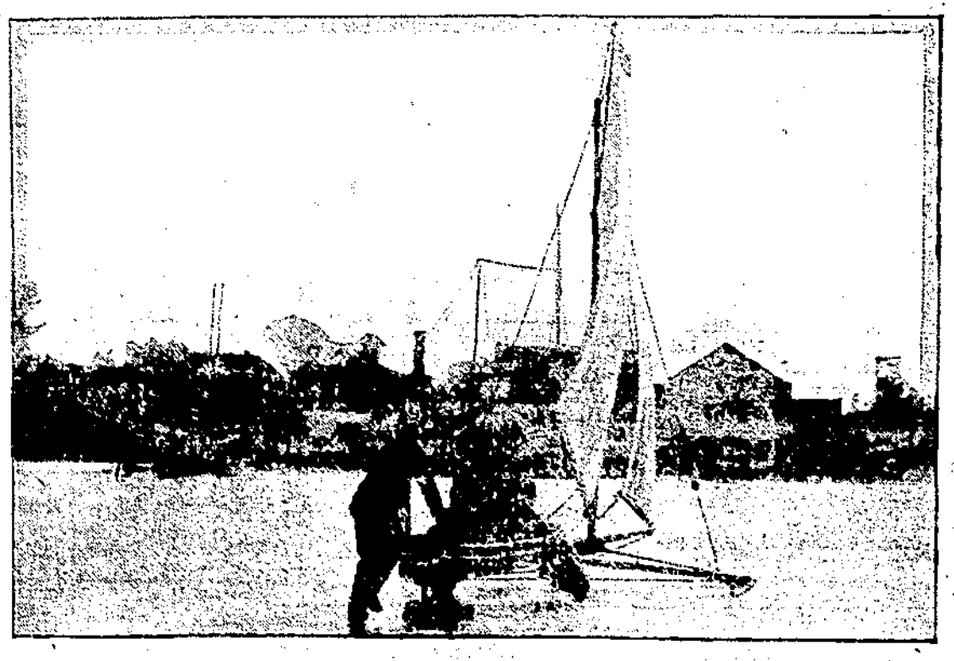
# THE COMING WEDDING OF QUEEN WILHELMINA OF HOLLAND.

The royal nuptials of the beautiful young queen of Holland and Duke Henry of Mecklenburg-Schwerin were fixed originally for Jan. 17, but for various reasons the date has been postponed to early in February. The marriage will be attended by a great gathering of royalty in all parts of Europe.

Photo by Yarlett, Wyatt, London.

MISS MAUDE GONNE.

The beautiful Irish patriot is still under sentence of banishment from the realm of the United Kingdom, having recently been mobbed in an English city for her remarks on the Boer war.



From a recent photo.

ICE YACHTING—STARTING FOR A CRUISE.

One of the most exciting of winter sports in the northern part of our country is ice yachting, and this is the season when it is most indulged in.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# DESIGNERS OF DEFENDERS OF THE AMERICA'S CUP

NEARLY half a century ago—49 years last August, to be explicit—occurred the first real event in international yachting. When the America dropped anchor off Cowes, Isle of Wight, after her great race with the Britishers, the ripples started on that occasion grew into waves that have since beat against the shores of two hemispheres. According to indisputable record, Queen Victoria was as keenly interested as she was youthful and impatient at most. When she inquired of the sight seer what vessel was first, after waiting all day for news, she was answered, "The Yankee is first, your majesty." "Ah! Then which *is* second?" she demanded impatiently. "Alas, your majesty, there ain't no second; nary one in sight!"

And so it has been ever since the cup of the Royal Yacht squadron won by the America in 1851 was brought across the water. Intrinsically worth about the hundred ounces of silver entering into its composition, for artistically it is a prize, probably £1,000,000 has been expended in attempts to recapture this trophy of American skill in shipbuilding.

Sixteen years after it was carried away from England, or in 1870, British yachtsmen sent over the Cambria to bring it back. She was defeated by the Magic. The next year the Columbia and the Sappho beat the Livonia, and two years later, in 1876, the Madeline won from the Canadian yacht Countess of Dufferin. So little was thought of these American yachts that very few particulars have been preserved as to their origin. The Magic and the Columbia were owned by Franklin Osgood, and of the former it is on record that she was last overhauled before the race by the late David Cadl of City Island, but that it was difficult to say who was her designer. The America, it is known, was designed by George Steers and built by William H. Brown, while the Sappho was overhauled under the care of Robert Fish before beating the Livonia. The Madeline, when she beat the Canadian, was called "an old timer," and was owned by J. S. Dickerson.

Within a score of years the Americans awoke to the real importance of the task they had before them of keeping the cup on this side the Atlantic, and in 1881 Mr. A. Cary Smith designed the Mischief, which walked away from the Atlanta, designed by Alexander Cuthbert. Mr. Smith was an artist who took a fancy to yacht designing, and because of having been somewhat of a pioneer in the field is known by his brother yachtsmen as "Old Cary," though in years he is by no means so ancient. He designed the famous Iroquois, the Titania, etc., and has made himself a name.

When the fifth international challenge came from the other side the Yankee yachtsmen were found ready, ready and determined to hold the cup at all hazard. In 1885 was evolved the wonderful Puritan. In competition with the Priscilla, an iron sloop built at Wilmington on plans by A. Cary Smith, and with a hull of wonderful proportions, the Puritan carried off the palm and was assigned to meet her Clyde-built rival, which had been designed by Dudley Webb. The Puritan was then the largest "cutter" (as they call the old Marblehead type of sloop) ever built in America, and was the creation of Edward Burgess, a native of Massachusetts. As

after his graduation from Harvard in 1871 he fathers met with heavy financial losses, young Burgess went back to his alma mater as instructor in entomology. But besides a taste for classifying "bugs" he also had a love for mathematics and yachting. All his spare time in summer as a boy had been put in at his father's country place at Pavonia, Staten Island, where he had early begun designing and building model yachts. Later, in sailing sailboats and outboard motor boats, so he was an expert yacht designer by the time he left school. He continued the habit in addition to his studies, and when the Puritan, with Burgess "super cargo," was quite natural that he should attract the attention of General Paine, the famous old sea dog who induced him to build a yacht to the course with the Genesta. Burgess designed and built the Puritan, which was the immediate ancestor of the Volunteer, which Mayflower, which Constitution and Columbia in the contests with the Galatea, Irex and finally the Valkyrie, which, in 1893, when the Valkyrie III was sent over on a Clifton boat, the Herreshoffs met her with the Defender and won Watson's latest and best production home in August. Then also designed and built the Columbia, which met and vanquished Lipton's Shamrock, designed by Wm. Fife, Jr., in 1899.

Thus in 51 international races America has held her own and come forward every time with some new and unconquerable aspirant for honors in John Bull's known field of prowess. Though foreign to detail, the builders of the triumphant tub which succeeded his area still living and doing business at the old stand. They are so well known that a short story of representation is more than needful. The Clinton-Hollowsays of Bristol, R. I., who have in hand the racer which may compete in the coming race of 1901. They come of deep rooted New England stock and have all the sturdy qualities of boat builders. Though the oldest member of the firm, John Brown Herreshoff, is totally blind, he can design any kind of vessel as well as when possessed of sight. In fact it is said that the only man who can possibly surpass him in his line is his younger brother, Nathaniel Greene, or Nat Herreshoff, who is a past master of the art and has built more fast yachts perhaps than any other man living. He has keen hands and eyes to his blind brother, and their minds work in unison to produce the most wonderful creations of the yacht builders skill. Trained by long study in mechanical schools and in that best of all schools experience, with millions of capital at command and profiting by the practice of former years, it is thought that the Herreshoffs will evolve something that will defy even the calm from all prevailing records. If they fail, then there is Crowninshield of Boston, who is working out his peculiar ideas of what a yacht should be to the foot the Law soon will build, and may prove another Burgess in the aquatic field of naval architect designers, such as Gardiner, Manner Clarke McVay, Stewart, Wilmington, Howe are also pretty leaving to them promise of great success. Against the American designers is now working the dark Watson, designer of the Thistle and the Valkyries, who has already produced boats which carries and is on the future of his powers, being 42 years old.

It is now a battle of brains, of mathematical calculations, adjustments, compensations, weights, etc., and when it comes to genuine pure and simple it is said the latest Herreshoff has no peer.

Those had won the America from the India's crack designers. Watson and what he had wrought in association in Yet of designing, we all know in brief outline and there is no preventing to what perfection he could have carried his accomplishment had not his career been cut short as it occurred in 1900.

Nobody else without any help, one cares, and long before the race of 1901 each of the Americans had four yachts to our credit to be tested to meet the wants of Valkyrie II, designed by Watson. A Boston syndicate put forth the Pilgrim and the Jubilee, the former built from designs by Nagel and at once proved a success and the latter designed by John G. Paine, and of course Charles J. Paine of Boston, who designed the Constitution and the Columbia, will be up with the Fleet in Shamrock and Valkyrie I.

New York, ever ready to cry the Cassandra, a note sounded that the Vigilant, a vessel which when she was built by Herreshoff for Lieut. Hunter, of the Navy, and Lieut. Brownson, of the Navy, and Lieut. Brownson, of the Navy, and Lieut. Brownson

# SUDDENLY LEAVES

**Mrs. Joseph Lauer of Prospect Takes Her Clothing and Jewelry and Goes Away.**

## HER DESTINATION IS A MYSTERY

**Her Husband Says He Believes That She Has Joined a Young Man, Name Kirk—Says He Had Not the Slightest Idea That She Was About To Desert Him.**

Prospect was startled Tuesday by the announcement that Mrs. Joseph Lauer, wife of the saloon man of that name, and a young man by the name of Kirk, living between Prospect and Richwood had eloped.

Mr. Lauer informed the Star by telephone that he did not know the young man with whom his wife was enamored, could not give his first name, and had never had reason to suspicion anything wrong, but as near as he could learn there is no doubt that his wife and the young man are together, and he believes they have gone to Virginia.

Young Kirk left last Friday evening and Mrs. Lauer went south on the Hocking Valley road Monday evening. The injured husband is making no effort to have the man and woman arrested, but states that had he been the least suspicious he would have taken steps to have stopped the elopement.

Mrs. Lauer took her clothes and jewelry with her, but had very little money, and left no word for her husband.

Lauer was formerly a resident of Marion.

## THE TENDER LEGS

**Enjoy a Seven-Course Dinner as the Guests of J. E. Schaeffer.**

Mr. J. E. Schaeffer entertained the members of the Tender Leg club at the Busy Bee restaurant Monday evening.

Shortly after the arrival of the guests, at 8:30 o'clock, a fine supper was served in an old-fashioned way, the host filling the plates.

The menu consisted of seven courses, as follows: Blue points on the half shell and little neck clam chowder; chicken corn soup; red snapper, celery sauce and weinerwurst; roast turkey with dressing, cranberry sauce; mashed potatoes and gravy; Belgian hare; French peas and escalloped oysters; hickory nut cake and ice cream; oranges, bananas, apples, coffee and milk, cigars.

After supper the club passed the time smoking and telling stories.

Those present were Frederick Haberman, A. C. Edmondson, A. C. Court, W. H. Schaffner, Frank Craig, E. H. Huggins, Charles Haberman and De-Witt Vestal.

## INSTALLED

**Are the Officers of Cooper Post at Its Meeting Monday Night.**

The annual installation of Cooper Post, No. 117, Grand Army of the Republic, was held Monday evening. The meeting was well attended, and three former members were re-instated into the post. This is gratifying, as year by year the membership of the Grand Army of the Republic grows less on account of death invading its ranks. W. H. McClure acted as installing officer, and the following officers were installed:

S. N. Titus, commander; John Pfeiffer, junior vice commander; W. C. Rapp, quartermaster; D. L. Sellers, chaplain; W. G. Byers, officer of the day; William Mereness, officer of the guard; O. A. Busard, adjutant; J. E. Medlam, sergeant; W. H. McClure, quartermaster sergeant.

There will be a meeting of the post again in two weeks. At that time the commander will appoint the standing committees.

## RATHBONE SISTERS

**Initiate Two Candidates and Install Their New Officers.**

Canby Temple, Rathbone Sisters, held a regular meeting, which was unusually interesting, Monday evening. The recently elected officers were installed, and two candidates were initiated into the order. The following is a list of the officers installed:

Mrs. Emma Schneider, most excellent chief; Mrs. Katharine Gordon, excellent senior; Mrs. Emma Ballentine, excellent junior; Mrs. Clara Watzel, manager; Mrs. Lenora Bean, mistress of finance; Mrs. Blanch Moss, protector; Mrs. Dora Lewis, guard of the outer temple; Mrs. Mary J. Evans, trustee for three years.

Mrs. Harriet Mumford assisted by Mrs. Irene Foreman and Mrs. Ida Stanley installed the officers.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. John Stengle of west Silver street, Sunday night, a daughter.


**TONSILINE**

Is a perfect family remedy for throat diseases—Sore Throat, Sore Mouth and Quinsy quickly yield to its virtue. It is not slow and tedious in its

**CURES**

but gives almost instant relief. Tonsiline is entirely harmless. It stands alone as a remarkable and modern cure for

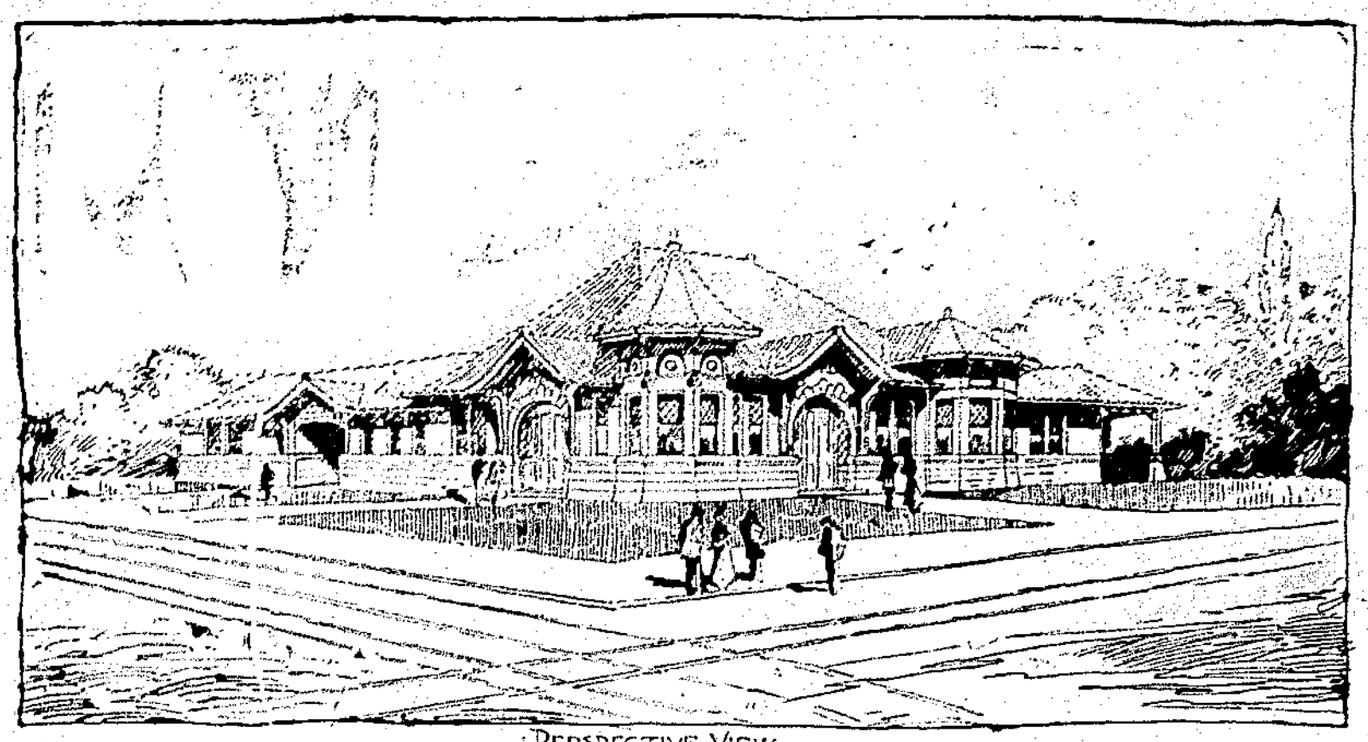
**SORE THROAT**

and all similar troubles.

25 AND 50C AT ALL DRUGGISTS.

THE TONSILINE CO. CANTON, O.


# MARION'S NEW UNION PASSENGER STATION.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW

North and West Fronts of the Station from Plans Prepared by Yost & Pickard, Architects, Columbus, Ohio, and Adopted by the Erie, Big Four and Hocking Valley Roads.

## WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS

**Makes a Report of Its Work for the Past Year.**

The W. R. C. has had, since January 1, 1900, to January 1, 1901, a very prosperous year. Several new members have been added to our number and the interest taken is quite commendable. All meetings have been well attended.

Relief to the amount of $27.52 has been given; relief other than money, $20. The public has been kind in making donations, particularly Mr. Rosenburg, who donated $14.00 worth of new shoes. We have had during the year seven socials and an election supper, all of which netted us a neat sum.

Between thirty and forty cushions were made and sent to the Ohio Soldiers' and Sailors' home at Sandusky.

Our annual Christmas offering to the home at Xenia was made, and the annual Christmas baskets for the soldier poor of Marion were sent as usual. Our sick committee has been faithful in calling on our sick members. A great many flowers have been sent to cheer the sufferers.

We have been called upon to mourn the loss of one of our members, who has crossed the mystic river.

Arrangements were made at our last meeting to have a sewing bee at the home of Mrs. Elizabeth Dumble of Windsor street, for the benefit of a needy family, on Wednesday, January 16, 1901. Go in the morning, take a lunch and stay all day.

On last Tuesday the installation of officers took place. The roster now stands:

Anna Drown, president; Caroline Harraman, senior vice; Lucy Harbeson, junior vice; Elizabeth Dumble, chaplain; Rose Pinyerd, secretary; Ophelia Boyd, treasurer; Maud Waples, assistant secretary; Mrs. A. B. McMurray, assistant treasurer; Anna Pinyerd, conductor; Hannah Clark, assistant conductor; Nancy Jump, guard; Elizabeth Waddell, assistant guard; Carrie Winnek, organist; Margaret Shurz, Emily Peadon, Dora Schneider and Elizabeth Campbell, color bearers; Anna Drown, delegate to state convention; Rose Pinyerd, alternate; Carrie Winnek, patriotic instructor.

Relief committee—Alice Barrett, Lucy Harbeson, Dora Schneider and Belle McClinton.

Executive committee—Emily Peadon, Hannah Clark, Amanda Fairbanks and Margaret Shurz.

Finance committee—Anna Pinyerd, Emma Garberson, Elizabeth Waddell and Clara Llewellyn.

Conference committee—Eleanor Matthews, Elizabeth Campbell, Louise Haller and Sarah Garster.

## IN MONTH OF MAY

**The Waddell Home Will Be Turned Over to the Commissioners.**

W. T. Mills, the architect of the Waddell children's home, was in the city this week to arrange further particulars in regard to the lighting of the home. The building is to be lighted by electricity, and an independent electric light plant is to be one of the equipments of the home. The plant will be put in by the Marion Electric Light and Power company.

The plumbers also returned to work this week. Two weeks ago the plumbers left, and have been delayed in getting back to work.

Mr. Waddell was in the city Saturday and stated that the work on the building is progressing nicely. It will be ready sometime in May to be opened, and when it is turned over to the county commissioners, it is quite probable that there will be some kind of a public demonstration, but its nature has not been definitely decided as yet.


**Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.**

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No Cure, no Pay. Price 25 cents.


Money to loan on farm property at 5 and 6 per cent. for five years. See Fred W. Peters. 42-wk-tf

# NEWS OF THE RAIL.

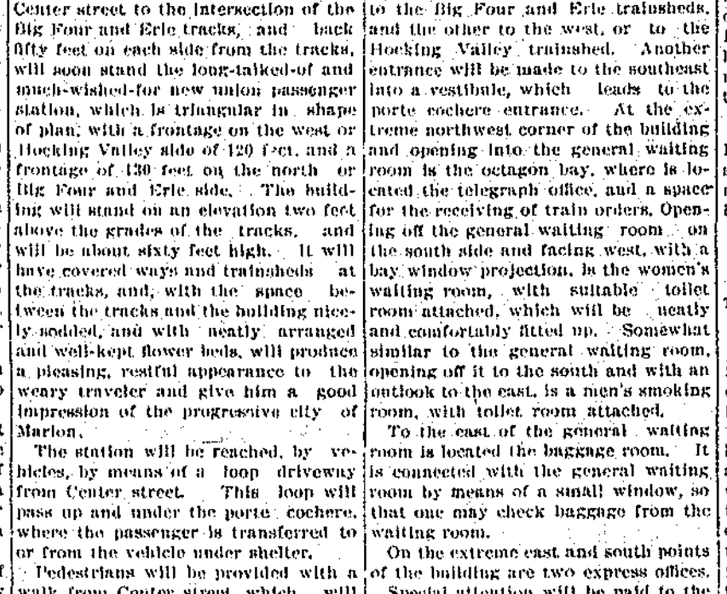
**A Few Words on the Subject of the New Union Passenger Station---Notes of Interest to Railroaders Generally.**

Located immediately east of the Hocking Valley tracks, and on the strip of ground extending north from Center street to the intersection of the Big Four and Erie tracks, and back fifty feet on each side from the tracks, will soon stand the long-talked-of and much-wished-for new union passenger station, which is triangular in shape of plan, with a frontage on the west or Hocking Valley side of 120 feet, and a frontage of 130 feet on the north or Big Four and Erie side. The building will stand on an elevation two feet above the grades of the tracks, and will be about sixty feet high. It will have covered ways and trainsheds at the tracks, and, with the space between the tracks and the building nicely sodded, and with neatly arranged and well-kept flower beds, will produce a pleasing, restful appearance to the weary traveler and give him a good impression of the progressive city of Marion.

The station will be reached, by vehicles, by means of a loop driveway from Center street. This loop will pass up and under the porte cochere, where the passenger is transferred to or from the vehicle under shelter.

Pedestrians will be provided with a walk from Center street, which will wind its way between the loop drive and the Hocking Valley tracks, and will be surrounded by a well-kept lawn, with flower beds and shrubbery, similar to a Japanese garden.

What a striking contrast this will make in comparison with the present accommodations!




PLAN

Floor Plan of the New Union Station to be Erected at the Junction, from Plans of the Architects, Yost & Packard of Columbus.

As will be seen by the accompanying cut of the floor plan, the central and most prominent feature will be the general waiting room, which is to be about fifty feet square, with dome ceiling, surrounded by a sunburst skylight, with a beamed and paneled ceiling. This general waiting room will have a marble mosaic floor and white marble wainscotting, and the wall space above the wainscotting will be covered with canvas and decorated. The finish will be of selected quarter-sawed white oak, of antique English finish. On the south side of the general waiting room will be located the ticket office, enclosed with marble and polished brass grills. Suitable seats, chairs and rocks, especially designed, will be provided for the room. Spacious entrances are provided for this room. One entrance is to the north, or to the Big Four and Erie trainsheds, and the other to the west, or to the Hocking Valley trainshed. Another entrance will be made to the southeast into a vestibule, which leads to the porte cochere entrance. At the extreme northwest corner of the building and opening into the general waiting room is the octagon bay, where is located the telegraph office, and a space for the receiving of train orders. Opening off the general waiting room on the south side and facing west, with a bay window projection, is the women's waiting room, with suitable toilet room attached, which will be neatly and comfortably fitted up. Somewhat similar to the general waiting room, opening off it to the south and with an outlook to the east, is a men's smoking room, with toilet room attached.

To the east of the general waiting room is located the baggage room. It is connected with the general waiting room by means of a small window, so that one may check baggage from the waiting room.

On the extreme east and south points of the building are two express offices.

Special attention will be paid to the most improved sanitary and hygienic conditions, and the heating will be by the mechanical hot blast system, so arranged as to change the air in the building every fifteen minutes.

The building will be constructed of Marion blue limestone, dressed with rock face, which will extend up to the window sill height. The walls above the window sills to the under edge of the roof will be faced with speckled gray Roman pressed brick. The roof will have wide projecting eaves, and will be covered with horn pattern bright red tile, with copper gutters and valleys. The station will have plate glass windows, and when completed, which will be about July 1, it will make one of the neatest and most attractive passenger stations to be found anywhere.

Great credit and praise is due Mr. Sheldon, who is assistant to the president of the Hocking Valley, for securing the station for Marion. Mr. Sheldon has been trying for twenty years to bring about this result, and through his untiring efforts, the results have been accomplished whereby a union station has been decided upon and plans approved by all the roads interested, so that it is now an assured fact and work will soon commence.

The work is in charge of Frank L. Packard, architect, of Columbus, Ohio, and under his supervision the work will be carried into execution.

Richard Lahey, the watchman at the Main street crossing of the Big Four, is able to be out again after a long illness. Mr. Lahey, by the way, is the oldest employe on the pay roll of the Big Four. The paymaster, in writing his experience recently in the Cincinnati Enquirer, mentioned the fact in the write-up.

Taking effect January 15, Mr. J. H. Hackett is appointed division freight agent of the Erie line east of Hammond, Indiana, with headquarters at Huntington.

## ANOTHER ELECTRIC LINE

**To Be Run to Marion According to a Kenton Story.**

A Kenton special to Tuesday's Ohio State Journal tells of another proposed electric road to Marion. The special reads:

From a very authenic source it is learned that capitalists are figuring on an electric railway to connect Kenton with Findlay and Marion. For some time there has been much talk of an electric line through the great Scioto marsh to accommodate the big shippers of onions and potatoes and since the talk of a line from Wapakoneta to Kenton, the promoters of the Findlay to Toledo line have been investigating the cost of a road from Ada to Kenton, taking in the marsh and its villages. Such a line would do an enormous business in freight as well as passengers, as in the onion shipping season the marsh farmers can't get cars fast enough to handle their output.

## AUDITOR'S OFFICE

**Will Be Headquarters of the Infirmary Directors in the Future.**

In the future, the county board of infirmary directors will hold the first meeting of their monthly session at the auditor's office in the court house and the second session at the infirmary. Heretofore it has been the custom to hold both sessions at the infirmary, because of a lack of any other place to hold them, but as that was quite disadvantageous to those having business with the board, the change was decided on Monday.

The board will also make the auditor's office its headquarters most of the time after this, and cease transacting business on the streets.

## VERY PROMISING

**Is the Outlook of the Marion Lumber and Coal Company.**

The Marion Lumber and Coal company stockholders held their annual meeting Monday night at the company's office on north Prospect street. The following is the board of directors elected:

Michael Lawrence, Wesley Harsch, Fred Strobel, Edward S. Boalt and J. T. Matthews.

The board organized by electing all of the old officers: M. Lawrence, president and general manager; Fred Strobel, vice president, and J. T. Matthews, secretary and treasurer.

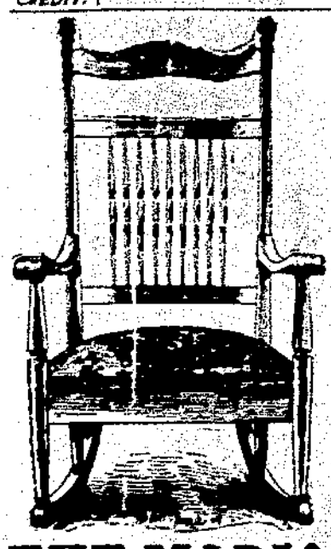
The usual dividend was declared. The company's business last year was quite satisfactory and the outlook for this year is promising.

## THE MOTHER

**Of General Whitaker Dies at Her Home in Miamisburg.**

Mrs. Ellen Whitaker of Miamisburg, mother of General J. C. Whitaker, well known here, died Monday at her home. She chose the text for her funeral sermon and pall bearers thirteen years ago.


CASH OR CREDIT. **THE MARION DEPT. CO.** CASH OR CREDIT.



OUR big sale on rockers is still on, and the chairs are moving too, but we think they ought; for the discount is so liberal. Think of giving from 20% to 50% off on every rocker in this big store.

**Outfits.**

We make a specialty of complete outfits to new beginners and we always please them.

**THE MARION DEPT. CO.**

205 & 207 EAST CENTER STREET.

**MONEY TO LOAN.**

$150,000.00 by THE NORTHERN CENTRAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY of Toledo, Ohio, on first mortgage security, from one to ten years, in sums to suit the borrower.

Application can be made to the Company's General Agent W. M. Jackson, I. O. O. F. Block, opposite Kerr House, Marion, Ohio, or to the Home Office of the Company.

**The Northern Central Life Ins. Co.**

HEADLEY'S DRUG STORE.

**It Broke**

his heart when he got into one of these "here's something just as good" drug stores, he wasn't sure of his prescriptions. No substitution here.

**J. W. HEADLEY**

Wholesale and Retail Druggist.

The West Center Street Druggist.

**Weigh Your Hay,**

Grain, Etc., on Harsch's Wagon Scales. Net weight, 5c. Highest price paid for Hides, Pelts and Tallow. Also Iron, Rags, Rubber and all kinds of Metal.

**Wesley Harsch.**

Rear of 136 North State street

**Trained Voices**

Are in Demand.
I can train them.

**Herbert Hutchinson,**
Voice Teacher.
232 S. Greenwood St., - - - Marion, O.

The Up and Doing Store.

**WE CAN INTEREST YOU**

if you'll come in the nicest and handiest lot of kitchen utensils in the shape of handy knives—think it over.

**RYAN & BURKE**
RELIABLE HARDWARE
Masonic Block. Marion, Ohio.

It may be an act of charity, put it certainly is not an act of economy to patronize a poor laundry. If you are looking out for "No. One" you should certainly patronize

**ANTHONY'S LAUNDRY,**

230 E. Center St.
Phone 1183.


## FIRST SCHOOLING

**On the Ways of the Reformatory Is Given Madden Sunday.**

Michael Madden, who is an inmate of the county jail awaiting the action of the circuit court, which convened here Tuesday, and has a sentence to the Mansfield reformatory hanging over him, received his first schooling on how to behave at the reformatory Sunday. Madden had a few callers, who talked to him through the bars from the alley. One of them had evidently been an inmate of the reformatory at one time or another and he was doing the coaching. He explained to the prisoner that when he gets to Mansfield he will be wise not to know anything. Said he: "If they ask you if you know your A B C's tell them 'no,' that you've heard something—about those things, but never saw one." He explained that it is necessary that every prisoner go to school three nights a week, and the less a man knows when he gets into the place, the less he has to learn when going to school, and as a consequence his lessons will be easier.

Every so often the prisoners are required to pass an examination, and if they have been studying some easy lesson it is no trouble to pass. A failure loses them so much good time and as a consequence it was as the ex-prisoner said, "You don't want to know nothing if you want to get along easy."

William Merkle, the butcher, is suffering from an attack of blood poisoning. Some time ago he injured a finger on the right hand slightly, but thought nothing of it, believing it to be a mere scratch. In the past few days, however, the member has given him much pain. Dr. H. S. Rhu was called and found that blood poisoning had developed.


**H. W. SAGER, M. D.**
**PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.**

Office and residence 3rd stairway west of Postoffice, Marion, Ohio. Office hours 11 a. m. to 3 p. m. and 7 to 9 p. m. All calls answered promptly, day or night. Diseases of women and children a specialty. Phone 175.

A PERFECT JEWELRY STORE.

**HOW'S YOUR WATCH**

Is it keeping as good time as it should? If not, bring it here and we will repair it for you so it will keep perfect time. All our work is fully guaranteed. Our stock of jewelry is complete. We can always please you.

**M. NELSON & SONS.**

The East Center Street Jewelers.

**Charles H. Conley,**
**Attorney and Counselor at Law.**
106½ S. Main St. Phone 1974.
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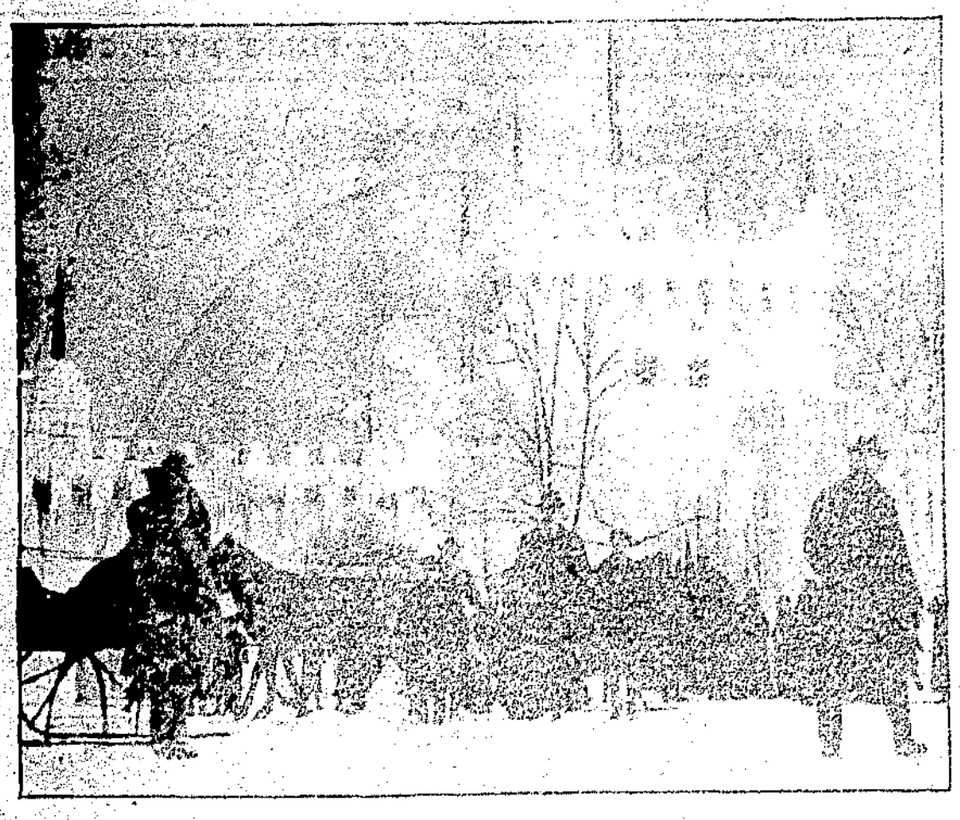
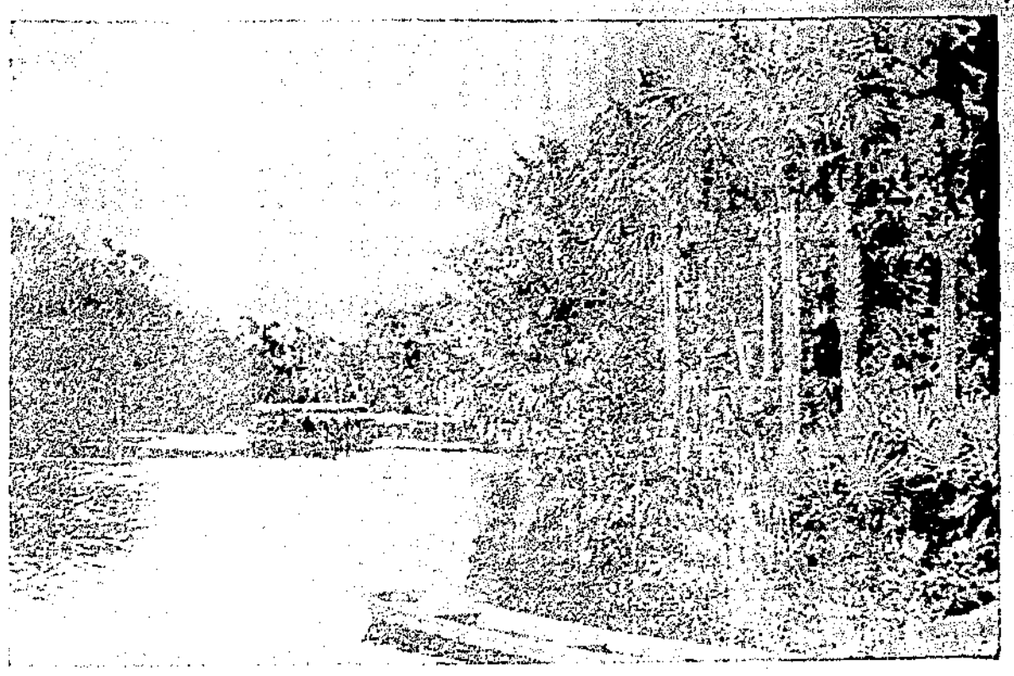
# EXAMPLES OF OUR VARIED WINTER CLIMATE.



From a photo taken specially for this paper.

THE ICE PALACE AT NIAGARA.



A JANUARY SCENE ON THE ST. JOHNS RIVER, FLORIDA.

While clear, cold weather has been prevailing in the eastern part of the country, Florida has been enjoying an unprecedentedly mild winter season. Tourists at Tampa, Palm Beach and other Florida resorts are indulging in surf bathing, riding, driving and other summer sports.

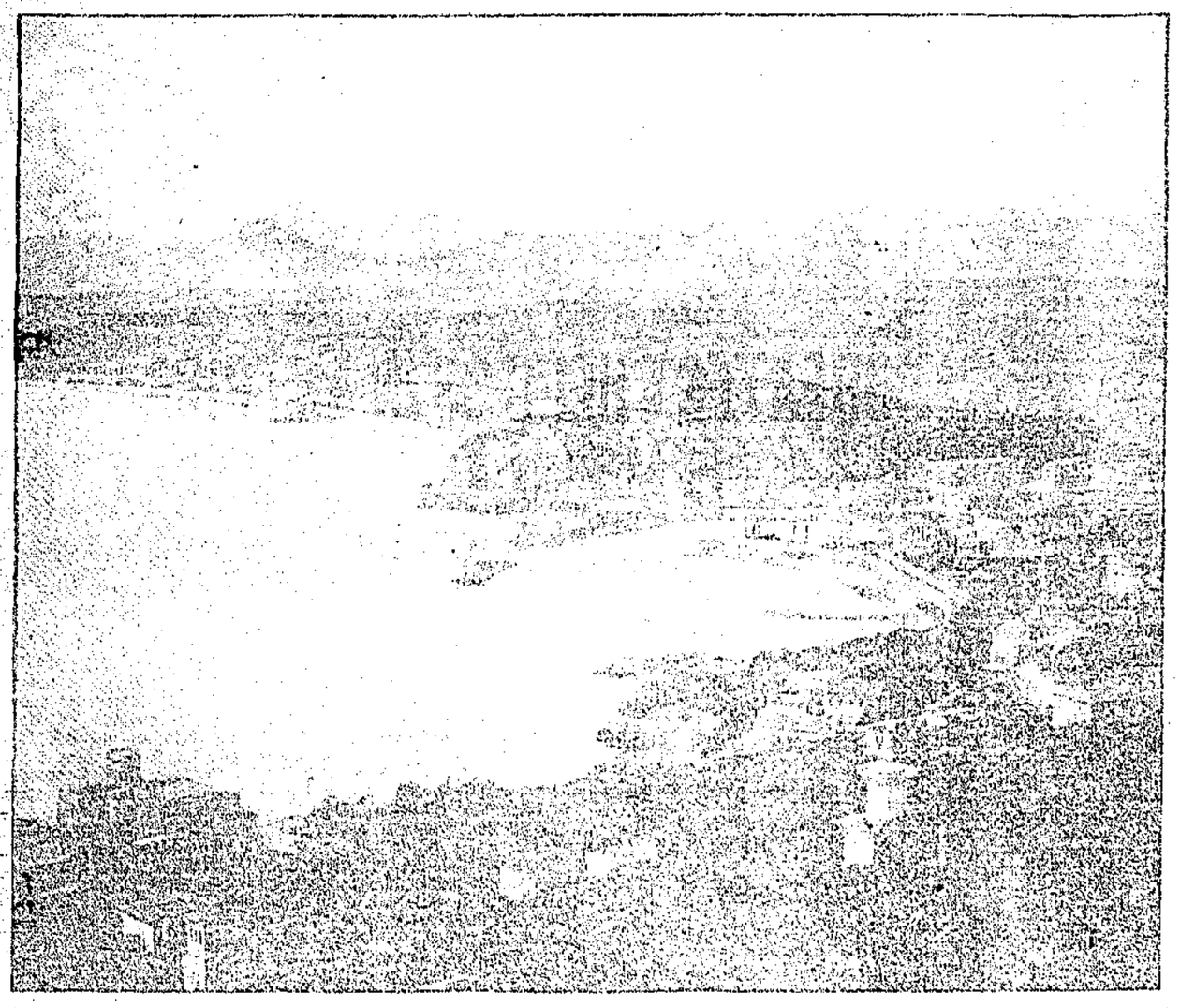


Photo by Gaetano Brogi, Nice.

## Nice, Where Queen Victoria Is Going For a Two Months' Visit.

No place on the Riviera is to be more popular during the coming season than Nice. There the queen Victoria will spend a stay for a May of two months. The Italian hotel keepers have anticipated the rush of English and American tourists by opening their gates. Among others who have recently sailed for Nice from this country are Mr. and Mrs. Charles Dyer, Jr., Miss Julia W. McKay and Dr. and Mrs. Chandler, the Princess Colonna.

Photo by Dupont, Paris.

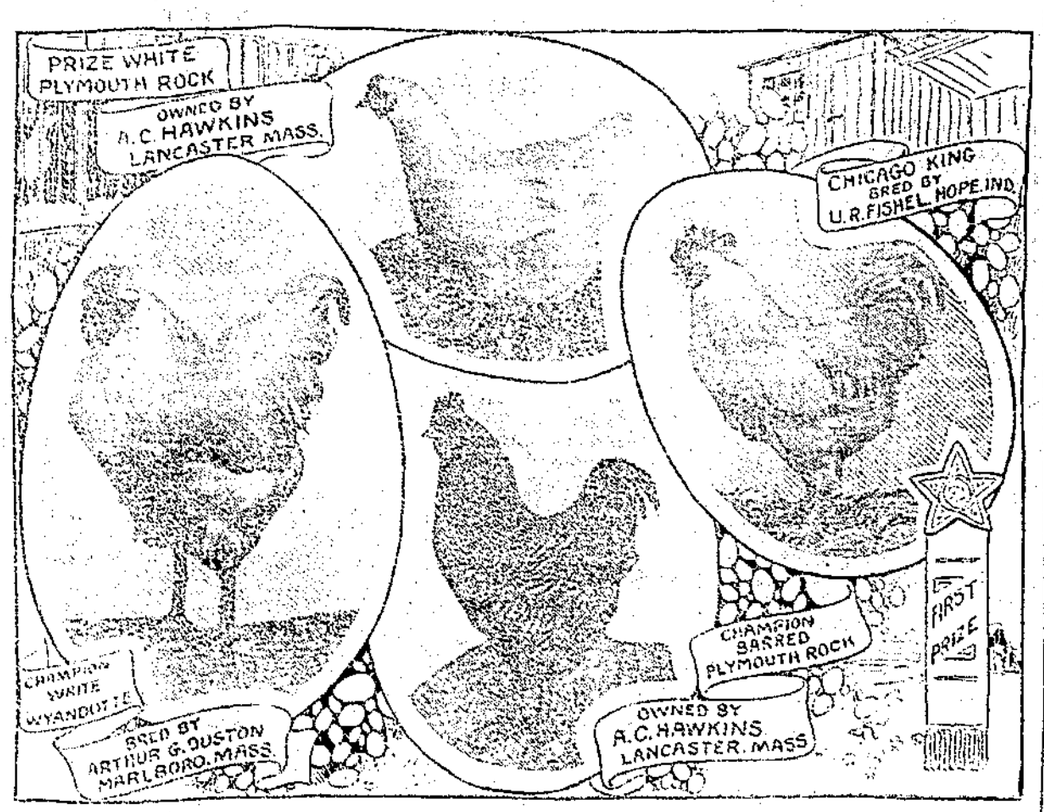
Phil May, *the* Famous English Cartoonist, Who Is Coming to This Country to Lecture.

Photo by Thomson, London.

THE COUNTESS OF HOPETOUN.

She is the wife of the new governor general of Australia, the Earl of Hopetoun, who has recently taken office under the act [illegible] of the colonies under one central government.

A Florida Tarpon.


PRIZE WHITE PLYMOUTH ROCK
OWNED BY A.C. HAWKINS LANCASTER MASS.
CHICAGO KING BRED BY U.R. FISHEL HOPE IND.
CHAMPION BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCK
FIRST PRIZE
CHAMPION WHITE WYANDOTTE
BRED BY ARTHUR G. DUSTON MARLBORO. MASS.
OWNED BY A.C. HAWKINS LANCASTER. MASS

FOUR OF THE FINEST FOWLS IN AMERICA

These birds shown have all taken first prize at various poultry shows and will be exhibited at the coming big Madison Square Garden show. They are fine specimens of the most popular American breeds.

The Sterling Store
Hotel Marion Blk. E. Center St.

Clearance Sale of Underwear For Next Week.

15% REDUCTION

On all ladies' and children's winter Underwear. You no doubt are aware of the class of goods that we keep, and every piece of goods is guaranteed strictly first-class. If you are in need of anything in this line it will pay you to attend this sale. We will also include our ladies' Flannelette gowns in this sale. Don't fail to see them.

Handkerchiefs.

We will place on sale next week another lot of these ladies' all Linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs at 5c. This is the same handkerchief that we sold before the holidays and as we only have a limited amount come early.

The Sterling Store
E. Center St.

THE LEWIS GROCERY.

—WE SELL—

BEES WAX
in one pound cakes.

Barrel Salt
$1.25 to Feb 1st.

Salt Peter, Whole Pepper,
Butchers' Pepper,
Red Pepper.

Wright's Condensed Smoke
for smoking meats
75 Cents a Bottle.

R. T. LEWIS & CO.
N. Main St., : : Oppo. C. H.

Increasing Popularity
means quality.
QUALITY stands for utility.
UTILITY for minimized expenses.
One of the heaviest items of your expense account is your laundry bill. We therefore invite you to PATRONIZE US and you will be able to take a summer vacation.

Anthony's Laundry
230 E. Center St. Phone 1183

Scan This Price List
You Need These Goods Now.

| | |
|---|---|
| Men's gloves and mittens per pair | 10c |
| Heavy fleece lined underwear | 35c |
| 25c Undershirts | 10c |
| 50c Men's working shirt | 39c |
| Good wool socks, 2 for | 25c |
| Heavy fleece lined socks 2 pairs for | 25c |
| Men's heavy cotton socks 4 pairs | 25c |
| Good cotton socks, pair | 5c |
| Children's hose, heavy grade | 10c |
| Large bottle machine oil | 5c |

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The STAR Job Press
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# IMMIGRATION PROBLEMS

## Striking Change in the Character of Immigrants.

### NEED OF FURTHER RESTRICTIONS.

**Less Desirable Class Now Coming to the United States From Foreign Countries—Immigration of Farmers Decreasing—Remarkable Increase in Population of Cities.**

That there has been a remarkable change in the character of the immigration into the United States in the last ten years is evident not only in the nationality of the people coming in, but in their ultimate destination, writes the Washington correspondent of the New York Tribune. In the last 12 months 448,572 people from other countries were added to the permanent population of the United States. This is the greatest number which has arrived for seven years. Of the 13,000,000 increase in the population shown by the census in the last decade 4,300,000, or more than one-third, are due to emigration from foreign countries to the United States. Of the nearly 500,000 immigrants last year only half a dozen were found with a criminal record and returned to their native country. It is not to be supposed that this includes all those who were really of a criminal class. It simply means that these few were unable to deceive the United States inspectors. While it is generally believed by the people of the United States that this country is fairly well safeguarded against criminal and pauper immigration, the restrictions are, after all, most mild and rest largely on the judgment of an agent of the government whose pay is so small as to preclude the supposition, as a rule, that he is an intelligent administrator of the full intent of the immigration laws. Even such restrictions as are practiced at the port of New York and other large cities are practically in abeyance along the Canadian frontier and other places where immigrants can enter the United States. The only real protection which can be given to this country in this direction is the adoption of the United States immigration laws by Mexico and Canada.

When the northwestern part of the United States was being settled in the eighties, a constant stream of immigration passed through the port of New York and maintained its flow until the great prairies of the northwest were reached, where it spread out in a civilizing tide which performed wonders in the development of that country. For years the word had gone abroad that for any one who might come and ask Uncle Sam had 160 acres of fertile and arable land ready for the plow. The thrifty Scandinavian, German and British farmers had been slow to realize these benefits so offered; but, once realized, they were promptly taken advantage of. Never in the last 50 years has immigration into the United States been of a more desirable and admirable character than when the farmers of northwestern Europe came by thousands to settle the western states. The day had to come, however, when the Scandinavian in Minnesota could no longer write to his brother at home and tell him of the fine land that was to be had for nothing, for this land had all been taken up except in localities where Europeans did not care to venture, leaving them for the more adventurous native born American pioneers. The news of this new condition quickly spread abroad in the intelligent farming communities of the old world which had been sending their young men to the United States. The number of these immigrants decreased rapidly until at the present time they form a small percentage of those who cross the ocean with their goods and chattels.

It has been accepted as a truism by immigration experts that people from northwestern Europe are comparatively desirable additions to the population of this country, while the people from southeastern Europe and the orient are almost without exception very undesirable. Among those who came to the United States last year from northwestern Europe the percentage of illiteracy was only 3.6, while among those from southeastern Europe the percentage of illiteracy was 42.4. That illiteracy and financial independence go more or less hand in hand is shown by the fact that whereas the illiterate Portuguese of southeastern Europe possess an average of about $7.50 on their arrival in the United States, the literate English, Scotch and Welsh possess an average of $29.50.

The immigration of last year shows that Italy furnished 84,000, Hebrew nations, 60,000; Poland, 46,000; Ireland, 35,000; Scandinavia, 32,000; Germany, 23,000, and 100,000 came from various other countries in smaller numbers than those mentioned. The significant point in these figures is the fact that in 1870 three-fourths of the immigrants into the United States came from Great Britain, France, Germany and Scandinavia. In 1895 one-half came from those countries, in 1898 only one-third, and in 1900 the percentage furnished by northwestern Europe was reduced to one-fourth. The movement of Irish and Scandinavians to the United States for the purpose of entering domestic service has ceased almost entirely, and, as shown, the better class of agricultural workers do not now have the opportunity in this country which brought them here in such large numbers a few years ago.

The census of 1900 shows a remarkable increase in the population of cities and other industrial centers. Few agricultural communities show a larger increase of population than would be expected in the ordinary course of events, and some even show a decrease. The defection is evident. The people of Europe and other sections of the world who are now coming to the United States are furnishing a large part of this increase in the industrial population, and the growth in American manufacturing and producing industries is absorbing this increased population without effort or without disturbance to the economies of the country.

A man can no longer come to the United States and for almost nothing be transported to the west and placed on a farm ready for the plow which within a few weeks will yield sufficient to support himself and family in comfort—a farm which in Europe would make him a landed aristocrat. If he is an agricultural immigrant and must follow that line of work, the only outlet for his energies is in some already established community where he can find employment at comparatively good wages. If he is industrious and a good manager, it will not be long before he is able to rent or buy some land and in that way accomplish what the immigrant of 15 years ago was able to achieve at the start. If the foreigner coming to this country in search of work is an Italian, a Hebrew, a Pole or an oriental, he must seek men of his own race who have already established themselves in the United States and from them learn of such opportunities as may exist. These people are all extremely clannish and accustomed to living in densely settled communities. Few of them have the agricultural instinct, and they seem content to herd together in large numbers and work for the smallest of wages in the factories, mills, mines and sweatshops of the large industrial centers.

There is no possible way of looking at this promiscuous immigration and the marked deterioration which has taken place in its character in the last few years which puts it in a light favorable to the best interests of the people of the United States except that the enormous growth in American manufacturing interests has stimulated the demand for a class of labor most difficult to secure in prosperous times in an already established and well balanced community of American citizens. The influx of European illiteracy may be one of the penalties to be paid for great industrial growth, for no one familiar with the labor of the mines or the mills will fail to recognize that from this source of supply is drawn a vast majority of the help. The native born American, or the American who has become such by the process of ready assimilation, will not work long in the coal mines or mills when he can secure much better wages and more opportunity by adopting one of the less crowded occupations allowing more individuality in its pursuit.

The Lodge bill, now before congress, but with little chance of consideration at the present session, provides for a reading and writing test for all those seeking admission to this country, and this is probably the only solution of the question of proper restriction of immigration.

There is one feature of oriental immigration which has not yet become prominent, but which will in course of time, and that is the admission of Chinamen who have become Russian, German or English citizens through naturalization or the annexation of territory. If Russia, for instance, should annex Manchuria, the Manchurian Chinaman would become a Russian, and as a Russian citizen there would be no way of legally excluding him from the United States. There is no prospect in the future that the United States will ever desire or find it possible to discriminate against citizens of any of the great powers, and some interesting questions in immigration regulation will undoubtedly arise out of the final settlement of the present complications in the east.

One feature of the immigration of the last year is encouraging from some points of view, and that is the lack of increase in the immigration to this country from the tropics, notwithstanding the recent annexation by the United States of such a large area of tropical country. It is a well known fact, however, that people seeking a new home rarely go to a country colder than their own. The same lack of increase cannot be noted of the oriental immigration, for this has risen from almost nothing to about 4½ per cent of the total. Asia sent to this country in 1899 about 18,000 immigrants, or half as many again as England, Scotland and Wales. A large percentage of these people are of the peddler and beggar classes, and take naturally to those occupations as soon as they are in touch with American life.

**Dreyfus Today.**

One man is not gaining, let me say in passing—Alfred Dreyfus. Friends who have seen him lately tell me he still seems to be saturated with malaria to such an extent that in August days he could only keep warm enveloped in furs, says Katharine De Forest in Harper's Bazar. So rumors of his going to fight the Filipinos or any other sensational reports concerning him with which the world is regaled at intervals may be put away for the present with the fables about the iron mask.

**Wise Through Experience.**

In considering the final diplomatic Chinese round up it is just as well to remember that Uncle Li Hung Chang may show the crude westerners an interesting trick or two, says the Philadelphia Bulletin. The yellow jacketed gentleman has had experience in these little affairs before.

**Southern Iron Exports.**

Exports of southern pig iron for the year just past will break the record by upward of 15,000 tons, says the Savannah (Ga.) News, and will be 65,000 tons greater than last year.

## TEN MATTERS

**Will Come Before the Grand Jury Next Week.**

The grand jury which convenes here next Monday morning will have at least ten criminal matters to investigate, that many transcripts in criminal matters having already been filed. They are as follows:

Alfred Bishop, unlawfully molesting railroad property.

James Carpenter, shooting with intent to kill.

Tude Rinn, disturbing a religious meeting.

Burt Rizor, disturbing a religious meeting.

L. W. Booth, assault and battery.

Wm. Jackson, embezzlement.

John Bland, assault and battery.

George O'Brien, petit larceny.

Wm. Mahaffy, jobbing firearms.

Beatty S. Runyan, petit larceny.

## CHARLES LEDERMAN

**Makes a Christmas Donation to the Children of His Native Town.**

Charles Lederman of Columbus formerly a resident of this city, made a Christmas donation to the poor children in Ostrower, Prussia, the city of his nativity. The Ostrower News speaks in very complimentary terms of Mr. Lederman's gift.

Mr. Lederman visited his old home a few years since, and at that time decided to do something for the needy of the poor and the donation made Christmas was the result of his determination.

## REAL ESTATE DEALS.

John Bain and wife to Milton Bain, eighty acres in Montrowery township, $1.

Marshall Markey and wife to Bain Brothers, lot 1482 in H. True's Second edition to Marion, $1,600.

Edward Huber and wife to Ella M. Dutton, lot 2357 in Bellevue addition to Marion, $500.

George H. Dutton and wife to Edward Huber, part of lots 1152 and 1153 in Marion, $500.

Joanna Fry and George T. Fry to Elizabeth R. Drake, lot 229 in Prospect, $800.

Edward Huber and wife to Louis Friend, part of lot 1919 in the Charles Baker addition to Marion, $600.

Elizabeth M. Messenger to Everett B. Messenger, 11½ acres in Big Island township, will.

John P. Almendinger, and others, to Frederick S. Lauer, the undivided one-half of eighty acres in Prospect township, quit claim, $1.

Angelina Onselman, and others, to Sarah Uncapher, lot 65 in the Onselman cemetery in Green Camp township, $25.

James Canady, to Riverius Messenger, lot 16 in Marion, $500.

Margaret M. Jeffers to James B. Bolander, part of lot 6 in Lucas & Seffner's addition to Marion, $1,050.

Wm. Manz to Margaret M. Jeffers, lot 1541 in George H. Wright's subdivision of lots to Marion, $2,250.

Peggy Leonard, by sheriff, to James B. Guthery, fifty acres in Big Island township, $295.50.

John Reely to Harriet Miles, inlots 29 and 30 in Waldo, $1.

J. G. Fairbanks to C. B. Schneider, lot 2251 in Mechanics' addition to Marion, $225.

J. S. Miles to John Reely, inlots 29 and 30 in Waldo, $1.

J. W. Miller, and others, to Henry Ried, lot 312 in the Columbian addition to Marion, $700.

Thomas J. Uncapher, and others, to W. J. Black, lots 3085 and 3086 in Eden Park addition to Marion, $650.

John Bland to Josh Bland, —— acres in Waldo township, will.

J. S. Hays, trustee, to Bain Brothers, one lot in Marion, $1,100.

C. S. and S. E. Lippincott to Warren G. Harding, lot 3324 in Scott & Croft's addition to Marion, $175.

Wm. T. Miller, and others, to the Adelaide Tile company, 3¾ acres in Claridon township, $100.

F. C. Edsell and wife, to J. W. Miller, and others, one lot in Marion, $950.

**Marietta News.**

Marietta, Jan. 15.—Eddie Maloney had a narrow escape from death Monday. He was watching a big Pratt train and did not notice a fast freight on the side moving toward him. When he became aware of its approach the footing was so near that it struck his shovel as he left the track.

Freeman Bonsall has the thanks of those afoot for putting a new foot path to the church.

The meetings at the W. U. church still continue. There have been 30 accessions as yet.

The shoe factory has started up. One enterprising telephone company is busily engaged in stretching the wire to connect this place with Caldonia.

Campbell Dickson made a business trip to Galion Tuesday.

James McKinstry and Charles McKinstry were in Marion Monday.

Mr. Monahan of Caledonia has moved into his new house here.

Rev. Mr. McCracken has returned to Mt. Gilead.

A measly little student is expected soon to assist at the meetings. The roads are against the attendance of many from out of town.

Jimmy Sharrock and wife were to Marion, Tuesday.

Mr. James McKinstry of Bucyrus, who had a slight attack of paralysis recently, was visiting in town last week.

Mrs. Will Moon has returned from a visit in Caledonia.

**Gurley Notes.**

Gurley, Jan. 18.—Rev. and Mrs. Needles, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Seabold attended the funeral of Harry Schultz at Scott Town, Wednesday.

The funeral of the infant child of Charles Romoser was held at the Edgeville church last Saturday morning, Rev. Mr. Needles officiating.

The little daughter of Chas. Lamont is ill.

Charles Yetchtner is suffering an attack of measles.

Mrs. Tucker is quite ill.

Archibald Manley cut his foot quite badly while chopping wood.

## BIG CONTRACT

**With the Short Line Being Carried on by Local Contractors.**

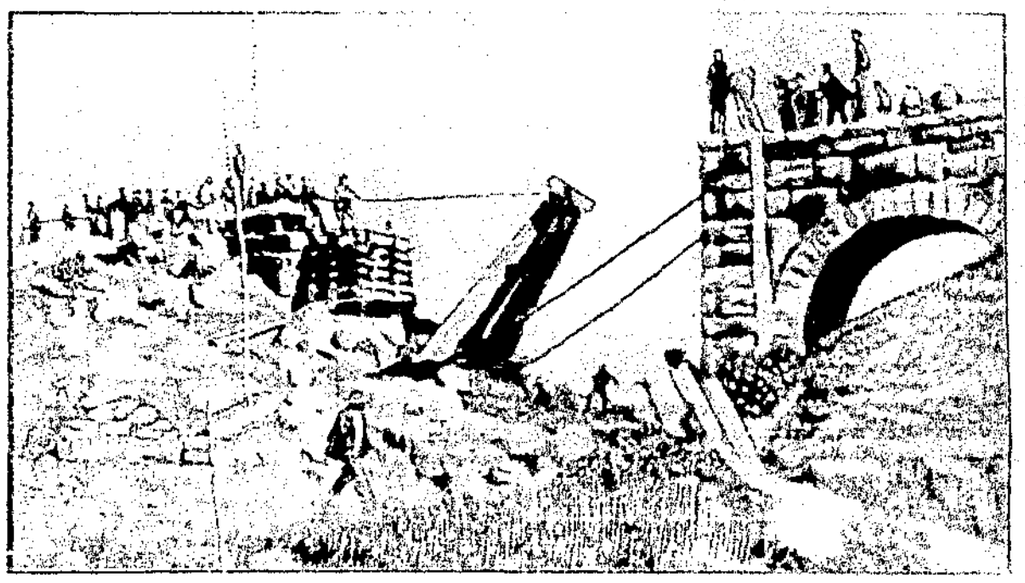
The Norris & Cheyenne Lime and Stone company has begun delivery on one of the largest contracts for crushed stone ever awarded by that company. The Short Line railroad company has contracted for several thousand cubic yards of crushed stone to be used in repairing the roadbed along the line, and especially at junctions, of which Marion Junction is to receive a liberal share. It is the intention of the company to get as much of the condition as quickly as possible. Deliveries of stone have been made at the rate of fifteen cars per day, and as soon as the company can take care of the stone the amount per day will be increased.

## OBITUARY.

Harry Selma Shultz was born August 1882, in Scott Town, and on account of his ill health was taken to New Mexico March of 1901, he was united in marriage to Miss Ida Alexander. Soon after their marriage he went into business for himself at Hagerman and from there he moved to Agenta where he died. His integrity and good judgment early in life won for him recognition in business circles. In every capacity of which he has served he has proved himself worthy of the confidence reposed in him. As a citizen he was public spirited and progressive and commanded the respect of all who knew him. He was a liberal supporter of the church and to all appeals on charity he used heartily responded. Harry was the youngest of his seven children, a little sister and two brothers having gone on to the skies many years ago. It is about four years since his mother died and it can be truly said of Harry that he never caused heartache or an hour of sorrow in his life. His devoted wife, aged father and brothers and sisters are now down close to their savior in the loving Christ and are confidently living with bowed heads. "Thy will be done," but with bleeding hearts. Further we miss him not. His home relations were beautiful. Home was his Eden, where he proved himself an ideal husband. Yes who have lovely homes will know where his loss will be most keenly felt. The sympathy of the entire community is extended to the bereaved ones in their hour of sorrow.

# BRITAIN SUMMONS ALL TO REPEL ASSAULT

English Soldiers Struggle To Be Ready to New Attack at Roode Hedgte.



In their invasion of Cape Colony the Boers took Roode Hoogte by surprise, defeated the British force there and destroyed the railroad at that point. Another attack is feared and while every effort is being made to repair the damage done and provide full road communication, equal care is taken to throw up defenses to repel assault of renewed

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**Cooding Newsletter.**

Cooding, Jan. 18.—Mr. I. Evans will move from south of Prospect into his new house south of the village.

Mr. and Mrs. V. H. Mayfield will return to Columbus after visiting a month at the home of D. Mayfield.

Mrs. John Watts is slowly improving after a protracted illness.

Miss Maggie Somerville of Richwood is spending the week at Mapel Lawn.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant Waters are quite ill of measles.

Mr. and Mrs. David Mayfield spent Monday at the Keller home north of Green Camp.

Miss Somerville and Mrs. W. H. Davids were guests of Mrs. Gertrude Jacobs Thursday.

**Well Known Here.**

John Sutley, formerly of Prospect, died at Delaware Wednesday at the age of fifty-three years.

The deceased was well known in Marion, and at one time was employed in this city.

A sister, nephew and other relatives and friends of Mr. Sutley still remain in Marion.

Charles Monnett will bring three or four hundred head of Western cattle to this county next May, and fatten them for the market. Mr. Monnett has been shipping cattle from the West to Marion county for the past several years, and finds it quite profitable.

Mr. Garver an employe of the Huber company, was struck with a chip from an emery wheel last Saturday. A piece of the wheel was imbedded in the eye, but he was not aware of it until Monday evening, when he called upon Dr. C. T. Wiant and had the chip removed.

The north Main street property involved in the foreclosure proceedings of the Indemnity Building and Loan company against Cornelius Molloy and others, was appraised at $1,000 Tuesday by P. C. Harvey, C. Haberman and J. E. Crow.

All druggists sell Dr. Miles' Nerve Plasters.

## SIGNALS THE MARTIANS

### Plan of Camille Flammarion Criticussed by a Chicago Genius.

### IMMENSE LIGHTS MUST BE USED.

**Ingenious Scheme to Advise the Inhabitants of the Earth's Planet Described by Sara Fox, a Machinist Philosopher—Question Details Well Took.**

In view of Chicago's big manufacturing plants as the Northwest Side there works a three months' conference, geologist, essayist and philosopher, says the Chicago Times-Herald. He lives back of the shop he is known as "Shad Fox machinist, room stock No. 85." When he arrives at the shop at 7 o'clock every morning, to workmen rode for nine hours of daylight, but in the long hours of darkness, for into the darkness this man studies, studies, studies. Astronomy is the key to all of his studies whether it be a simple problem in mechanics or a complex astronomical proposition.

The subject of astronomy off for a dead animal for such theories, and this learned gentleman has long been a close student of solar mysteries, or, as he calls them, the "thoughtfulness of the heavens." He has closely followed the researches of the celebrated French astronomer, Flammarion, and the publication a few days ago of the latter's scheme for communicating with the planet Mars has aroused his enthusiasm. He gladly consented to elucidate the "idea of Flammarion's idea," as he aptly put it.

"It is a theory accepted among scientists," began Fox, "that if Mars is inhabited the people must be a very intelligent race, as the planet is much older than the earth. They are as intelligent as the inhabitants of the earth, undoubtedly more so. It therefore follows as a natural conclusion that there are students of astronomy on Mars as well as here, and it also follows that as their planet is in the same solar system as ours, they observe the same planets, suns and constellations that we do. This is the basis of Flammarion's scheme.

"The appearance of the earth to the Martians is somewhat similar to the appearance of the moon to us. The earth shines with a reflected light only. A very powerful illumination on the earth's surface would at night be discernible to the inhabitants of other planets, particularly if the illumination were in powerful parallel rays and was directed toward one particular planet. Taking the two theories, first, that the Martians observe the same constellations and planets that we do and of course the earth also, and that a light can be projected to Mars, we come to a fuller realization of Flammarion's plan that is, to produce, by artificial means, a color constellation by means of powerful searchlights properly placed on the surface of the earth with their rays directed toward Mars. You see the idea? The next step is to select the constellation to be reproduced. Flammarion knows that that of Ursa Major, the Great Bear, or, as it is commonly called, the 'Big Dipper' will be chosen first of the star lamps, but it looks as if he had been objected by some unseen hand. The fact that the Great Bear is one of the largest constellations makes it likely that a reproduction of it would attract the attention of the Martian astronomers and cause them to examine into the matter further.

"The next step was the selection of the points, of which there must be seven, as these are easily seen in the Great Bear. Here again is seen the guiding hand of Providence. In Europe there are seven large cities, centers of population, which are in the same relative position as the stars in the constellation of Ursa Major. These cities are Berlin, Marseilles and Paris in France, Stockholm in Germany, Copenhagen in Holland, Odessa in Russia and Stockholm in Sweden. Flammarion proposes that in each of these cities there shall be erected a powerful electric searchlight, supplied with a powerful dynamo and mounted in the same manner as a large telescope, that it might follow the planet as the earth revolves. The beams of the searchlights would be parallel so that the light would be thrown in parallel rays, and these seven immense searchlights would be connected so that they could be operated from a central station, probably Paris, and could be lighted or extinguished simultaneously.

"Now, in order to give a better illustration of this I have taken this terrestrial globe, and on the dots representing these seven cities I have placed pins. You will notice that they form the Big Dipper. To get an idea of the appearance that these lights would present to the Martian astronomers take a sheet of paper over the front of a small box, first punching the paper with seven pinholes to form the Big Dipper. In a darkened room place a candle behind this, and you will see how the seven points of light will shine out, while the rest of the paper is not so light. That is the way the searchlights will look to the Martians. Their rays will be thrown directly at the planet night after night and will without doubt attract the attention of her scientists, who will undoubtedly investigate the phenomenon at once. They will see that we are trying to communicate with them and will probably decline some means of reply."

"But how would we continue the conversation should Flammarion's plan succeed?" was asked.

"That part of it will have to be left to the imagination," replied Fox. "I have my idea, and I presume Flammarion and others have theirs."


# FOR SALE.

11,000 acres of timber land in Monroe county, Arkansas, and on the line of the Missouri and Arkansas R. R., 30 miles west of Pioneer, estimated at 1,500 cords per acre. 2,000 ft. of good large amount of small ash, good hickory, elm, cypress, pecan and persimmon. Title perfect. Price $10 (2) dollars per acre. For further particulars, make inquiry.

Six room frame dwelling on Oak St.; veranda, well, cistern, wood and coal house, splendid front. Will trade for property more centrally located and pay difference. Price $1400.

Five acres, big house and barn, good well, cistern, fruit, 3 miles south of Marion; close to Waldo pike. Price $1400.

If you have $600 and want to buy a good established business in a good location, it will be to your interest to see us soon and get the particulars.

FOR RENT—Two front upstairs rooms in private dwelling, suitable for housekeeping; grate or furnace heat, gas, good location.

Cream dwelling on Bala Avenue.
6-room dwelling, Delaware avenue.
6-room dwelling, 8 Prospect St.
Brown dwelling, Patterson St.

LIPPINCOTT BROS.,
Heppard Building. Phone 830



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**Figuring on Real Estate?**

Then come and see me, and let's talk over the big list of properties I have for disposal.

FOR SALE

80 acres, 7 miles west of Marion.

165 acres, 8 miles south-west of Marion.

160 acres, 8 miles south-west of Marion.

80 acres, 12 miles north-west of Marion.

Also 212 acres near Scott Town—fine land and building $10,000.

Just acres in Delaware county—fine house, 3 barns, drained, and can be sold on terms to suit purchaser.

Secure my list of rental property.

A. S. NEWTON,
Phone 301 Real Estate Agent.


# DAILY MARKET REPORT

Received by wire at 2 p. m.

**NEW YORK.**

New York, Jan. 17.—Pork—Quiet; mess 13.50 @ 14.50.

Lard—Quiet, steam rendered 7.70.

Butter—Receipts 3,701; fancy firm; fair demand, state dairy 14 @ 19½; do creamery 16 @ 21; Western 16 @ 21.

Eggs—Receipts 6,050; easy; state 19½ @ 21, Western 18 @ 20.

Tallow—Quiet; city 5¼ bid; country 4¾ @ 5¼.

**TOLEDO.**

Toledo, Jan. 17.—Wheat—Cash 77½; May 75¾. Corn—Cash 37; May 37¾. Oats—Cash 31; May 26. Clover seed—Cash 6.30 @ 6.35; old prime 6.35; March 7.25.

**EAST BUFFALO.**

East Buffalo, Jan. 17.—Cattle—Receipts 2 cars; market steady. Veals 5.25 @ 5.75.

Hogs—Receipts 30 cars fresh, 20 holdovers. Market opened about slow at about 5c decline from yesterday's prices, but was firmer later. Sales Yorkers, mixed and heavy 5.30; pigs 5.25 @ 5.27½; roughs 4.70 @ 4.85.

Sheep and lambs—Tops 5.85 @ 5.90; fess 5.00; culls to good 4.25 @ 5.80; sheep tops mixed 4.00 @ 4.40; culls to good 2.00 @ 3.00.

**CHICAGO.**

Chicago, Jan. 17.—Wheat 1c higher, closing a gain of ¾c late in the day. May sold at 75¾ up to 75¾, down sharply to 74½ to late rallied to 75, where it closed.

Corn 1c higher and strong. May sold at 38¼, off to 37¾, up to 38¾ to 38½ at close.

Oats 1c better. May sold at 24¾ to 25¼, closing at 25½.

Provisions higher, 5 @ 15c for pork, 25c for lard and ribs. May products ranged: Pork 12.95 to 11.15; lard 7.42½ to 7.50; ribs 7.05 to 7.15.

**UNION STOCK YARDS.**

Union Stock Yards, Ill., Jan. 17.—Cattle—Receipts 11,000; market steady to shade lower. Fancy native beeves 5.80 @ 6; good to choice 5.00 @ 5.80; fair to fair 3.70 @ 4.50; selected feeders 4 @ 4.40; mixed stockers 3.60 @ 3.85; fat cows 2.75 @ 4.30; bolters 2.75 @ 4.50; canning cows 2.50 @ 2.70; bulls 2.50 @ 4.25; calves 4.50 @ 6.00.

Hogs—Receipts 29,000; market active at yesterday's average. Top 5.42½; bulk 5.25 @ 5.27½; light 5.10 @ 5.30; rough packing 5.05 @ 5.15; mixed and butchers 5.10 @ 5.30; heavy packing and shipping 5.15 @ 5.32½; pigs 4.20 @ 4.90.

Sheep—Receipts 12,000; market steady to the lower. Natives 2.50 @ 4.60; Western 3.35 @ 4.60; native lambs 3.75 @ 5.50; Western lambs 4.25 @ 5.50; yearlings 5.00 @ 5.

New York—A. H. Seymour died at his home in Brooklyn last night of pneumonia. Seymour, back in the early eighties, was chief operator of the Western Union, later manager of the Bankers and Merchants' Telegraph company, and afterwards took press reports for the United Press at the office of the Brooklyn Times. He continued in the same position with the Publishers' Press.

Pittsburg—Thieves forced an entrance to the banking house of John Conway & Company at Sharpsburg, Pennsylvania, Tuesday night, and emptied the safe, and got away with $700.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

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MARION WEEKLY STAR.

Price, $1.50 Per Year, in Advance.

BY W. G. HARDING.

16 Pages 2 Parts.
PART ONE 8 PAGES.
PART TWO 8 PAGES.

SATURDAY - - - - JANUARY 19

The backbone of the Philippine rebellion is suffering another relapse.

If the British can't catch DeWet, perhaps DeWet can catch the British.

Just to further show his contempt Pingree went to sleep in the court room.

Mr. McKinley can not help but feel pleased over the solid support the Ohio electors gave him.

Senator Foraker did not support the army canteen. Will Pearlygates Baker make a note of that?

Marion has a big twentieth century building boom to launch as soon as the robins nest again.

Massachusetts Republicans seem determined that Senator Hoar shall die with his senatorial shoes on.

This talk about nominating him for governor ought to make Uncle Abe Patrick feel just as young as he used to be.

The Democratic silverites are expecting Mr. Bryan's forthcoming visit to Ohio to hold the would-be re-organizers awhile.

There are possibly a few people in Marion who will not believe that there is to be a new union depot until they see it dedicated.

Hon. Frank S. Monnett's claim that Ohio would go for Bryan was completely knocked out Monday when the electors met in Columbus.

If we understand the politics of the Cleveland Leader, it wants to know, and is in a hurry to find out, whether forty-rod whisky follows the flag?

The Fostoria Times is now getting its anti-prosperity arguments from the delinquent tax sale notices. The Times will refuse to recognize prosperity until everbody is worth a million.

Campaign lying ought to be made as reprehensible as cheating in business transactions.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Those who recall the Cincinnati Enquirer's campaign methods will appreciate the nerve of the above.

Mr. Roosevelt has been presented with the club which was thrown at him at Victor, Colorado, during the campaign. It is supposed that the cake of ice which came near hitting Mr. Hanna melted before anybody thought of keeping it for the senator.

Upon its favorite theme of taxation as the pertinent issue of the times the Upper Sandusky Union is inclined to be decidedly non-partisan in its views, which it expresses quite breezily. That paper says that the office-holding class, in the average is strictly non-partisan when it comes to perpetrating the present fashion of government, and there is more truth than poetry in the declaration. We quote the Union as follows:

"The officeholders that convene in annual convention at Columbus to talk over the 'good of the order,' are non-partisan; the lobby made up of office-holders to intensify the theory that 'public office is a private cinch,' are non-partisan, and in the intricate machinery annually grinding out higher tax rates, Democrat and Republican cogs 'officially' work in blissful unison. This fact has been frequently demonstrated in investigations made in recent years in various counties of the state. The investigation in Marion county (although Democratic) did not bring to the front a flattering demonstration of the Democratic doctrine of 'Government economically administered.' The condition, unearthed in Democratic Marion found a counterpart in Republican Delaware—the officials of both parties figuring largely in the profit and loss which fell to the officeholder on the one side of the 'public ledger' and to the denuded tax payers on the other.

"The remedy for this, in the mind of the Union, is agitation, with taxation as the issue. Disregarding the truth that there is practically little difference in officials, the Union sees no reason why the Democratic party should not take up the issue. 'All parties have been too much under the guidance and influence of those who make office-holding a life-long pursuit, and for that reason, and none other, the reasonably dominant issue—taxation, has been slighted and kept in the background. On that account, there are but few localities in the state where the tax rate is not outrageous and where officials, Democratic and Republican, are not working hand in hand—to make it more so."

The people of Cuba under the proposed constitution, will have universal suffrage. Good for Cuba. She should have what she wants in that line. We are under resolution to see that Cuba gets all she desires in the way of independence. That is the feeling, as we place our hands over our hearts and solemnly declare that there must be no violation of our pledge. But isn't it an awful struggle between conscience and temptation? Let Cuba ask to be annexed to the United States and see what a rush there would be to accommodate her. Why can't this Gem of the Antilles see that we are dead in love with her, anyhow, and only restrained by resolution from popping the question?

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union has a right to feel that it is some pumpkins. The army canteen is to be abolished, and the greatest share of credit for this is due to the members of this noble organization. They have won against the advice of army officers, whose judgment, for practical purposes, is worth yards of resolutions on the subject from these zealous women. But congress has yielded to the women, not because their opinion is to be accepted against the practical men of the army—who believe that there will be more drunkenness after the canteen is abolished than before—but because it is believed to be good politics to recognize the sentiment which the good women represent.

Dr. Gladden of Columbus Sunday evening began a series of nine lectures upon the more important social institutions. His topics are the Home, the School, the Church, Societies, the Novel, the Drama, Music, Pictures, the Press. Dr. Gladden places the Home first, and it was upon this theme that he lectured Sunday evening. The Star can do no better than to quote briefly from this admirable lecture, which concludes that the most vital need of the nation is better homes. Dr. Gladden says:

"Of all the institutions of society the Home is first, most important, most fundamental, most divine. The home includes the family, which in its ideal represents all of God that man can know—the affection which submerges identity and makes one of twain; the fatherhood and motherhood, which typifies more perfectly than anything else can do the divine character and the relation of God to men; the childhood, which is the true type of man's relation to God; the brotherhood, which gives us the law of the kingdom of heaven and earth. If every family were what it ought to be, all their human relations could hardly help being just what they ought to be; and the kingdom of heaven would have fully come to earth. And the family is the only social institution of which anything like this can be said."

"Upon American households depends religious progress and social and civil reforms." To abolish poverty, vice, crime, lawlessness, strife between capital and labor and rotten politics, in the quickest and shortest way, Dr. Gladden would make the home what it ought to be. This includes reform in the gilded home as well as in the hovel. "The source and spring of municipal life, of national life is in the homes of the people." There is food for reflection for the reformers and sociologists in these admirable thoughts presented by the Columbus divine.

Secretary Wilson of the Agricultural department, in an argument before the senate committee in favor of the passage of the oleomargarine bill, stated that the amount of butter disposed of annually about eighteen pounds per capita and of oleomargarine over one pound. This he regards as dangerous competition. Mr. Wilson says that in Washington more oleomargarine than butter is sold. This is either a sad comment on the statesmanship of the country, with which Washington is thronged, or it is a high testimonial to oleomargarine. If these bright minds and sensitive palates can not distinguish between real butter and the imitation we may be led to infer that the situation is not so alarming after all. But the argument is that the farmer should be protected. Perhaps if he would make better butter there would be less need of protecting him against oleomargarine manufacturers. The average butter purchaser goes to his grocer with fear and trembling, especially if he is going to rely on his own judgment. If he has confidence in his grocer he will throw himself on the mercy of that gentleman, and may expect to get the best there is in stock. Of the butter marketed, some of it is good, some indifferent and much horrid enough to drive the average purchaser in search of deceptive oleomargarine or any other substitute for the real article. The victims of bad country butter would no doubt be willing that the buttermakers be given protection if they will reciprocate by studying the art of buttermaking.

The election of Hon. Matthew Stanley Quay to the United States senate ends a struggle which began in the Pennsylvania legislature in the winter session of 1899. At that time the legislature was deadlocked and had to adjourn without a senator being chosen. It was then that Governor Stone appointed Mr. Quay to the vacancy in the senate, but that body rejected the appointment and the vacancy remained. Mr. Quay has had a hard fight against strong, bitter and determined opponents who were led by Hon. John Wanamaker, a man of powerful influence in Pennsylvania politics. These opponents have been quite free in their predictions of Mr. Quay's defeat, and while they have been yelling from the housetops the quiet man from Beaver has maintained his characteristic silence. He has won a notable victory, which must be gratifying to himself.

It has been the Star's pleasure to read in the Gazette a synopsis of a sermon delivered by Rev. Mr. Jameson, pastor of the Williams Street M. E. church at Delaware, Sunday evening. His subject was "The Relation of the Newspaper to the Welfare of the Community." The Star quotes passages from the sermon which is unusually fair and devoid of the criticisms which the chronic carper indulges in so frequently. There are admittedly imperfections in the average newspaper just as there are imperfections in the average minister and in the average professing christian. Mr. Jameson recognizes these truths but he finds that the newspaper, in gathering, condensing and crystalizing the news does no more lying than the average preacher. This minister recognizes the newspaper as one of the three great forces operating in society to determine day by day the advancement of the moral, intellectual, social and political conditions of the people. These three forces are public schools, the public press and the pulpit.

We give below some of the points of Mr. Jameson's sermon:

The American newspaper exerts as much influence upon the masses of the people as the schools and the pulpit.

The free press of this country is the mother of the free schools. It is the great moral and intellectual support of the pulpit of our country.

The American newspaper as a whole is no more immoral than the pulpit.

If a person of limited education would become a careful reader of the newspapers he would in a comparatively short time become a scholar.

Politics are not detrimental to a newspaper. There are as good men in politics as there are in the pulpit.

The newspapers could win more victories if they would publish things as they find them.

The newspapers of this country are by necessity too conservative for the best interests of the public. Their moral tone and policy is measured by the demands of the people.

The above observations are so different from what we are in the habit of hearing from the pulpit that they are absolutely refreshing. Rev. Mr. Jameson is entitled to the gratitude of the newspapers for his fair treatment of them, and for the candid manner in which he compares them with the pulpit.

On the subject of Mr. Quay's election the Washington Post enthusiastically calls for three cheers, and remarks:

Mr. Quay stands for the principle upon which our political institutions are founded—the rule of the majority. He is a stalwart at every point. He believes in party politics—in organization, in discipline and in harmonious party action. The Mugwump cry of "bosses" does not affect him in the least. The logical projection of our free institutions ends in a "boss." There can be no such thing as government by party without leaders, guides, controllers, and these are "bosses" in the only proper meaning of the term. The men who rise to positions of control; who secure authority and the power of decision, who are trusted and commissioned by the rank and file, are the appointed chieftains of the political organization they represent. Mr. Quay is one of these—one of the most conspicuous and distinguished. He has been once cheated out of his well-won place by a vicious combination of falsehood and hypocrisy as we have ever heard of. Today he stands triumphant on the wreck of the base contrivances of his enemies—holding now, as he has ever held, the confidence, the affection and the loyalty of the Republican masses of the great state of Pennsylvania.

Ex-Governor Mounts' sudden death from overwork, and the fact that the state has no ex-governors living, gives rise to the belief that Indiana is a hard taskmaster. The outlook for the present and future executives of that state, unless there is an effort to relieve them of some of the exacting and wearying duties of the office, is anything but a cheerful one.

It is altogether probable that the country will get along some way even should the Delaware legislature remain deadlocked indefinitely.

The Canadian contingents from the Cape are expected to land next week and the biggest kind of a welcome is being prepared for them. The Canadians did well in the war and the United States doesn't begrudge them their honors, but the cable travels quicker than the steamship and the news of what has happened at the Cape since the Canadians left England for home is likely to prove a disagreeable surprise to them. It is improbable that the Dominion government will be called upon to replace with fresh troops those who have come home so prematurely.

Senator Benjamin Pitchfork Tillman denies a story that he and Hon. William Jennings Bryan, the twice-defeated candidate for president, are "on the outs." In explaining the state of harmony that exists between himself and Mr. Bryan, Mr. Tillman says: "We are agreed as to the future policy of the Democratic party." That ought to be sufficient and satisfying. With these two Democratic leaders agreed, what's the use of the would-be reorganizers fretting their souls about the future? There is nothing to worry about. Grover Cleveland, so long silent—his thoughts a sealed book—may thaw out, become loquacious, and prate of going back to fundamental principles, but what figure will his influence have against the simple announcement from the only and original pitchforker with reference to his own and Mr. Bryan's position? "We are agreed as to the future policy of the Democratic party." What could be more reassuring?

If Mr. Tesla doesn't want to disturb things generally—upset all religious views and demoralize accepted theories as to the creation of the universe, he will be kind enough to "ring off" before we get on speaking terms with the Martians.

Marion is now the electric railway center of the state, on paper.

Marion has forty-one saloons and only one water company.

IT'S HALF OVER.

KLEINMAIER'S

14th Annual 10% Discount Sale

Ends Saturday, Feb. 2nd.

HUNDREDS HAVE TAKEN ADVANTAGE OF IT.

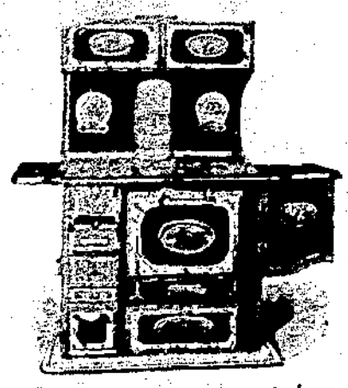
HAVE YOU?

It's a grand opportunity of getting your choice of Marion's best line of Clothing, Hats and Furnishings at greatly reduced prices.

TWO MORE WEEKS WILL END IT.

Stoves M'CLAINS Stove

Y. M. C. A. BLDG.



You've Gone Into a Home

and many a time the very first thing that struck your fancy was the beautiful cooking stove.

BORN RANGES are not only beautiful, but substantial and useful. Their sterling features are many and varied, and if you will only come and let us explain the merits of this stove to you, we can assure you your visit will be worth the while. Just think of the price—

$37.50.

## HORRIBLE CRIME COMMITTED AT LIMA

Lima, O., Jan. 16.—The little town of McGill, in Paulding county, is aroused over a horrible outrage upon a year-and-a-half-old boy. His stepfather, John Barrus, is under arrest. Barrus is charged with whipping the child until great black welts appeared on his little body, and then sitting the baby on a hot stove, and holding it there until its body was horribly burned. It is feared the child will die from the brutal treatment. Barrus confesses to having beaten the child, and excused his action on the grounds that the little one failed to obey him.

### Machine Man Invited.

(Special Dispatch.)

The committee of the Buckeye club charged with the duty of arranging for the banquet to be held on the evening of February 12 is already at work and will soon be able to announce the complete program. Invitations to address the club on that occasion will be sent to Senators Foraker and Beveridge, Hon. C. B. Landis of the Ninth Indiana district and Hon. Warren G. Harding of the Thirteenth senatorial district. Covers will be laid for 100, and the banquet will be served at the Seal.

A. J. Monroe has completed a new dwelling on Elm street and moved into it Wednesday.

### Again a Senator.

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 16.—A rumor is in circulation this afternoon that Colonel Guffy, who received the votes of most of the Democrats in the legislature for United States senator, is in communication with Democratic National Chairman Jones, with a view of contesting Quay's right to a seat in the senate.

The report cannot be traced to any reliable source. Quay left for Washington this morning. It is expected he will be sworn tomorrow.

At 12 o'clock today the house went into joint session with the senate to compare journals of the two bodies on the vote for United States senator. The journals showed the election of M. S. Quay.

Pittsburg.—Colonel J. M. Guffy denies that he intends contesting the election of Senator Quay. "I am entirely satisfied with the result of the election," he said.

## TEDDY ROOSEVELT BUSY KILLING LIONS

Meeker, Col., Jan. 17.—Theodore Roosevelt has killed two more lions. Tuesday the dogs treed a lion five miles north of the ranch. When the party rode up the lion became frightened and jumped, landing thirty feet away, where it was quickly caught by the dogs.

Quickly Roosevelt was out of the saddle and into the fight, striking but one blow with his knife, which passed through the lion's heart.

Wednesday the party struck another lion's trail two miles from the ranch, which they followed until noon, when the dogs treed it in a few minutes. The lion jumped, and, getting clear of the dogs before the party could reach the spot, it ran into its den, several dogs following it in. The lion soon rushed out, and again sought safety in a tree.

For a minute the beast remained, looked viciously around, and then attempted to leap into another tree. The distance was too great, however, and the animal fell to the ground.

Roosevelt was in the scuffle at once, moving backward and forward with the fighting animals. A moment later he stabbed the lion in the heart.

## QUITE A ROMANCE.

### After Years of Separation Mr. and Mrs. Dexter Marry.

Mr. Oscar Dexter and Mrs. Barbara Dexter were united in marriage Thursday forenoon by Squire F. J. Kelleher.

The marriage has something of a romance connected with it. The couple wedded that forenoon have lived apart for five years, and have been divorced since March 31, 1896.

Mr. and Mrs. Dexter resided in the eastern part of the county, but their former married life was not a happy one. The wife was granted a divorce on the grounds of extreme cruelty, and given the custody of the children.

Recently an order was made by the court changing the time of Dexter's visits to his children. He met his divorced wife during these visits. They talked over their former troubles, and a second courtship ensued, which resulted in marriage.

Mr. Dexter is quite well-to-do. With his wife and children he will make his home in the eastern part of the county.

## ONLY THREE OUT.

### Major Portion of Interurban Right-of-Way Secured.

Every property-holder on the line of the proposed interurban electric road save three has signed for the right-of-way between this city and Green Camp. An effort is being made to secure the three signatures in order that the promoters may go before the commissioners and ask for a franchise.

One of the property-holders objects to the side of the road on which the line is to be constructed. The others fear that it may frighten their stock.

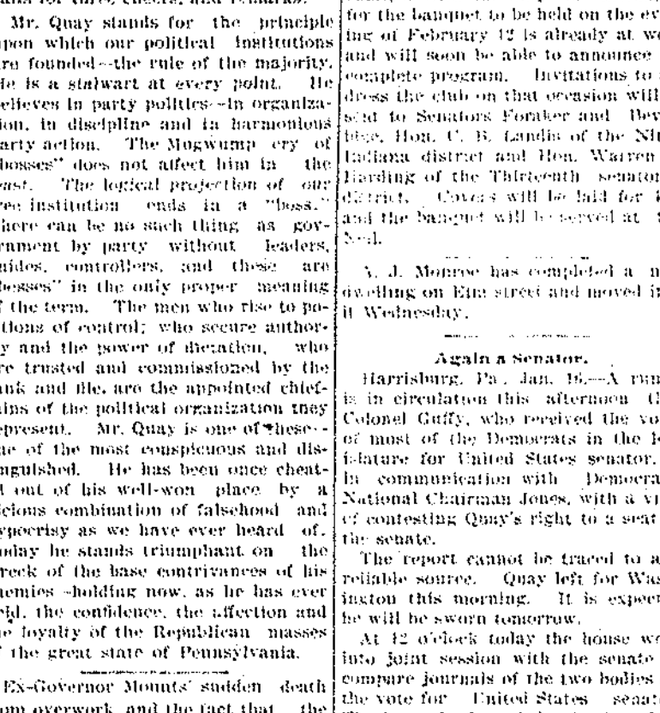
## COMMON PLEAS.

The papers in the criminal matter of the State of Ohio against Albert Ross which were sent to Judge Tobias for his signature, were returned Thursday and were sent to Mansfield. The reformatory authorities will probably send for the prisoner the latter part of this week or the first of next.

### Administrator's Sale.

On Thursday January 24, the stock and farm implements of the late George Gooding deceased, will be sold at auction, one-half mile from Owen. Five horses, eight head of cattle, seven hogs and thirty-six sheep, besides several wagons, hay, straw, etc., will be sold. The sale will begin at 9 o'clock a. m. Josiah Sherman, administrator. wkg

Irvin, the four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles McClung, had his right arm broken between the wrist and elbow Wednesday evening as the result of a fall out of a door at the home of his parents on Cherry street. The little fellow was given the necessary surgical attention by Dr. S. H. Britton.



MATTHEW STANLEY QUAY

Who was Wednesday re-elected United States senator from the state of Pennsylvania on the joint ballot of the two legislative bodies at Harrisburg.

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# PROSPEROUS YEAR

## A Year Hundred Is as Good a Year for Huber People as Eighteen Ninety-Nine.

## OUTLOOK FOR SEASON IS FINE

**Full Board of Officers of Company Are Elected That Effect—Customary Cash Dividend Is Declared—Stockholders Elect Old Directors—The Old Officers Retained.**

The annual meeting of the stockholders and directors of the Huber Manufacturing company was held at the office of the company Tuesday afternoon. During the afternoon the directors met and completed business of the year which was a most satisfactory one, better than anticipated considering the crop conditions of last year's past season, despite the fact that in many states, has been that of the season of

...ording the stockholders met ...ecial cash dividend was de... the reports of the officers of ... gave promise of an excellent ...ess for the season to come ...ectors was re-elected, as ...

... J Brockett, D W Huntington, J A Schroeder and S E Barlow.

The directors had been sworn ...anized by electing E Huber president, A J Brockett, vice-president, S E Barlow, treasurer, E ... secretary.

## HERBERT HOLVERSTOTT

**Suffers a Fractured Arm—A Victim of Accidents.**

Herbert Holverstott son of Mr and Mrs W H Holverstott residing about two miles east of the city, met with a painful accident Tuesday afternoon while playing ball with a number of other lads at recess. The ball was batted over the fence, and young Holverstott in getting over the fence after it fell and fractured the bone of his left arm.

He was brought to the office of Dr Wiant, who reduced the fracture.

Young Holverstott has been quite unfortunate and has met with a number of accidents. At one time he was run over by the head by a horse, and it was feared that the accident might result fatally. On another occasion he fell into the water, and came near drowning. The youth was rescued in time to prevent a fatality.

## MANY TELEPHONES

**Will Be Installed in Claridon Township in the Spring.**

Pommert proprietor of Caledonia, Ohio, has a telephone on hand which will doubtless be installed in Adelaide and Claridon township. He is equipped with an up-to-date system. Mr Pommert is well known among the farmers of Claridon township and residents of Adelaide. It is the intention to construct telephone lines in the early spring.

Residents of that part of the county are very enthusiastic over the proposed improvement.

## SECOND AUTO

**Is Being Made by Mr. Schuyler Zendt—Big Improvement.**

Schuyler Zendt is working on a second and greatly improved gasoline automobile which he expects to finish in about six weeks. The first machine of the kind built by him contained many valuable features, and was voted a success, but Mr Zendt desires to have the second one an improved machine in every way, embodying such new ideas which experience has taught him are practical.

## HELD TUESDAY

**Is the Funeral of John Klingle of Richland Township.**

The funeral of the late John Klingle took place from the Zion church Richland township Tuesday forenoon at 10 o'clock. Many friends of the deceased were in attendance. Rev. Stonehage delivered the funeral sermon. The Waldo band, of which Klingle was a member, attended in a body. The remains were brought to this city and interred in the Marion cemetery.

## TUESDAY EVENING

**Mr. C. R. Allen and Miss Margaret Richards Are Married.**

Mr. Clarence R. Allen, who is employed by J. W. Harsch, and Miss Margaret Richards of Elmington, Pennsylvania were married at the home of the bride on Patterson street Tuesday evening. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mr. Johnson, of Columbus, presiding elder of this district of the Methodist M. E. conference.

About twenty guests were in attendance at the wedding and a bounteous supper was served.

Emmet West, while driving the horse of Edward Molloy, fell from the buggy and broke his right wrist. The animal frightened at something on North Prospect street, and, saying, threw West to the ground.

## WELL PROTECTED

**From Fire Losses Soon Will Be the City of Marion.**

The work of extending the waterworks of Marion is progressing rapidly. The mains of the east Center street extension have been completed. Work was begun Tuesday on the Reed avenue trenches and will be taken up at once on other branches in the east end of the city.

The three new boilers at the plant are now in full operation. The improvements there are now about completed with the exception of the laying of a brick wall.

The matter of an increased water supply is now being considered. Mr. Cowan, the superintendent, and his employers have not decided upon any plans for a greater water supply as yet. With the five or six miles of additional mains, means must be found to secure more water.

With the many new mains and plenty of water, Marion will be one of the best protected inland cities in the state. Many of the streets on which water mains are being placed have had but little fire protection.

# A VERY CLOSE RACE

## Casper Battenstein Is Now Sixth in the List of the Eight Candidates

## FOR REPRESENTATIVE FROM OHIO

**To Grand Council of United States, Improved Order of Red Men—Five Are To Be Elected, and Fifth Man Is but One Vote Ahead of Local Candidate.**

The contest for representative to the Grand Council of the United States Improved Order of Red Men, will result quite closely. There are to be five representatives from Ohio, and there were eight candidates.

Casper Battenstein of this city is one of the candidates and although from unofficial returns he is sixth in the race, Mr Battenstein feels very much encouraged, and is confident that he will win out. The race for fifth place is between Mr Battenstein and Chas Sasser of Lebanon.

The unofficial returns received here up to Tuesday evening give Mr Sasser 791 votes and Mr Battenstein 791. There are twenty-two tribes in Ohio yet to hear from.

Of the twenty-two tribes from which returns are yet to be received it is believed that Mr Battenstein will receive a majority of the votes cast. The tribes are in a locality where Mr Battenstein is sure to have a large following.

The official board will canvass the entire vote at Cleveland some time next month. The returns from other states however will probably be in before that time, and thus it can be determined who wins the coveted fifth position in the Ohio delegation.

## FINISHING TOUCHES

**Have Been Put on the Repairs at the Hotel Marion.**

Very gratifying to the public are the remodelling and improving of the Hotel Marion just now.

Every room in the house has been repainted and papered, stairways have been cut from the interior of the house to the outside commodious fire escapes. Heretofore the same could not be entered except by the house.

Ladies' and gentlemen's toilet rooms have been placed on each of the upper floors of the house and baths have also been added. An additional large sample room has been placed on the first floor. This was accomplished by removing partitions and throwing two rooms into one.

On the first floor a private parlor has been added.

## NICE POSITION

**Is Secured by Chester Carlisle, Formerly of This City.**

The Marion friends of Dr. Chester L. Carlisle a graduate of the local high school will be glad to hear of the place he is winning for himself in New York. From here Mr. Carlisle went to Cleveland, where he graduated from a medical school and was for a time in the Charity hospital of that city.

In New York state there is a custom of giving annually an appointment to the person passing the highest examination before the state board of medical examiners. Last year Dr. Carlisle won the honor, and, as a result, was given his option of five positions. He accepted and was appointed the first of the year to a place on the medical staff of the Manhattan hospital at Ward Island New York.

## AN ASSIGNMENT

**Is Is Made by a Logan County Man Well Known in Marion.**

George W. Surridge of Bellefontaine about 9:30 o'clock Tuesday night made an assignment in the probate court of Logan county to H. E. Hill of this city. The assets are about $25,000 and the liabilities probably five thousand less.

Mr. Surridge is quite well known in Marion and Marion county.

F. E. Drake of Lincoln avenue, who has the contract for plastering the Waddell Children's Home building, has begun the work and will push it to an early completion.

# MANILLA HARBOR

## It Will Soon Be the Best, or at Least One of the Best, in All the Far East.

## THE WORK WILL COST $2,500,000

**A Million of This Has Already Been Appropriated by Uncle Sam—The Work Will Be Under Direction of American Engineers Selected for the Purpose.**

Manilla Jan 16.—Work on the improvements to Manilla harbor, for which $1,000,000 was appropriated two months since, is not yet under way but engineers from the United States are soon expected and the work will be begun. It will be contract then it rests under their management.

It is estimated that it will take about $2,500,000 to entirely complete the work of building breakwater and dredging which the Spaniards began so long since. When it is done Manilla will have the best port or at least as good as any in the Orient.

Talk of steam and electric railways outside of the line projected to Benguet to connect Manilla with the intended health resort is being heard more and more. Representatives of various promoters have been on the ground and there is a good deal of air this in the air though nothing exactly tangible just now. The project of electric street railways for Manilla is becoming more and more definite.

Under the temporary forestry regulations governing the cutting of timber on public lands the exploitation of the forests of the Philippines has only begun and to-day graduates being put upon a more intelligent, honest and scientific basis.

## CITY NATIONAL BANK.

**The Stockholders Meet Tuesday Afternoon and Elect Directory.**

The stockholders of the City National at their annual meeting Tuesday afternoon at the office of Ossinger & Gothers and elected old board of directors for the ensuing year as follows:

J A Merchant D R Crissinger Wm Carrick Charles McKelvey John D Evans A L Phoney George W King C P Sawyer and F A Huber.

The directors will meet some time in the near future and organize.

The bank people hope to be ready for business in the very near future. The roof of the house at the plant of the Peoples Gas and Fuel company is progressing and work on the burglar vault.

## MAY COME HOME.

**Reuben Snider Expects His Son, Frank, To Visit Him.**

It is quite likely that Frank Snider of the 9th who is now in California, having returned from Manila with a number of prisoners of war will pay a visit to his home before returning. Mr Snider has received and expects a letter from her son for the next few days. In case he does he will spend a fortnight and return East.

Reuben Snider the father of the young man stated Tuesday afternoon that he expected his son home for a short time before he returned to Manilla. Mr Snider is in the oil and gas business and for the past two years has been a great deal of making.

## A FEW STATISTICS

**On the School Attendance in the Township of Marion.**

According to the report on file in the office of J E Odom, secretary, there are 145 boys in attendance at the schools of Marion township and 126 girls.

There are thirteen school houses in the township all of which are constructed of brick with the exception of one. The frame building is south of the city and as there are but two children in the district it is not occupied. It is said that when the Waddell Children's Home is completed the building will be abandoned altogether.

## MARION BOY

**Is House Treasurer of a Theater in City of Churches.**

Louis McFadden who was at one time a resident of this city, is now house treasurer of the Amphion theater in Brooklyn. Mr. McFadden has a place which is quite desirable in many ways and he has held it since the opening of the season.

Mr McFadden was a member of company G, Fourth O V I, which took part in the Spanish-American war.

**Busby Block Addition.**

Among the building improvements planned for the coming summer is a three-story extension of the Busby building, by Harry True. The present temporary brick structure to the rear of the Busby building, fronting on Prospect street, will be torn away and a new, three-story building will be erected to harmonize with the main structure on the corner. The new structure will be arranged for two or three small store rooms on the ground floor.

Alexander Hedges struck his left knee with a hatchet, Tuesday afternoon, inflicting a very bad wound, which necessitated several stitches to close it.

## NEWHOUSE FAMILY

**Will Probably Hold Its Next Reunion in This City.**

It has been about definitely decided to hold the annual reunion of the Newhouse family in this city. Last August the meeting was held at Magnolia, Stark county. Dr. M. Newhouse of Marion, Sparta and William Smart of this city were appointed a committee to decide upon a place for the next reunion.

The latter is a nephew of the family in Ohio and visited the county seat of Marion (Dr. Newhouse's former home) Mineral Swamp and Newcomerstown and did not like what he found. He decided to have the reunion in this city if Mr Smart is willing. Mr. Smart has not been heard from as yet but Mr Snyder and the others that Marion as a place for holding the reunion will be agreeable to him.

The Newhouse family with its clan has, it is computed of about four members. These reside in Southern Ohio Indiana, Illinois, Kansas and Missouri.

# BIG TIME COMING

## Marion Council, No. 22, Royal and Select Masons Are Making Arrangements

## FOR ANNUAL MEETING IN APRIL

**At That Time Degrees Will Be Conferred on a Large Class, and a Fine Banquet Will Be Served—Several Committees Are Appointed Wednesday Night.**

At the regular meeting of Marion Council, No 22 Royal and Select Masons Wednesday evening arrangements were made for the annual meeting which is to take place on the afternoon and evening of April 17. At this time the Royal and Select Masters' degrees and the Super-Excellent degree will be conferred upon a large class of candidates. A banquet will also be served at this time.

The various committees were appointed at the session Wednesday night and the officers of the Super-Excellent degree were named. All members of Cryptic Masonry are looking forward to this event with enthusiasm patrons of a most enjoyable time. Many visitors are expected from the surrounding cities and entertainment will be made to give them a royal welcome and excellent entertainment. The following is a list of the committees appointed:

Committee on arrangements Wm Hann, Daniel Evans and Wm J Pew. Committee on refreshments, B P Sweney, Milton B Dickerson and Robert H Rickenbaugh.

Committee on invitation, George S McClure, William Pew and Fred J Gelbert.

Committee on reception Henry Bair, George D Copeland, Bert Cahill, John J Sphes, Frank R. Sattler, David S Miller, A D Bunce, Charles McKay, Hiram C Bennett, C E Aukerman, Remington R Davis and Milton Mantal.

The officers named were as follows: James A Knapp, king, Harry C Thomas, Cedaliah Phillip Dunbaugh, first K of T, William Pew, second K of T, John H Thomas, third K of T, George D Copeland, first herald, Milton B Dickerson, second herald, Samuel Oppenheimer, third herald, Harvey Wilson, captain of guard, John E Waddell, S E DeWolfe and Sidney Young, royal guards, Henry Tice, treasurer, George S McClure, recorder, Bushe P Searing, trumpeter, Leo Bother, second, Frank L Hunter, organist.

## MRS. JOHN MARKEY

**Suffers a Fall, Wednesday, Which Results Quite Seriously.**

Mrs Margaret Markey, widow of the late John Markey met with a severe accident Wednesday at her home on North Main street. The old lady fell while in her room, and struck the floor with such force that one of her shoulders was dislocated, and at the same time she sustained a broken arm.

Dr. A. B. McMurray was summoned and rendered the necessary surgical aid.

Mrs Markey is in quite feeble health and is eighty-four years of age. On account of her advanced years the condition of the woman is considered quite grave.

## PITTSBURG FIRM

**May Erect a Number of Houses for Rent in Marion.**

A prominent Pittsburg building firm is in correspondence with local parties with a view to purchasing a large plot of ground on which to erect up-to-date dwellings for rent and sale on the installment plan. This firm has the same plan in operation in a dozen large towns and has found the plan an excellent one.

Peter Irvin of Windsor street, who has been operating a steam shovel in Virginia arrived home Wednesday, and is confined to the house on account of an accident, which he suffered several days ago. He fell off the shovel, injuring his hip and causing a large abscess to raise where the injury was most painful. An operation was performed on him Thursday morning.

# GRAND SHOWINGS

## Are Made by Both the Hocking Valley and Erie Roads in Year Ending June 30, 1900.

## THE FORMER CLEARS $1,108,518

**All Things Considered It Is the Best Showing Made by Any Road in the Country—The Erie Clears $1,004,631. Railroad Statistics of Unusual Interest. Local Notes.**

Every Marion [illegible] the United States for the [illegible] ending June 30, 1900 will be interested in the annual reports of the Hocking Valley and Erie railroads which have been issued. Of the two roads with which Marion is connected the Hocking Valley is the smaller, but the showing made by it is the best. The Erie is the largest railroad in the country, and its showing is the best ever made by any railroad.

The Hocking Valley road has [illegible] year ending June 30, 1900 of $1,108,518. All things considered it made the best showing of the country. Its total earnings were $4,417,[illegible] operating expenses $2,611,[illegible] net earnings $1,[illegible]. From net earnings there was paid for interest on bonds $[illegible], rentals $[illegible], sinking fund $[illegible], leaving a surplus of $[illegible].

The Hocking Valley road has [illegible] miles of road, [illegible] miles of second track, [illegible] miles of sidings and [illegible] miles of yard tracks. The road has [illegible] locomotives, [illegible] passenger cars, [illegible] freight cars, [illegible] cabooses and [illegible] other cars. The road has [illegible] employes, who received in wages during the year $[illegible]. The average number of employes was [illegible], and the average wages per month was $[illegible].

The Hocking Valley road has [illegible] miles of railroad operated in the state of Ohio. The passenger earnings were $[illegible], the freight earnings $[illegible], and the mixed train earnings $[illegible].

During the year ending June 30, 1900, [illegible] passengers were carried on the Hocking Valley road, the average distance traveled by each passenger being [illegible] miles. The total number of passengers carried one mile was $[illegible]. The average rate per passenger per mile was [illegible] cents. The average earnings per passenger per mile were [illegible] cents. The average earnings per train mile were $[illegible]. The average number of passengers per train was [illegible]. The average number of passengers per car was [illegible]. The average earnings per car per mile were $[illegible].

The net earnings were $[illegible] and were kept from other sources of $[illegible], making the total available income for the year ending June 30, 1900 $[illegible]. Payments for interest, rentals, etc., amounted to $[illegible], leaving a surplus of $[illegible].

Three of the local railroad [illegible] reported years with which to [illegible] the old county.

For the Marion [illegible] Hocking Valley earned $[illegible]. Its operating expenses were $[illegible], leaving a net earnings of $[illegible]. Of this amount $[illegible] was paid out in rentals, $[illegible] for interest on bonds, $[illegible] for sinking fund, $[illegible] for improvements and $[illegible] for betterments, leaving a surplus of $[illegible].

The Erie road has [illegible] miles of road in the state of New York, [illegible] miles in Pennsylvania, [illegible] miles in Ohio, [illegible] miles in Indiana, [illegible] miles in Illinois, [illegible] miles in Michigan and [illegible] miles in New Jersey. The road has [illegible] locomotives, [illegible] passenger cars, [illegible] freight cars, [illegible] cabooses and [illegible] other cars. The road has [illegible] employes, who received in wages during the year $[illegible]. The average number of employes was [illegible], and the average wages per month was $[illegible].

The Erie road has [illegible] miles of railroad operated in the state of Ohio. The passenger earnings were $[illegible], the freight earnings $[illegible], and the mixed train earnings $[illegible].

During the year ending June 30, 1900 [illegible] passengers were carried on the Erie road, the average distance traveled by each passenger being [illegible] miles. The total number of passengers carried one mile was $[illegible]. The average rate per passenger per mile was [illegible] cents. The average earnings per passenger per mile were [illegible] cents. The average earnings per train mile were $[illegible]. The average number of passengers per train was [illegible]. The average number of passengers per car was [illegible]. The average earnings per car per mile were $[illegible].

The net earnings were $[illegible] and were kept from other sources of $[illegible], making the total available income for the year ending June 30, 1900 $[illegible]. Payments for interest, rentals, etc., amounted to $[illegible], leaving a surplus of $[illegible].

## LESS PROPERTY

**Is Sold for Delinquent Taxes This Year Than Last.**

Less property was sold for delinquent taxes by Deputy Sheriff Miles Tompkins in accordance with the state and county delinquent taxes.

Of the parcels of land and lots sold by Sheriff Miles one was in New Bloomington one in Caledonia, one in Big Island, two in Prospect and one in Marion township.

Twenty-five pieces of property were offered and found to sell hence they will go to the state and be sold next December at the state tax sale.

Four persons purchased the eighteen properties.

Last year there were [illegible] pieces of property sold for delinquent taxes and brought $[illegible]. Taxes appear to be higher in the amount of property sold this year.

## GEORGE W. COURT

**Is Married at Marysville Wednesday. Well Known Here.**

A Marysville special to the Columbus Dispatch tells of the marriage at that place of Miss Winifred Mae Bonnell and George W. Court, both well known Marion people. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Hamilton, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Marysville. The special reads:

"George W. Court one of the wealthy and well known young men of Marion, and Miss Winifred Mae Bonnell, one of the most popular young ladies of this city, were married at the home of the bride's parents on West Fifth street by Rev. Dr. Hamilton, pastor of the First Presbyterian church. The ceremony was performed in the presence of the immediate relatives of the contracting parties. The bride was handsomely attired in white silk and carried a bouquet of bride roses. Miss Bonnell is a graduate of the Marysville high school, class of '98, and is a young lady of many accomplishments. She has a host of friends who will wish her much happiness in her married life. Mr. Court is a graduate of the Ohio Wesleyan university, class of '98, and is a young man of sterling worth. He is a member of the Delta Tau Delta fraternity. He is now engaged in the real estate business in Marion, Ohio. After a short visit with relatives in this city Mr. and Mrs. Court will go to Marion to reside."

## A Hagley Baby

Mr. and Mrs. A. [illegible] are receiving congratulations on the birth of a daughter, which arrived at their home on Hagley avenue Wednesday morning. Mother and child are doing nicely.

Mr. and Mrs. Court are well-known young people of this city, and the many friends of the bride will extend congratulations and best wishes for a happy married life.


The Warner & Edwards Store.

# THIS IS THE MONTH

To buy your Muslins and Sheetings for the year. In a few weeks other goods will claim your attention, besides you can save money by purchasing cotton goods now.

Unbleached Sheetings,

Half bleached Sheetings,

Pillow Case Tubing,

Pillow Case Cottons, all widths, ready to use,

Sheets and Pillow Cases.

WARNER & EDWARDS.



# A. SCHULMAN, Proprietor

OF THE

# Cincinnati Branch Clothing Store

WHO RECENTLY PURCHASED

# The Oppenheimer Store

Corner of Church and Main Streets

Began last Saturday to sell the stock at half price and Oppenheimer prices. As Mr. Schulman wishes to depose of that stock before APRIL 1st, so there will never be a greater opportunity to buy Clothing as there is at present.

## Read the Items of Prices, You Will Note the Difference

Men's Suits, all sizes, in blue, black and gray, former price $12.00, now $7.00.

All-Wool Cheviots and Black Clay Worsteds, former price $5.00, now $2.00.

Fancy Worsteds, Tweeds, Long Cassimeres, Serge, Scotch effects, former price $8.00, now $4.00.

Fine Imported Clay Worsteds, Serges, Oxfords, Herring Bones, former price $12.00, now $6.00.

Fine Imported French Clay, Oxfords and Fancy Worsteds and Cassimeres, former price $15, now $7.

Knee Pant Suits for boys and children, $1.50 goods 75c; $2.00 goods $1.00, $2.50 goods $1.25, $3.00 goods $1.50, $4.00 goods $2.00, $5.00 goods $2.50.

Long Pant Suits in the same proportion, one-half of former price.

Men's Overcoats or Ulsters, or $6.00 Overcoat or Ulster, $3.00, our $9.00 coat for $4.50, our $7.00 coat for $3.50, our $10 coat for $5.00. Fine Overcoats in Oxfords, Meltons, Beavers and Kerseys, which were sold by us at a bargain some at $12 and some at $14, for $7.00.

Men's Random Mixed Shirts and Drawers, the usual 50c grade, for 29c.

Men's Fancy Fleeced Lined Shirts and Drawers, former price 50c, now 25 cents.

Men's Wool Fleeced Shirts and Drawers, former price 75c, now 39c.

Men's All-Wool Camel's Hair Underwear, former price $1.50, now 75c.

A better grade which we sold at $1.75 each for 98c.

Jersey Shirts, our former 75c quality 49c.

Our $1.00 Shirts for

Duck Coats, our $1.25 grade 65c.

All through Rubber Lined Duck Coats, 89c.

Men's Good Cotton Half Hose 3c a pair.

Men's Good Wool Half Hose 9c a pair.

100 Dozen Red Bandanna Handkerchiefs 2c each.

100 Dozen White Bordered Handkerchiefs 2c each.

50 Dozen Suspenders 9c a pair.

We also carry a full line of Men's Mittens and Gloves, Hats and Caps, Umbrellas and Mackintoshes, Overalls and Jackets, Neckwear, etc. I cannot give you prices on all my goods for lack of space. I invite the public in general to come to my store to convince themselves of the genuineness of these bargains. Before I close I wish to announce that the prices given here are to be found in Marion. I remain, respectfully yours,

# A. SCHULMAN,

Cincinnati Branch Store, Herrmann Block, 235 North Main Street.
And the Oppenheimer Store, Corner Main and Church Streets, Marion, Ohio.


NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

# CLEVELAND'S VIEWS.

## He Discusses Conservatism at a Public Spread.

### SEES WOE IN PRESENT TENDENCIES.

**Temptations of National Greed, He Holds, Have Made Galling the Wise Restraints and Limitations of the Constitution—Philippine War a Perversion of Our National Mission.**

New York, Jan. 19.—At the sixteenth annual dinner of the Holland society at the Waldorf-Astoria Rev. Dr. Henry Van Dyke presided. Covers were laid for 200. Prominent persons responded to toasts. Former President Grover Cleveland made the address of the evening. He spoke as follows:

"In this assemblage the question is suggested whether in present conditions conservatism characterizes the conduct or guides the sentiment of our people. There can be but one answer to this question. Conservatism has in a great degree been jauntily cast aside, or condemned as opposed to our country's welfare and glory. A strange voyage has been entered upon without count of cost, and without chart or compass. The tried and sure foundations of our liberty and national happiness have been discredited. Reverence for our national traditions has been relaxed and satisfaction with our country's mission has been undermined. The restraints and limitations of our constitution have become galling and irksome under the temptations of national greed and aggrandizement. Our old love of peace, honor and justice has been weakened, and frugality and content seem are not now traits inseparable from American character. War even with the world's advanced civilization may still be sometimes necessary and justifiable; but whether necessary and justifiable or not, the demoralization that follows in its train can never be avoided. It teaches bloody instructions which, in a country whose citizens do the fighting, cannot fail to leave their impress for a time at least upon public and private life in time of peace.

"Thirty years after the close of the war for the preservation of the Union, a treaty of arbitration was formulated between the United States and Great Britain, which if completed would have gone far towards removing every pretext of war between the two countries. This treaty failed of confirmation in the senate of the United States. Less than five years passed, and those English speaking champions of peace and arbitration are still operating in populated lines—one in the Philippines and the other in South Africa—but no longer for peace and arbitration. Both are killing natives in an effort to possess their lands.

"This indicates a sad eclipse; and in our case it is a most serious one. If England succeeds in her attempt in South Africa, she will but add another to her list of similar acquisitions; a brave people will be subjugated; and because of our engagement in a similar venture in another quarter they will miss the expressions of American sympathy which we are accustomed to extend to those who struggle for national life and independence. On the other hand, with success in our subjugation effort, a new, unified and exceedingly perilous situation will be forced upon us. We can conquer the Philippines, and after conquering them can probably govern them. It is in the strain upon our institutions, the demoralization of our people, the evasion of our constitutional limitations, and the perversion of our national mission that our danger lies. As a distinguished bishop has said: 'The question is not what we shall do with the Philippines, but what the Philippines will do to us.'

"Our country will never be the same again. For weal or woe, we have already irrevocably passed beyond the old lines. The republic will in some sort be saved. Shall it be only in name and semblance, with fair external appearance but with the germs of decay fastened upon its vitals, or shall it, though changed, still survive in such vigor and strength as to remain the hope and pride of free Americans? The problem is a momentous one. Its solution depends upon the extent to which the old patriotism and good sense of our countrymen can be rescued from impending danger. Let it be known that American freedom and popular rule cannot perish except through the madness of those who have them in their keeping."

**Cadet Makes Retraction.**

West Point, N. Y., Jan. 18.—The congressional committee held two sessions at the West Point military academy, two witnesses being examined. The first was Cadet James Prentice, who had accused the late Oscar L. Booz of feigning to read his Bible when he had a novel hidden inside the cover. After a long examination Prentice said that he believed that he was mistaken and Booz might have been reading a lesson leaf or supplement to the Bible. Cadet MacArthur stoutly denied that he had ever fainted from violent exercising and insisted that he had not been treated any more harshly than his late mate, Cunningham, and several other classmates.

**To Stand Upon the Clayton Treaty.**

London, Jan. 18.—The Times, in the course of an editorial on the Nicaragua canal controversy, says: "It will only be necessary to recall the terms of the agreement accepted a year ago with gratitude by American statesmen, to refuse assent to a wholly different agreement and to intimate that, until the agreement is ratified or other reasonable proposals are courteously presented by the American government, we shall continue to stand upon the Clayton-Bulwer treaty."

**Official Functions Canceled.**

Washington, Jan. 18.—Although the president's progress toward recovery from his recent attack of grip has been uninterrupted, it is now probable that, upon the advice of Dr. Rixey, the season's official receptions and cabinet dinners will be canceled. One or two of the official dinners may be given later in the season, but it is believed it would be imprudent for the president to undergo the fatigue of a long reception for some time.

**Rearsarge May Go.**

Pensacola, Fla., Jan. 18.—From advices received here it is thought probable that the flagship Rearsarge will be ordered to Venezuela to protect Americans. None of the officers are ashore, and what makes it appear that instructions have been received to hold the ship in readiness to move is that no officer has been granted shore leave.

## TROOPS

**Will Attempt to Quell the Kentucky Feudal Strife.**

Corbin, Ky., Jan. 19.—A feeling of relief was experienced here upon the arrival from Lexington of a company of militia. No attempt has been made to explore the debris of the White building blown up during the rioting Wednesday night between the Shotwell and White factions.

Friends of the Shotwells watched every train for certain friends of the Whites here and at Williamsburg. It was during these proceedings that Judge Morrow asked Governor Beckham for troops. Fifty of the Clintwells from Clay county came to Gray's Station, there joining the Shotwell faction. Sheriff Sutton has sworn in a very large force of deputies. The Shotwells occupy the hills near the town while the White forces are mostly in Corbin. All the residences are barricaded. There has been some relief since Roch White and Raleigh White were arrested and taken to Williamsburg, the county seat. Roch White is crippled and will lose both eyes as the result of the explosion. It is believed he can not recover.

**Prussia's Bicentennial.**

Berlin, Jan. 18.—Thus far the bicentennial celebration has been in every way successful. When the sun rose it revealed all Berlin in holiday attire. Many thousands of flags waved from housetops and windows. By noon immense crowds had gathered along Unter den Linden, around the schloss and in the vicinity of the armory, where the festivities were to take place. Thousands of people from the provinces were on hand to witness the sights. Emperor William, the empress and the court had dropped for the time the mourning donned in tribute to the late Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimer. Altogether 52 Knights of the Black Eagle were present at the crown prince's investiture.

**More Pay For Mutineers.**

Washington, Jan. 18.—The entire day was spent upon the bill to revise and codify the postal laws, which is to be the continuing order, not, however, to interfere with appropriation bills or conference reports, until disposed of. It is a bill of 221 pages and is simply a revision of existing laws. Some disposition was manifested to inject into the measure some amendments to present law in the interest of certain classes of mail employes, but such attempts were successfully resisted. Mr. William Alden Smith (Mich.) offered an amendment to increase the pay of letter carriers in the first, second, third and fourth classes respectively to $1,200, $1,000, $800 and $600.

**Tortured by Robbers.**

Shamokin, Pa., Jan. 18.—Marion Reich, 62, who lived alone at his home here, was the victim of a brutal assault by masked burglars, who subjected Reich to frightful torture to induce him to tell where his savings were hidden. The burglars, five in number, overpowered the old man and applied redhot pokers to his body and feet until he finally told them where the money could be found. This amounted to $133.60. After dividing the money among them the burglars pounced upon Reich and kicked him until he was almost dead. They then made their escape.

**Nabbed Abroad.**

Queenstown, Jan. 18. — Sigmund Hertz of New York city, for whose extradition the United States authorities are asking on charges of forgery, was arrested as he stepped ashore from the steamer Corinthian from Halifax. His wife accompanied him. When charged with forgery Hertz replied that he knew nothing about it. He had given his name in the passenger list as "Henry Emden," and had described himself as a merchant. There is no accusation against the woman, but she declined to be separated from her husband, both being lodged at the police barracks.

**Lacemakers to Land.**

Washington, Jan. 18.—W. H. Brothers and seven other lace operators, with the members of their families, making 25 in all, who had been refused a landing at Portland, Me., on the ground that they were contract laborers, have been permitted by the treasury department to land. They were engaged by Mr. Dowie to work in his lace factory at Zion City. The department found that similar labor for this purpose could not be obtained in this country.

**Social Democrats.**

Chicago, Jan. 18.—The national convention of the Social Democratic party discussed plans for reorganizing and uniting the various factions of socialists into one party. The discussion followed the report of the committee on organization, which was made soon after the convention was called to order. A number of different plans were proposed and the debate over the subject occupied most of the session.

**Flour Mill Burned.**

Springfield, Ills., Jan. 18.—The Merchant Milling company's big flour mill at Waverly was burned. It had a capacity of 800 barrels of flour daily. The elevator, containing 80,000 bushels of wheat, was saved, and but several carloads of flour on a sidetrack burned. The manufacturer was 65 per cent of the loss. The mill cost $100,000.

**Rival Suitor Suspected.**

Rushville, Ind., Jan. 18. — Harvey, popularly known as "Kid" Whitton, of this city, was mortally wounded by an unknown assassin at the home of his fiance, Miss Nell, daughter of Henry Nell, a prominent citizen of Clearwood. A rival suitor is suspected.

# INVASION OF NATAL.

## Boers Believed to Be Planning Another Enterprise.

### CONCENTRATING ON THE FRONTIER.

**British Authorities Starving Women With a View of Inducing Their Burgher Husbands to Surrender. War of Extermination Inaugurated. Roberts' Appeal For Troops.**

London, Jan. 19.—Lord Roberts has issued from the war office a stirring appeal to the country for a prompt response to the call for 5,000 yeomanry, whose past service in South Africa is highly commends to the gratitude of the nation.

The proclamation of martial law throughout almost the whole of Cape Colony, Lord Kitchener's strong measures against the population of the republics, the placing on reduced rations the wives of men in the field and similar measures go to show that there is still heavy work ahead.

British offensive operations have ceased for the present. It is supposed that Lord Kitchener is collecting his strength for a final effort to crush or to capture the commandoes by a repetition of the tactics which caused the surrender of General Cronje and General Prinsloo.

It is alleged that the Boers who are concentrating at Carolina and Ermelo are preparing to descend into Natal.

The latest casualty list shows that the Boers have released 297 British who were captured at Helvetia and Belfast. The facts regarding the captures at Belfast have not yet been allowed to transpire.

It is asserted that more heavy naval guns will be landed at the Cape. Information as to the doings of the invaders is hard to obtain, but it is clear that they are getting very little help from the Dutch. Twice they attempted to capture Barkley East, but both times they were repulsed. For three days they occupied Sutherland, but they cleared out on the approach of a British column.

**Colville's Column Attacked.**

Standerton, Jan. 18.—Colville's mobile column, marching from New Denmark to Vlutlaagte, was attacked by 1,000 Boers, who were divided into two forces. One force made a determined attempt on the baggage, and the other on the cavalry, constituting the rear guard. The cavalry were compelled to retire until protected by four companies of rifles hidden behind a ridge, who were waiting with bayonets. The Boers then made a speedy retreat, leaving several dead and wounded from the heavy British fire.

**War of Extermination.**

London, Jan. 18.—The "stop the war" committee passed the following resolution: "Orders which a British officer reports he received reveal the adoption by Lord Roberts and Lord Kitchener of a policy having for its aim the extermination of a heroic nationality by starving its women and children and the deliberate massacre of unarmed prisoners." The latter clause alludes to General Kitchener's alleged secret orders to General Dewet's pursuers to take no prisoners.

**Under Martial Law.**

Cape Town, Jan. 18. — Martial law has now been proclaimed in every part of Cape Colony except the districts of Cape Town, Simonstown, Wynberg, Port Elizabeth and East London. It has also been proclaimed in Tembuland, Griqualand east and in East and West Pondo land. It has been proclaimed unlawful for any person in the Cape peninsula, except officials and regular or irregular troops, to possess arms and ammunition or either.

**Starving the Women.**

Pretoria, Jan. 18.—Boer families and their stock are being systematically brought into convenient centers from all over the country. They are kept in camps and fed. Those who surrender voluntarily are supplied with full rations and those whose husbands are still in the field are provided for on a reduced scale, which is raised when the husbands surrender to a full allowance.

**Peace Envoy a Prisoner.**

Standerton, Jan. 18.—Boer women, brought in by the military, report that William Steyn, who was appointed a delegate of the Boers here to ask the fighting Boers to surrender under Lord Kitchener's proclamation, was made a prisoner and sent to Pietermeiff, accused of high treason. The Boers are still active around Standerton.

**Wolcott Lost on a Foul.**

Hartford, Conn., Jan. 18.—"Kid" Carter of Brooklyn was given the decision on a foul over Joe Wolcott in the nineteenth round of their fight before the Empire Athletic club. Wolcott held Carter and struck him in the face while the referee was separating them. Carter had the best of the fight all through except in the seventh, tenth and thirteenth rounds. Wolcott nearly had him out in the tenth round, when the bell saved him.

**Murderer Hanged.**

Regina, N. W. T., Jan. 18. — John Nelson who murdered a whole family, father, mother and three children, named McArthur, near Moosmin, two months ago, was hanged here. The condemned man was cool and collected.

**Stetzer Lost.**

Grand Rapids, Jan. 18.—Young Kenny of Chicago and Buck Stetzer of Columbus, O., went 10 fast rounds at the Grand Rapids athletic club. Kenny got the decision.

## TO THE JURY

**Will Soon Go the Famous Paterson Murder Case.**

Paterson, N. J., Jan. 19.—Opposing counsel in the Jennie P. Schuster murder trial are appealing to the jury. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Ralph Shaw, in his summing up claimed that the state had proven its case and that its every contention had been sustained. He denounced the accused, who, he said, had taken the girl out to do her to death like a dog. He demanded that the jury render such a verdict as the law and the evidence demanded, one of guilty in the highest degree. Ex-Judge Francis Scott led in the summing up for the defense. He was followed by Michael Dunn. Their addresses were very similar. They declared that no case had been made out. They ridiculed the expert testimony and branded the hackman, Schulthorpe, as a man of the lowest type and of the basest motives. They maintained that the story told by him was not supported by evidence, and that it was a lie. The case may go to the jury late this afternoon.

**Cullom Has a Clear Field.**

Springfield, Ills., Jan. 18.—The contest among Illinois Republican candidates for the United States senate came to an unexpected close by the announcement that former Governor Tanner and Messrs. Cannon, Hitt and Prince had withdrawn from the race, leaving present United States Senator Cullom a walkover. The exact causes that led Senator Cullom's opponents to leave a clear field are not announced.

**Other Negroes In Danger.**

Leavenworth, Kan., Jan. 18.—"George Alexander came to his death by having been burned by a party or parties unknown," was the substance of a verdict by the coroner's jury that sat on the case of the negro lynched Tuesday afternoon. There is a possibility that other negroes in jail or resting under suspicion of having insulted women will be attacked before quiet finally prevails here.

**Debate on the Army Bill.**

Washington, Jan. 18. — During the senate's session the army reorganization bill was discussed at length by Mr. Money (Dem., Miss.), Mr. McComas (Rep., Md.), and Mr. Bate (Dem., Tenn.). The Mississippi senator devoted some attention to the practice of hazing at West Point, which he bitterly denounced.

**Boy Abducted.**

Grinnell, Ia., Jan. 18.—Warren Munsel, 11-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. L. Munsel, who are wealthy, has been missing since last Tuesday evening, and circumstances point to abduction. When last seen young Munsel was in the company of an unknown youth.

**Congress of Mothers.**

Washington, Jan. 18.—The date appointed for the first meeting of the coming session of the congress of mothers is 8 p. m., Tuesday, May 21, at Columbus, O. The sessions will continue through the 24th.

**Grounded In the Canal.**

Port Said, Jan. 18. — A hurricane swept over the Suez canal. Several steamers are detained. The Austrian-Lloyd steamer China is aground and obstructing navigation.

## NEW TRANSPORT WAGON.

**Can Carry Rations For Forty on Outpost Duty or Serve With a Battery.**

The old idea of taking few measures for the comfort of the troops in the field, because they are usually compelled by the force of circumstances to do without any comforts, was exploded long ago, and today every good officer tries to bring his men to the field of battle in as fresh a condition as possible.

One of the most arduous duties, other than actual fighting on the firing line, is outpost duty, and any means that will lighten this service in the field will be welcomed by the army. Wagon transportation will not always be available far to the front, and yet the South African campaign has shown that even at the outposts it can often come into play and would be of inestimable value in sparing the men unnecessary labor.

A new military transport and shelter wagon is the direct outcome of the late experience in the Transvaal, says the New York Sun. It was designed by a volunteer artillery colonel of Sheffield, England. The wagon is built of wood and is mounted on springs and four wheels. The tires are eight inches wide to facilitate travel over soft ground, and the rear wheels are on a broader gauge than those in front. It is arranged for horse or traction engine draft.

The top of the wagon box is surrounded by stout wire netting, inside of which is the platform. Under the platform floor is a water cistern of 40 gallons capacity. On each side of the wagon are hinged doors, closing recesses, in which a canvas shelter is kept rolled up. This canvas can be run out in a very few minutes and when held up by the wagon at one end and by posts planted out at the side of the wagon at the other will form a rectangular tent for 10 men. Seats are also provided at the sides of the wagon in the form of hanging steps, so that the men can be carried on them when necessary. When not in use, these seats can be folded up out of the way. Rifle or carbine racks are also part of its equipment. The wagon can carry four tons of stores and would thus provide a detachment of 40 men with rations for 100 days. It is designed either for the supply of a detachment on outpost duty or as part of the equipment of a field battery, and with its tent shelter will prove far more valuable, under circumstances where horse or traction engine draft is available at all, than the transport wagons now in use.

# KUHNS IN THE TOILS.

## Captured by an Indiana Posse After a Sharp Fight.

### SHOT TWO MEN BEFORE DISARMED.

**Officers Visited His Lair at Midnight and Pounced Upon Him Unawares, One Shooting the Desperado in the Face—His Brother Also Nabbed. May Not Be Returned to Ohio.**

Logansport, Ind., Jan. 18.—Marvin Kuhns, the desperado, and his brother, who was released from the Ohio penitentiary shortly after Marvin escaped, were taken after a desperate fight Wednesday night at Green Hill, a village south of Otterbein and west of Lafayette. Before Marvin was overpowered he shot two men and was himself shot in the face.

Emboldened by immunity from officers, Kuhns and his brother and a confederate stole a team at Plymouth Sunday night and started south. Ex-Sheriff J. E. Marshall and Marshal T. J. Chaney traced them to Lafayette, and by telephoning neighboring towns located the men at Green Hill, a small village near Otterbein. An Otterbein posse surrounded the house and rushed in at midnight. Marvin was awake and seized a revolver at his bedside. Before he could fire Elmer Switzer shot him in the face and the posse closed in. One man jumped from the second story window and escaped, but the brothers were overpowered after a struggle in which shots were exchanged. Wounded as he was, Marvin partially shook off the attacking party and shot H. Volt in the back and Lewis Hawkins in the arm. Neither was fatally injured.

The prisoners were brought to Logansport. Here Marvin was positively identified by the policeman who battled with him in December. His measurements and physical marks tally to a dot with the Bertillon description from the Columbus officials. He says if he had been given a fair show he would have cleaned out the posse. The wound in his face is not serious. The Plymouth authorities will likely prosecute him instead of returning him to Columbus.

The prisoner in an interview gives his name as J. W. Wilson and his residence as Dakota. He says the man arrested with him is not his brother, but declines to disclose his identity. He acknowledges that he is the man charged with stealing a team at Plymouth several days ago.

**Is This True?**

Albion, Ind., Jan. 18.—Marvin Kuhns was at his brother's home, five miles east of this place, at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon.

**Plan of the Chinese.**

Washington, Jan. 18.—So far as our state department can influence the negotiations now about to begin at Pekin, between the ministers and the Chinese plenipotentiaries on the basis of the agreement just signed, it will seek to clear the way of all minor matters and of points upon which there is no disagreement whatever between the allies, before undertaking the solution of the more difficult problems involved in the settlement of the questions of indemnities, guarantees and commercial treaties. It is fully expected that the Chinese representatives will offer opposition to almost every point in order to secure more favorable terms.

**Steel and Wire Combine.**

New York, Jan. 18.—The first steps in the formation of a $200,000,000 combination of four existing steel and wire companies were taken at a secret meeting of the officers of the Federal Steel company, which was attended by the chief representatives of the American Tin Plate company, the American Steel and Wire company, the American Steel Hoop company and the National Steel company. The present capitalization of the four companies named is about $130,000,000.

**Oil Well Under Control.**

Beaumont, Tex., Jan. 18.—The owners of Lucas' oil geyser, which has been shooting oil 50 feet high since last Thursday, have succeeded in controlling the well. A valve was placed on the mouth of the well and Captain Lucas thinks that he is now master of the geyser. It is estimated that 150,000 barrels of oil have already flowed from the well. Prospectors and speculators continue to arrive.

**Battered In a Hurricane.**

St. Johns, N. F., Jan. 18.—The British tank steamer Elbruz, Captain Williams, 10 days from New York for Liverpool, has arrived here with her decks swept clean by the heavy seas and boats, bulwarks, gear and everything movable gone. Several of her men were injured and the steamer is crippled. She will have to undergo extensive repairs. The steamer had a fearful experience in a hurricane.

**Harlan Case.**

Washington, Jan. 18.—Senator Forsker made another effort to secure the confirmation of James S. Harlan as attorney general of Porto Rico, but on account of the want of a quorum made no progress. Senator Pettigrew stated that he desired to discuss the nomination further, but desired to speak to a quorum.

**Inhaled Gas.**

Paris, Ky., Jan. 18.—N. A. Brown of Battle Creek, Mich., attempted suicide at Hotel Fordham by putting a gas tube in his mouth and turning on the gas. He will die. He traveled for a paper [illegible] of N. Y. City.

## BLACKMAIL

**Charged Against a Negro Arrested by Means of a Decoy.**

Ashtabula, O., Jan. 19.—Robert Johnson, Jr., a young colored man, whose home is at Jefferson, this county, is under arrest here charged with blackmail. A short time since N. E. French, president of the First National bank of Jefferson, received a letter in which he and his daughter were threatened with death if he failed to leave $500 on the steps of the county fair building at a specified time. A decoy package was placed on the steps and officers concealed themselves in the building. Finally Johnson made his appearance and was arrested. The officers believe others are implicated.

**Ferrell Must Die.**

Columbus, O., Jan. 18. — The state board of pardons refused the application of Rosslyn Ferrell, who murdered Express Agent Lane, for commutation of death sentence to imprisonment for life. No reason is seen why the board should intervene. The only hope now for Ferrell is an appeal to the governor from the decision of the board. Ferrell's plea of temporary insanity had no effect upon the board.

**Fighting Dutchman Outfought.**

Springfield, O., Jan. 18. — Syracuse Tommy Ryan won from Jack Beauscholte, the "Fighting Dutchman," of Chicago, here, in the third round of what was to have been a 20-round contest. After 1 minute and 20 seconds of the last round Ryan feinted, and as Beauscholte shot his left for the head Ryan ducked, went in and countered with right on the jaw. George Siler referred.

**Dividends Declared.**

Ironton, O., Jan. 18.—The Kelly Nail and Iron company has declared a 50 per cent, semi-annual dividend. This makes 220 per cent in 18 months. The Belfont Iron Works company has declared a 6 per cent dividend.

**Trouble at Stanford.**

Stanford University, Cal., Jan. 18.—The feeling against those who have been condemning the action of President Jordan broke out among the students. C. D. Montgomery, a junior from the University of Kansas, was seized by a party of 50 or more students and carried to a lake back of the university and thrown in. The water was about five feet deep in the lake and Montgomery had no difficulty in getting ashore. The feeling against Montgomery was caused by his radical talk condemning Dr. Jordan and the university management.

**Mr. Hall Was a Woman.**

New York, Jan. 17.—The death of Murray Hall, proprietor of an employment agency on Sixth avenue, has been reported. Hall died from cancer of the left breast, and when Dr. William C. Gallagher made an examination he found the victim to be a woman. Dr. Gallagher learned from other quarters of the house where Mr. Hall lived that "Mr. Hall's" wife died two years ago after a married life of 20 years. Many who had known "Hall" for years never suspected that she was not a man.

**May Amalgamate.**

Indianapolis, Jan. 18.—National officers of the blacksmiths and boilsting engineers, it is understood, will be here when the miners meet later this month, and amalgamation is suggested. A. B. Meyer of the Interstate Operators' association said he did not think the big fight at the wage conference which takes place at Columbus, O., immediately upon the adjournment of the national convention of the United Mine Workers, will by upon an advance in the price of mining.

**Advance Demanded.**

Pittsburg, Jan. 18.—The scale committee presented its report to the district miners' convention. It provides for advances for all classes of miners and workmen in the mines and that Pittsburg prices prevail at all mines in the Irwin field. It also provides for an advance of 10 cents a ton for pick mining on a run of mine basis.

**Freight Elevator Fell.**

Chicago, Jan. 18.—A heavily loaded freight elevator in the Warren Springer building fell from the third floor, injuring five persons.

**Turf Winners.**

At San Francisco—Five Lance, The Light, Dorine, Opponent, Maggie Davis, Sweet Caporal.

At New Orleans—Rushlebis, Alcura, Silver Coin, Charlie O'Brien, Agitator, Pat Garrett.

## BOILING POT.

**Electric Flashes Depicting the World's Raps and Mishaps.**

Hebrew bakers on strike in New York. Proprietors refuse to discharge nonunion men.

British cruiser Sybille grounded while leaving Bluejackets near Cape Town. All hands rescued.

English steamer Kaisari wrecked on an island in the Indian ocean. Hurricane. Twenty-four drowned.

At New Orleans Rev. Hiram R. Revels, colored, died while addressing his congregation from the pulpit.

American Humane societies to take steps to prevent further shipments of horses and mules to South Africa.

Thirty-five persons injured by jumping to escape the flames that destroyed the Stewart hotel, a small structure at St. Louis.

Two persons killed and a number of others injured in Harpstedt, Germany, by an explosion of gas. Several houses were demolished.

Colonel Bryan refused $10,000 from a soap concern for an advertisement in the initial number of his paper. First time to [illegible]


## LEGAL NOTICE.

The unknown heirs at law and devisees of George Weaver, deceased; George Weaver, Matilda Weaver, widow of George Weaver, deceased, first name unknown Weaver, widow of Thomas Loyd; first name unknown Loyd, widow of Thomas Loyd; Thomas Loyd, the unknown heirs at law and devisees of Thomas Loyd; first name unknown Weaver, wife of Joel Weaver, first name unknown Weaver, widow of Joel Weaver, first name unknown Weaver, wife of Daniel Weaver, first name unknown widow of Daniel Weaver, first name unknown Weaver, wife of John Weaver, first name unknown Weaver, widow of John Weaver, first name unknown Sweaney, wife of James Sweaney, first name unknown Sweaney, widow of James Sweaney, Daniel Weaver, Josh Weaver, James Sweaney, the unknown heirs at law of Daniel Weaver, the unknown heirs at law of John Weaver, the unknown heirs at law of James Sweaney, the unknown heirs at law of Daniel Clark, the unknown heirs at law of Mary Clark, Daniel Clark, Mary Clark, first name unknown Clark, husband of Mary Clark, first name unknown Clark, widow of Mary Clark, first name unknown Hopkins, wife of Robt. Hopkins, first name unknown Hopkins, widow of Robert Hopkins, Robert Hopkins, the unknown heirs at law of Robert Hopkins, George F. Hopkins, the unknown heirs at law of George F. Hopkins, first name unknown Hopkins, wife of George F. Hopkins, first name unknown Hopkins, widow of George F. Hopkins, James Hopkins, the unknown heirs at law of James Hopkins, first name unknown Kimber, second wife of [illegible] Kimber, all of whose places of residence are unknown, will take notice that on the 20th day of December, 1900, John S. Moore did file in the Court of Common Pleas of Marion county, Ohio, his petition against them alleging that plaintiff is the owner of and in actual possession of the following lands situated in the Township of Pleasant, County of Marion, State of Ohio, being the west half of the southeast quarter of section 18, township 3, south range 14 east, bounded as follows: Beginning at a stone in the south line of said section, being the southeast corner of a lot owned by J. Finchbaugh, witness white oak (12) north 85 degrees east 8 minutes; thence north 2 degrees west 30.51 poles to a stone, red oak 10 north 85 degrees west 23 links; thence north 88 degrees east 41.4 poles to a stone; thence south 2½ degrees east 30.82 poles to a stone, hickory 18 north 88 degrees west 41 links; thence with south line of said section 88 degrees west 41.1 poles to beginning, containing 2.81 acres, more or less. That the defendants claim to hold some interest in said lands adverse to plaintiff's title; the prayer of said petition is for the quieting of plaintiff's title to said lands as against said defendants and any and all persons claiming under or through them and for all proper relief. Said defendants are required to answer on or before the 4th day of March A. D. 1901.

Marion, Ohio, December 21, 1900.

JOHN E. MOORE.

By Louis E. Myers, his attorney. 3x6

## NOTICE.

**Claim of Administrator or Executor against Estate.**

To Addison Osborne who resides at Paris, Texas, W. D. Walters who resides at Sorento, Bond county, Illinois, James L. Palmer, who resides at Sorento, Bond county, Illinois; L. W. Palmer who resides at Greenville, Illinois, Thomas Crafty who resides at Richwood, Ohio and Melvina Leach, who resides at Topeka, Kansas, you will take notice that I have presented to the Probate Court of Marion county, Ohio, for allowance to me against the estate of Elizabeth Pugh, late of said county deceased, a certain claim amounting to $1 4.50 for expenses incurred in partition suit, and that said Court has fixed the time for hearing the testimony touching said claim on the 11th day of February, A. D. 1901.

JOHN D. OWENS,

Executor of the last Will and Testament of said Elizabeth Pugh, deceased.

December 24, 1900.

Crissinger & Guthery, his attorneys. 3t5

## Authorized to Commence Business.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
Office of Comptroller of the Currency,
Washington, D. C., December 22, 1900.

Whereas by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned it has been made to appear that "The City National Bank of Marion," in the County of Marion and State of Ohio, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of Banking:

Now therefore, I, Chas. G. Dawes, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that "The City National Bank of Marion" in the City of Marion, in the County of Marion and State of Ohio, is authorized to commence the business of Banking as provided in section fifty-one hundred and sixty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

In testimony whereof, witness my hand (SEAL) and seal of office this twenty-second day of December, 1900.

CHARLES G. DAWES,
3t6 Comptroller of the Currency.

## LEGAL NOTICE.

Frederick Bird, residing at Jonesboro, Craighead county, Arkansas, will take notice that on the 27th day of December, A. D. 1900 Flora F. Bird filed her petition in the Court of Common Pleas, Marion county, Ohio being cause number 8952, praying a divorce from said Frederick Bird, on the ground of wilful absence for more than three years last past, and that said cause will be for hearing on and after February 11th 1901.

FLORA F. BIRD
Crissinger & Guthery, her attorneys 3t5

## Notice of Appointment.

Estate of George Gooding, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of George Gooding, late of Marion county, deceased.

Dated at Marion, Ohio, this 27th day of December, A. D. 1900.

3t-wk-s-Sat-3 JOSIAH SHERMAN.
Owens, Ohio.

## Notice of Appointment.

Estate of John C. Priester, deceased.

The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as administrator of the estate of John C. Priester, late of Marion county, deceased.

Dated at Marion, Ohio, this 11th day of January A. D. 1901.

3t5 ANDREW LEFFLER,
Marion, Ohio.

## SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

THE School Examiners of Marion county, Ohio, will meet for the examination of teachers at Central school building Saturday

January 19,
February 16,
March 16,
April 13,
June 1.

Examinations will commence at 9 a. m. and no applications will be received after 9 a. m. All examinations will be written and positively no private examination will be granted. A fee of 50 cents will be charged on admission to the examination, and each applicant will furnish an envelope, stamped and addressed to him or herself, in which a certificate or notice of failure will be forwarded. All pupils will be graded on a scale of 100. No certificate will be granted when the grade in any branch falls below 65. An average of 75 with a minimum of 65 secures a certificate for one year. 85 with a minimum of 75 secures a certificate for two years. 95 with a minimum of 85 secures a certificate for three years.

Box well examinations:

April 20,
May 18.

Success in the school room will also be taken into consideration in determining the class of certificate.

W. F. JOHNSON,
W. F. MOLONE,
F. A. KENNEDY,
Examiners.


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# PLAN TO AID FARMERS.

## Economic Plants and Seeds For Our Agriculturists.

### VALUABLE GIFT OF A CHICAGO MAN

**Personally Collected in Many Foreign Lands by Barbour Lathrop, Thousands of Dollars Spent on the Expedition—Department of Agriculture to Distribute the Collections.**

One of the most remarkable [illegible] of rare economic plants and seeds [illegible] being worked up by the department of agriculture, says the Washington correspondent of the Chicago Chronicle. Barbour Lathrop of Chicago, with David G. Fairchild as assistant, recently completed a tour of the world covering a period of two years and embracing travels which extended to explorations. Mr. Lathrop has given the results of the expedition, undertaken at his own expense, to the officers of the United States through the medium of the section of seed and plant introduction of the department of agriculture.

The expedition left New York Dec. 1, 1896, and returned last fall, having visited in order the following countries and sent in from each living economic plants and seeds for cultivation by American farmers and horticulturists: Grenada, Barbados, Trinidad, and the West Indies; Venezuela, Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Chile, Argentina, Brazil, in South America; Portugal; Spain and Bohemia, in Austria-Hungary; Italy, Egypt, Ceylon and Straits Settlements, in farther India; Java, Celebes, Angolina, Banda, Lombok, Bali, Molucca, Aru and Kei islands, Tenimber archipelago and New Guinea, in the Dutch East Indies; Hongkong, Canton, in south China; the Philippine Islands, Bangkok, Siam; Sweden and Finland in northern Europe.

Many thousands of dollars have been spent by Mr. Lathrop upon this expedition, and he put into it some of the best thoughts of a practical man who is alive to the general wants of his countrymen. He is not an agriculturist and intrusted the technical part of the work to his assistant, Mr. Fairchild, who was detailed by Secretary Wilson from his position in charge of the section of seed and plant introduction.

The trip was primarily planned by Mr. Lathrop to be one of reconnoissance. The object in the first place was to find out what each country offered in inducements for exploration work, how it should be entered and studied, whom of its inhabitants could be relied upon as correspondents and what would be the probable expense of an exhaustive study from the standpoint of plant introduction. This object has been attained and is imbedded in a mass of notes and piles of publications and notebooks, etc.

The secondary aim of the expedition was to purchase and import for trial such promising seeds and plants as were suited for culture in various parts of the United States. The material thus purchased has not all come in yet, but the main part has been distributed or will shortly be sent out by the department to the various experiment stations and private experimenters for trial and report.

Over 450 different purchases were sent in from the various countries, each purchase accompanied by careful notes on its culture and the climatic soil conditions to which the plant or seed was best adapted. The annotated list has been in part published or is in process of publication by the section of seed and plant introduction and covers a wide range of horticultural and agricultural plants suited to a variety of conditions from the tropical surroundings of Porto Rico and Hawaii to the arctic climate of Alaska. It will be of interest to point out some of the prospects of these introduced plants and the reasons for their trial:

A spineless succulent cactus of the Argentine suitable for fodder purposes in the desert regions of Arizona.

A series of West Indian yams, one of which at least is superior in flavor to the Irish potato; suitable for culture in Florida and Louisiana, but demanding special care and a special market.

The Alexandrian clover from Egypt, a late fodder crop for irrigated lands in southern California and Arizona.

Some of the finest varieties of Bohemian hops to replace the culture of inferior sorts now almost exclusively grown in America.

Varieties of "pedigreed" barleys, originated in Sweden and of superior value for brewing purposes.

Fine West Indian mangoes and superior sorts of East Indian bananas for culture in Porto Rico.

An evergreen poplar from Chile, for the Pacific slope.

A frost hardy alligator pear, for the nursing industry of this fruit growing in Florida and California.

The Lapland six rowed barley, and the early ripening Finnish black oat for experiments in Alaska and short season regions.

Chilean alfalfa varieties for breeding experiments.

Several novel Swedish leguminous (clovertike) fodder plants, lately brought to the notice of the agricultural public of Sweden.

A Bohemian horse radish, superior in size and flavor to any American sort.

The "Jannovitch" Egyptian cotton, which is now being tested by over 1,000 experimenters in the upland cotton regions of the south and regarding which many encouraging reports have been received. It is a stronger grower and has much longer staple than any American upland cotton. It also has proved resistant to "root rot" of cotton to a very great degree, which will make its culture possible on lands previously tainted and lost to the cotton grower.

The "Afterwuchs," a tannin producer shrub from the Chilean deserts, with most remarkable desert resisting characteristics and large tannin producing capacity, for Arizona conditions.

A fodder bamboo for the arid regions of the southwest, which forms in south Chile one of the principal sources of fodder for large herds of cattle.

A variety of onion from the Islands of the Nile, which is pronounced by the expert onion growers the best pickle onion ever known.

"Favarini" from northern Italy, one of the most important vegetables of the Venetians and worthy serious consideration by our truck growers.

The seedless Sultanina grape, from Padua, Italy, for the seedless raisin industry of the Colorado desert region.

Of course the value of most of the arboresscent plants can only be decided after several years of culture and the fate of many of the annuals only after numerous repeated trials. Enough has been sifted to show the American farmers what has been accomplished by private means and in how great a measure their thanks are due to a true Argonaut.

The great results likely to come from Mr. Lathrop's explorations will be due to his wisdom in associating with him expert botanists and scientists and securing the most complete data and information concerning the new and strange plants secured, relating to their habits of growth and the character of their natural surroundings, thus enabling the department of agriculture to intelligently experiment with them. There is in the Imperial Valley of the United States somewhere a spot which is a counterpart of almost every region of the eastern hemisphere, but it is a work of great magnitude to fit the plants of the older country to their congenial spots on this hemisphere.

## OUTLOOK FOR TELEGRAPHY.

**Interesting Changes Predicted For the Twentieth Century.**

The state of the art of electrical communication today may be summed up as follows:

| | Words a minute. |
|---|---|
| Telephone | 1 |
| Single Morse circuit | 15 |
| Duplex Morse circuit | 30 |
| Quadruplex Morse circuit | 50 |
| Multiplex (8) circuit | 80 |
| Wheatstone automatic circuit | 150 |
| Wheatstone automatic duplex | 300 |
| Wireless | 12 |

Undoubtedly before the new century is ten years old at least one-half of the correspondence now carried by trains will be telegraphed at an average rate for the whole country of 15 cents for 50 words, or five times as many words for one-half the present telegraph toll, says Patrick B. Delaney in The Electrical World and Engineer. It is practicable to begin the change at once, but not by present methods of operation. It is only possible by the electrical automatic system.

What the cotemporaries of 100 years hence may say a prophet should leave to his son to prophesy. In the way of telegraphy doubtless the ships steam will hold converse with each other and correct their observations with the last observation 100 miles away. They will be in constant communication with the shore through the air or by wires on the bed of the ocean, but as the trip from the Hook to the Lizard will be done in a day and probably without touching the water only the overanxious will want a dispatch. Communication with Mars has already been pre-empted, and seeing by electricity may be no longer visionary. Forsooth our seven senses may all be "wired" wirelessly.

## AUTOMOBILE ENDURANCE.

**Test to Be Made Between New York and Buffalo.**

It was decided at a meeting of the technical and contest committee of the Automobile Club of America held in New York city the other day to have an endurance test of automobiles between New York and Buffalo, says the New York Post. The committee decided not to take speed into consideration, but to compute awards upon: First, vehicles making the fewest stops en route; second, vehicles carrying the greatest weight in passengers in proportion to their own weight, and third, vehicles requiring least repairs if any and maintaining an average speed of from 12 to 15 miles an hour.

The route will be through Tarrytown, Peekskill, Poughkeepsie, Albany, Utica, Syracuse and Rochester, and officials will be stationed at villages along the road at an average distance of about 25 miles apart. The competition will be open to all motor vehicles carrying two persons side by side on one seat, which bars out motor bicycles, tricycles and quadricycles. There will be two classes, one for manufacturers and the other for individual owners, the entry fee to the first being $100. A prize fund of $2,500 has been established, and its method of distribution has not yet been decided upon. The date has not been set, and the contest may not be held until next fall.

**Alabama's Coal Supply.**

Senator Morgan recently received a report, according to the Washington Post, from the geologic survey asserting that there was more coal stored in the mountains of Alabama than in all the rest of the Appalachian system combined.

**Latest Bridal Party Fad.**

The very latest in New York swell society is that carriage teams for use by bridal parties must consist of one white and one black horse. As a result liverymen are offering fancy prices for well matched pairs of opposite colors.

# NOVELTY IN CIRCUSES.

## Old Style of Show Must Go, Says James A. Bailey.

### MANY IMPROVEMENTS PLANNED.

**Special Attention to Be Paid to the Comfort of Spectators In Forming Next Summer's Show—New Animals Coming—Tiger Hunt to Be a Special Feature.**

"It is high time for the old circus to go," said Mr. James A. Bailey, the big circus magnate of the firm of Barnum & Bailey, who spent a few days recently in Washington. Mr. Bailey has just returned from Germany, where the Greatest Show on Earth has been touring the past summer. The year before that it was in England. The Greatest Show on Earth is to remain permanently in Europe, under Mr. Bailey's direction, says the Washington Post, but for America he is to establish even a greater circus, on more advanced lines, than Gilbert's, and he promises that next summer this twentieth century circus will prove that there has been evolution in the circus business as in other things.

According to Mr. Bailey, who has perfected his plans for the new style circus, everything has been revolutionized, from the tents, seats, side shows, rings and animal cages down to the individual star performances, and even to ticket boxes, lemonade and fruit stands. All of the lamentable objectionable features that have invariably made circus going a torture and a bore to every one except the small boy have been done away with, and the grown up population will no longer be shocked both on a blue and red painted cuck, with weary backs and overhanging legs, roasting in a close and hot atmosphere, stuffing their ears with cotton to keep out the crazy racket and din, and calmly upholding the noisy young offspring above the heads of the people in front, who never will "Sit down, please."

There will be seats that are seats. They will have backs which will not be wabbly or addicted to perpetual motion. Furthermore, they will have, in addition, footstools, upon which the feet may rest in security, and they will not be marked by any "No Trespass" sign or card, "Reserved." The reserved portion will be all-way more than the money's worth, for there will be boxes as good as any in the auditorium of Madison Square Garden. If it is abnormally hot, there will be electric fans to make it cool, while on the cheap seat sides there will be palm leaf fans obtained to every seat, for the use of which the public will have to drop no nickel anywhere. In fact, in the new kid phraseology, everything about the new circus will be "all skinkey, all style."

In the way of general comfort everything that can be thought of or devised has been adopted. The new tents will be a vast improvement on the old ones. They will be not only bigger and kept cleaner, but they will be perfectly ventilated. There will be more room in the passageways, and if the spectators follow posted instructions and walk in the right directions the overwhelming crush that has always been a part of the circus routine will be avoided. There will be ice water "free of charge" and handed around by neatly clad personages, while the sickening scarlet concoction known as "circus lemonade" will be entirely discarded, and a beverage sanely mixed and normally colored and in the hands of responsible parties will be administered. A special soda water, or, rather, several of them, will also be an adjunct to the public comfort in the epicurean line, while a regular corps of waiters will serve ices and ice cream, all, of course, for considerations.

One of the particular new features will be the little cracker jack boys, two dozen of them, all clad in the most striking and picturesque uniforms, who, with knapsacks filled with "good" peanuts, popcorn, chewing gum and chocolate drops, will make their rounds with the gayest whistles they can whistle. Then there will be some genuine old Virginia darky women, red bandannas around their heads, and large checkered aprons, who will travel with the show and set up some of the "eatable stands," while there will be what circuses have never had before, excellently fitted dressing rooms, each in charge of a maid, where there will be lounges, clean towels and plenty of soap and water, which during the intervals of a hot and dusty circus performance will be an exceedingly desirable feature.

So much for the physical comforts of the new circus. The other new features are almost too numerous to mention. In the first place there will be a larger and more representative collection of animals than ever before. Mr. Bailey says he has had animal catchers in Asia and Africa during the entire past year, and they have obtained a large number of the wild jungle beasts at the greatest risks and through a continuous series of hairbreadth escapes. A famous man eating Bengal tiger, which had ravaged the northwestern part of India for the last ten years and carried off natives, has been secured, and is the most magnificent specimen ever caught. There will be many more elephants, superbly trained and of larger and more imposing size, than a show has had during recent years. Among them are a number of the trained workers of India, which have been bought at great expense, and they will exhibit the systems of labor through which they are put in their native country.

One of the best elephant features is a tiger hunt, arranged precisely after the real thing in that lately eastern country, with trained tigers, which will be turned loose in a great wire cage. All of the gorgeous trappings, native costumes, etc., will be reproduced here and the elephants and tigers will be in charge of genuine natives.

Another feature of particular interest to the collection of tropical birds which will be placed in beautiful and elaborate cages, in which are placed a number of tropical plants, kept alive and wonderfully restored flowers, trees planted with great care which give an aspect of marked reality and the true atmosphere of the haunts.

An extensive collection of zebras has also been secured, and Mr. Bailey has had drivers at work every day in the winters of the south near Augusta training specimens of zebra to ride and be driven. He has, of course, met with great loss, as almost five out of every ten have perished. These will then be easily and strange fishes as well as birds and wild animals of animals of every country on the globe, and as a zoological study the circus of the century circus will be a marvel.

Particular attention will be paid to the points and horses that are used in the farandole riders. A score of Arabian and who has had a most remarkable history on the Arabian plains and who is the most skilled rider of the women of her tribe has been secured to join the show, as well as two Kansas girls who were brought up on a western ranch and are experts on the ponies. The horses will be superb and will be from every country.

A little company of particular interest will be "the Sioux papooses," a band of little Indian boys who will exhibit methods of erecting miniature wigwams, of making bows and arrows, and will also perform various feats of interest to children. It has been observed that "little folks" draw other little folks much more than the most remarkable feats of grown up experts. So in the new circus there will be a wonderful gathering of all the little people of the various nations of the world. The most gloriously fool "freak fidings" will be done away with. Abnormally large giants or dwarfs will be kept in small numbers, so will a herd of Mexican.

Another heretofore popular feature will also be discarded. That is the different concert, that dismal prelude of fake which has always wound up the show and from which the performing audience usually withdrew. There will be more than one band, and they will be stationed both outside of the tent and on the central platform. For a half hour preceding the opening of the performance and while the people are being seated they will play a programme of well selected popular music.

The clowns have been specially trained for the new show and will be funnier than ever, both in costume and "new jokes," for the public has become tired of many of the chestnuts that have been played off for the past 100 years. The monkeys will be as prominent as ever, and what with the clowns and the monkeys, who will take extraordinary pains to be funny in unison with their comrades as well as paired with goats, the new circus will excel in fun and liveliness any preceding one as well as be of far more genuine interest from every point of view and certainly of unequaled comfort to the spectators. Indeed comfort of the spectators will be the great object, says Mr. Bailey.

## OCEAN GOING HOUSEBOAT.

**Member of New York Yacht Club Is Having It Built.**

An ocean going houseboat, the first of its kind, is being built at the shipyard of a firm in Nyack, N. Y. It will be owned by Joseph M. Macfarlane, a millionaire member of the New York Yacht club, who formerly resided in San Francisco.

The houseboat will be capable of crossing the Atlantic, and her owner expects to make the trip in her, says the New York World. The dimensions of the boat will be: One hundred feet long, 23 feet beam and 6 feet draft. She will have machinery which will propel her eight knots an hour. There will be eight staterooms, and her fittings and appointments will be luxurious. The boat will, in fact, have all the comforts of a millionaire's home.

The owner expects to make a cruise next September, and the boat will be finished by that time.

**New Paper Devoted to Charities.**

Co-operation is the name of a new paper devoted to the interests of charity, the first number of which appeared the other day, says the Chicago Tribune. It is published by the Chicago bureau of charities and will be issued every week. The paper has eight small pages and will be enlarged as its needs demand. Frank R. White, a graduate of the University of Chicago, is the editor.

**Missourians In China.**

Horses belonging to the foreign armies in China are dying off by hundreds, but the Missouri mule, says the Kansas City Times, is reported to eat every time he gets a chance and to show no signs of knocking under.

**Free Lunches For Shoppers.**

One of Oakland's progressive merchants, according to the Los Angeles Times, is considering the advisability of establishing a free lunch counter for members of the fair sex when they come a-shopping.

**Appendicitis In an Infant.**

A child 6 weeks old died with intestinal symptoms a few days ago in Yonkers, says The Medical Record, and the autopsy revealed extensive gangrenous appendicitis.

There are now 38 forest reservations in this country, embracing an area of 46,772,129 acres in 13 different states and territories.

# CORNER IN CHINCHILLA.

## How an American Engineered One In Bolivia.

### EXPERIENCES WITH INDIANS.

**In Times of Peace Natives Are Good Christians, but Cannibals In Wartime—Curse of the Country Is Pulque Whisky—How Chinchillas Are Trapped.**

George B. Hertzig, who for several months has been trading with the Incas and Aruka Indians of the Andes, who spent the best part of their lives in trapping the chinchilla, a little rodent whose pearly gray fur forms one of the most expensive as well as desirable skins obtained in New York on the closing up Nassau the other day. Mr. Hertzig practically secured a corner on the entire available supply of the skins in the Bolivian Andes. Having probably to some extent the Incas and Aruka Indians of that country being what they are now, he has managed during his extended tour to work nearly all of his supplies for skins, with the result that he has succeeded in getting together a little fortune, which is practically all the chinchilla skins in the Bolivian Andes is now at his disposal.

Dressed in the garb indicative of the country in which the chinchilla dominates, accompanied by a couple of native cabbies and perhaps a couple of mules, he went from end to end of the Bolivian section of the range, gathering in the skins, to the total of some dozens, representing an outlay of about $40,000 pesos, or $20,000 in American money.

Not only did Mr. Hertzig accomplish all that he could desire in the acquirement of the furs, but he managed also to witness and learn about a lot of things that as many years he would rather have remained ignorant of. The Indians, in times of peace or when there is a dearth of potatoes, are friendly to the strangers, but on other occasions the effect of the drink of the native compound known from end to end into the most bloodthirsty foes, for they resemble as well. A year ago, American engineer named Macfarlane on one occasion, Mr. Hertzig says, was slaughtered and eaten by them during one of their savage orgies.

Mr. Hertzig, in speaking of his trip to a reporter of the New York Times and the incidents that he either witnessed or were told to him by native friends, said:

"I left New York on Feb. 7 last, going to Cuba, where I crossed the isthmus, as explained on a Pacific steamship and sailed down the coast to Iquique, where I took a coach there being no such thing as a railroad in all Bolivia finally landing at the foot of the Andes, where my base of operations was commenced. In all, my travels covered in the neighborhood of [illegible] miles. I spent as far as the Punta Negra, in the great of Mogollan. I was in search of chinchilla furs, which are secured from the Indians of the Andes. The chinchilla is a little animal that looks something like a squirrel and also like a rabbit. It is trapped at an elevation of from 6,000 to 15,000 feet by Indians and Aymaras, who trade in the furs.

"Formerly the animals were smoked or forced out of their holes and in some cases caught with dogs. This was very injurious to the skins, however, and they are now generally trapped in the nighttime by the Indians. They are very wild and a considerable amount of skill is necessary in capturing them. The trade pays the stores at the disposal of the chief, who sells the skins. I have known one tribe to accumulate as high as $40,000 worth of the skins. I then came and dispose of them at once, dividing the money acquired among the tribesmen.

"You see, as if I have ever experienced any trouble with the natives I have been very fortunate as a general rule with them, for if you treat them right they will in most cases reciprocate and treat you likewise. When I was in La Paz, a revolution was in progress. There was considerable fighting going on in the vicinity of the town, and I experienced some difficulty in getting out of the place. The secretary of the American legation, Mr. Valles, finally came to my rescue, however, and succeeded in getting me passed through the lines, threatening that unless they permitted my free egress an American fleet would bombard the seacoast towns. This struck me as a rather original proposition, since Bolivia has no coast line at all. The threat worked all right, however, and I was more than satisfied with the outcome of the bluff.

"At another time I was present at, or rather in the vicinity of, a great national religious festival in an old church in the Andes. The Indians, you know, are very religious and have original ways of showing it. At this festival they came from Brazil, Argentina and Bolivia. In front of the church for about 100 yards extended a stone pathway. The stones were small in size and very polished, making walking on them very laborious, and when I tell you that each Indian had to get on his hands and knees and crawl all the way to the church you can appreciate the fervid fanaticism that marks their devotion. On this occasion the stones of the walk were covered with blood. After they reached the church there was another celebration, in which weird dances predominated. While they are supposed to be good Christians in peaceful times, they are, on the other hand, cannibals in times of war. Several cases where human beings have been butchered and then eaten have been brought to my notice. They will torture an enemy by pulling out his toe nails, gouging out his eyes [illegible]

It requires [illegible] from his part to [illegible] performing other barbarous [illegible] It is absolutely necessary [illegible] to treat them right, especially if you have any business to do with the [illegible] natives.

"The smallest animals," said Mr. Hertzig, "I attended one of the native fairs held on the Argentine boundary. It was the name of the village where the show took place. It is usually a place of about [illegible] souls, but on this occasion the entire number of the tribe to participate in the festivities, which are [illegible] Indians. They are crude in addition, says The Sun. By the [illegible] the British mines must be proud of him. For months he has been surrounded by natives drawn so closely that he could not possibly escape and [illegible] he has been occupying [illegible] positions that could be devised. He is the most interesting [illegible] person alive of the war [illegible] and [illegible] him as the American cowboy does except that a Mexican is said to wear the fortune of peace, would suppose only a few months in which to complete the [illegible]

"The great curse of the country is the pulque abroad, which, though it is a Government monopoly, is [illegible] less, despite all attempts to stop its sale to the Indians. Natives on hand, they [illegible] before and [illegible] to be [illegible] what he will do."

Mr. Hertzig brought back with him three live chinchillas, which are the only little animals [illegible] brought to the United States. He says there is no [illegible] of the pleasure seekers, who would pick out an animal and then pay a couple of cowries, a dollar to buy him, which he would do to [illegible] them. He would [illegible] and [illegible] him as the American cowboy does except that a Mexican is said to wear the fortune of peace, would suppose only a few months in which to complete the [illegible]

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## BRITISH PRAISE OF DE WET.

**A London Journal's Panegyric of the Slippery Boer General.**

De Wet has slipped through the fingers of our generals. The boer diplomatist failed to steal a Dongola description of land [illegible] appears and disappears with a [illegible] and rapidity which are [illegible] Even as they are credit due him, says The Sun. By the heart of [illegible] the British army must be proud of him. For months he has been surrounded by [illegible] drawn so closely that he could not possibly escape and [illegible] he has been occupying [illegible] positions that could be devised. He is the most interesting [illegible] person alive of the war [illegible] and [illegible] him as the American cowboy does except that a Mexican is said to wear the fortune of peace, would suppose only a few months in which to complete the [illegible]

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# TAILOR-MADE SUITS!

Just a Few Left at these Low Prices.

Sale Price, $3.98 — Walking Skirts made of the latest Meltons and Double-faced fabrics, deep stitching, up-to-date garments, regular $5.00, $6.00, $6.98 Skirts. LOOK AT THE PRICE.

Sale Price, $5.89 — Walking Skirts in all the popular colors and fabrics, deep stitching, new goods, at a low price; regular $7.00 and and $10.00 Skirts. NOTE THE PRICE.

Great Clearance Sale now going on in all departments.

ORIGINATORS OF LOW PRICES.

*The Fair*

THE CASH STORE. SATISFACTORY STORE.

OPEN NIGHTS UNTIL 8:30.

# Paste It

in your memory that there is no store in Marion where good, reliable first-class Shoes, stylish Shoes, for men, women or children can be bought for as little money as here.

# THE RACKET STORE.


## DULY CELEBRATED

**Is the Twentieth Anniversary of the Marriage of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Johnston.**

### MR. ISAAC DAVIS OF GREEN CAMP

**Is Called to Columbus To Act as an Expert on Roof Construction—Revival Services in Progress in the Little Village—The Week's Gleanings.**

Green Camp, Jan. 18.—The W. M. society of the Baptist church met at the home of Mrs. Mary Knickle for its annual meeting Thursday of last week. Mrs. Cory Thompson was re-elected president; M. C. Moore, vice president; Mona Free, secretary and Eulon Porter, treasurer.

Will Wottring of Prospect was here on business this week.

Mrs. Huffman is at the bedside of her sick daughter near LaRue.

Mrs. Jennie Leverton spent last week visiting friends north of Marion.

Rev. S. M. Shook is at Waldo holding special meetings this week.

Mrs. Elizabeth Barnhart, living near the Oak Hill school house, is in quite feeble health.

Mr. Clarence Sutton and Miss Alva Sears of LaRue made a business trip to this place this week.

Uncle Isaac Davis was called to Columbus Saturday to arbitrate on a church roof. The contractor was to have half of his pay when the church was under roof, but failing to build the roof in mechanical style it collapsed, and one who was chosen, knowing Mr. Davis never failed on a roof, called him and a Mr. Frazier of Mansfield. These three gentlemen decided in favor of the church, and the contractor will have to lose his work.

Rev. Mr. Schaff of Prospect was calling in the village Tuesday.

Samuel Bricker is on the sick list.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Cratty of Woodland spent Sunday with Mr. J. C. Lyon's family.

Quarterly meeting will be held at the M. E. church Saturday and Sunday. Elder L. A. Belt will be present.

Messrs. E. and George Fritz of Prospect were here on business last Friday.

Lulu Fish has returned from Dayton.

Mrs. Lettie Corey has recuperated in health sufficiently to return to her home after a ten weeks' stay in Marion for treatment.

Reuben Wynn and William Savidge are under the physician's care.

Mrs. Hatch returned to Ashtabula after a visit of several weeks with her daughter, Mrs. Johnston.

Aunt Catharine Brinker celebrated her eighty-third birthday one day last week. She is quite feeble.

Mrs. M. A. Witcraft of Caledonia, accompanied by her little granddaughter, Lorraine, of Meadville, Pennsylvania, visited over Sunday at the home of N. F. Welch.

The special meetings continue at the Baptist church and are increasing in interest and attendance. Some are renewing their church covenants.

Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Johnston celebrated their twentieth wedding anniversary last week. Quite a number of friends were present, and several handsome pieces of China were left to commemorate the happy occasion. At 6 o'clock a fine supper was served, after which music and songs and a grand good time was enjoyed by all present.

J. B. Berry has added a fine piano to his selection of musical instruments.

Rev. R. Schoonover was at Kenton a few days last week.

Mrs. Maria Travis and daughter, Carrie, of Marion were visiting friends here Sunday.

### RICHLAND MARRIAGE

**Mr. A. G. Feightner and Miss Bertha Ault Are Wedded.**

Cardington, Jan. 18.—Mrs. Henry Groff of Waldo visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Kries, in Richland township last Saturday.

Wm. B. Kinnear of Marion was in Cardington on business Thursday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Aathelm were visiting relatives in Richland township Sunday.

The family of Frank Geekley of Richland township has the measles.

Orley Welch, an Ashley lad, had the great toe of his left foot cut off by train No. 27, Wednesday evening at Cardington.

V. J. Russell was arrested Thursday and fined $17.15 for stealing fodder from his neighbor, Christian Kehrwecker.

A daughter was born Tuesday to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Burggraf of west of here. Mrs. Burggraf is a former Richland township girl.

Mrs. Martha Smith died Wednesday, aged eighty-seven years.

John F. Kreis of Dunkirk, New York, visited his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Kreis, in Richland township Sunday.

Mrs. Mattie Newson and Mrs. Bert Earl went to Norton Wednesday to attend the funeral of Mrs. Mary Darst of that place.

Mr. Adam G. Feightner and Miss Bertha Ault, both of Richland township, were married Thursday of last week by Rev. A. Ebert.

Mr. Austin Fulton and Miss Dora Gordon were married Wednesday.

### MARION BOY

**Brings a Bride from the Capital City and Is Married.**

Mr. William Riddle of this city and Miss Edith Sydes of Columbus were married at the home of the groom's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Riddle of Barnhart street Wednesday evening, Rev. E. F. W. Stellborn officiating.

Mr. Riddle has been employed in Columbus, and met his bride there. They decided to come here, and have their wedding ceremony performed, which caused much surprise among the friends of the groom, who is well known in Marion.

Mr. and Mrs. Riddle returned to Columbus Thursday, where they expect to make their future home.

### MARION BOY.

**A Veteran of the Spanish-American War, Gets a Pension.**

William Niles, who was a member of company G, Fourth O. V. I., in the Spanish-American war, has been granted a pension of seventeen dollars per month and $500 back pay. Young Miles was before the board of examiners about three months ago and the report of the board was acted on very promptly.

Thaddeus Laughman of Big Island, who was a member of the Eighty-Fifth Pennsylvania, and William Hanby of Richwood, who was a member of the Eighty-Eighth O. V. I., in the civil war, were before the board of examiners Wednesday.

Wm. Smith of Findlay will come here the first of February and open a restaurant in the front part of the room now occupied by John O'Keefe's saloon on east Center street.

## LARUE GLEANINGS

**Venith Temple, No. 252, Rathbone Sisters, Installs Officers Monday Night.**

### NEW CLUB HAS BEEN ORGANIZED

**It Will Be Known as the Twentieth Century Reading Club—Knights of Pythias Dance—The Ideal Entertainers from Saginaw—Revival Services Are Being Held.**

LaRue, Jan. 18.—Zenith Temple, No. 252, Rathbone Sisters, installed their officers Monday evening, and initiated a candidate.

Messrs. McPeeke of Geneva, Nebraska, are visiting at the home of their uncle, Wm. Hahn, west of town.

The Twentieth Century Reading club is the name of the new club organized at the home of Mrs. J. A. Spaulding, Tuesday afternoon. The club is composed of ten charter members, and will meet next Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Sifritt.

The Knights of Pythias will have degree work at their lodge room next Thursday evening.

Wm. Kinnamon has sold his farm, consisting of 199 acres, near Agosta, for $5,500 cash.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Hannegan is slowly recovering from a severe attack of lung fever.

The aged Mrs. Flowers is quite poorly, suffering with a heavy cold which has settled on her lungs.

Mr. Lyons, night operator of the B. & O. Four, who for some months has been in enfeebled health, was unable to continue his work, and left for his mother's home at Bedford last Saturday evening. Mrs. Lyons remained over to pack their goods, and will follow in a few days.

Mrs. W. L. Morral was the guest last week of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Huff of Marion.

Miss Nell Louden was at Marion Saturday.

The Ideal Entertainers of Saginaw, Michigan, have been engaged by the Knights of Pythias to give one of their entertainments at Delander's Opera house, January 22.

Mrs. S. Allen of Mt. Victory, visited at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. Cramer, Friday.

Mr. Bert Bell drove over to Marion one day last week, and spent the day with friends.

Dr. Hunt is on the sick list.

Revival services are being held at the M. E. church of this place. The meetings continue to increase in attendance and interest. Rev. I. S. Newcomb has charge of the meetings.

Rev. J. A. Sutton, accompanied by his nephew, A. A. Sears, drove to Bell's school house five miles south of town, and preached to quite a large audience Sunday afternoon.

John Harraman drove to his home near DeCliff Sunday to see his father, who is quite sick.

Will Cook of Morral visited with C. H. Sutton and family Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Len Mitchell's little son is quite poorly, suffering of bowel and spinal trouble.

H. K. Brown has sold his farm east of town, receiving sixty-three dollars an acre.

Interesting revival services are being held at the Paw Paw church north of town. Rev. Mr. Cook of Marseilles is conducting the meetings.

James Hogan left for Butte, Montana, Tuesday morning. Mr. Hogan thinks that the climate at that place will benefit his health.

Miss Mazie Bell is at Agosta visiting at the home of Miss Sweet.

Wm. Rauh has purchased the farm owned by Mrs. A. B. Carter, south of town.

Miss Sarah Fogle of Magnetic Springs is a guest at the Cottage Hotel this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Huff of Marion are visiting at the David Drake home on Marsh street.

The second lecture of the lecture course given under the auspices of the Senior class, will be delivered this evening in the school auditorium by Professor J. A. Culler of Kenton. His subject will be "Air."

Mr. Don Hoagland received word from his sister, Miss Laura, who has been making her home at Mt. Sterling, that she is now attending business college at Columbus.

Mrs. Frank Lee spent Tuesday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Myers, north of town.

Mr. S. S. Simpson received word from Delaware that his son, Hatley, deputy auditor of that city, is quite low with pneumonia.

Miss Nellie Long was at Marion Monday.

Mr. John Burdge went to Galveston to join his aunt, Mrs. Irene Scranton, and will accompany her to her home in Oklahoma. Mr. Burge expects to make his home at that place in the future.

Mr. and Mrs. Milton Morral went to Cleveland, Tuesday morning, the former to attend the commissioners' convention held at that place. They will also visit in the city with Dr. and Mrs. Twine.

W. L. Morral was at Columbus Thursday, attending the state board of agriculture meeting.

J. A. Terry was at Kenton Tuesday.

Miss Marguerite Cramer arrived home from Marion Tuesday.

Orren Prettyman was in Marion on business Tuesday.

Miss Oza Lingo is a guest at the B. F. Waples home at Marion.

Mrs. Longberry of Agosta is visiting at the Flower home on High street.

Mr. Schoenberger of Upper Sandusky was here on business Tuesday.

Miss Nell Louden leaves for Cleveland Saturday morning, where she goes to visit with her friend, Miss Blanche Kane.

Mrs. George Sneckler and daughter, Retta, are both confined to their home by sickness.

The young daughter of Mrs. H. P. Oborn is threatened with lung fever.

Mrs. Chenot spent Tuesday at Kenton with friends.

Mr. Hank Vanorsdall is reported seriously ill at his home west of town.

The dance given by the young people of this vicinity, Wednesday evening, proved quite a success.

Mrs. Henderson and daughter, Miss Eva, and Master R. N. Baughman were guests at the Henry Rauh home, south of town this week.

Mrs. Lillian Mohr will be the guest of Prospect friends over Sunday.

### Probate Court.

Andrew Leffler has been appointed administrator of the estate of J. C. Priester, deceased. The bond of $2,000 was approved.

Edwin L. Hole and Rebecca Hardin have been licensed to marry.

James Carr and Minnie Northup have been licensed to marry.

Wm. H. Lewallen and Princess E. Cranmer have been licensed to marry.

Clarence B. Allen and Margaret Richards have been licensed to marry.

Frank E. Reely, administrator of the estate of Godfrey Reely, deceased, Wednesday filed in probate court a report of the public sale of the personal property of the deceased.

W. J. Campbell, guardian of G. W. Burdge, Wednesday filed his third account. The hearing will be March 5.

Frank E. Reely, administrator of the estate of Godfrey Reely, deceased, Wednesday filed a petition to sell the real estate. The hearing was set for March 4.

Harry J. Nichols, assignee of E. C. Radebaugh, doing business as the New York Tea store, Wednesday filed report of the sale of the personal property at private sale. The report was approved. He also filed an application to sell at public auction the residue of the stock of goods. The application was granted.


The Uhler & Phillips Store.

# January Clearance Sale.

**Only 10 days more will be devoted to this great Clearance Sale and then we invoice.**

**THE CLEARING UP OF ALL WINTER WRAPS is proving a regular bonanza—your dollar buys more than two dollars of real value—About 100 Wraps still to close at half, Dress Goods, that are just as suitable for spring wear as winter wear, are being sold at ⅓ off regular prices.**

**Special January pricing of**

**MUSLINS GINGHAMS**

**SHIRTINGS TICKINGS**

**PERCALES AND CALICOES**

**Buy during this sale and save a large interest on your money.**

# Uhler & Phillips.


### MARION COUNTY MAN

**Is Made Vice President of Merino Sheep Breeders' Association.**

M. H. Rhoads of Salt Rock township stopped off in this city Thursday while enroute home from Columbus. Mr. Rhoads has been in attendance at the meeting of the Ohio Merino Sheep Breeders' association, at Columbus, of which he has been a prominent member since its organization. In fact, he was one of the organizers.

The election of officers was held Wednesday, and Mr. Rhoads was made first vice president. He is one of the most prominent breeders of this class of sheep in the state.

The Columbus meeting was well attended and the prospects are that the breeding of Merino sheep in Ohio next year will be greater than ever before.

### SIX-YEAR-OLD BOY

**Falls at His Home North of the City and Breaks His Arm.**

The six-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Burtsfield, who reside five miles north of the city, fell while playing at school Wednesday and received serious injuries. The left arm of the little fellow was fractured in two places, while the left side of his body was more or less bruised by the fall he sustained.

Dr. A. B. McMurray was summoned and adjusted the fractures, and gave other surgical attention.


I. MARX & SONS, CLOTHING, HATTERS AND FURNISHERS

## ANNIVERSARY SALE.

A genuine reduction of 15 per cent. on all Winter Clothing, Hats, Caps and Furnishing Goods. Here are a few samples of the reductions:

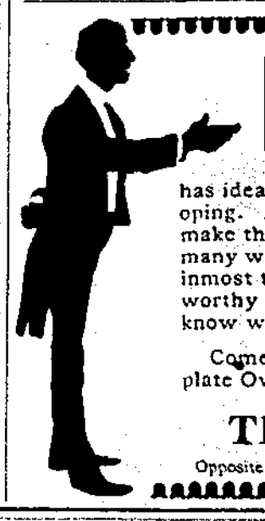
All Our 39c Underwear..... 34
All Our 50c Caps ..... 43
All Our $7.00 Suits and Overcoats $5.95

This same reduction is made on all Winter Goods. Do not fail to attend the Big Sale of

I. MARX & SONS,

113 S. Main. - - - - - - - - - Marion, Ohio.





# Every Woman

has ideas of chinaware which require developing. Every woman should do her utmost to make the ideas represent her. In chinaware many women give vent to the beauties of their inmost thoughts. When we say our line is worthy of you, we want you to see that we know what we are talking about.

Come in and price some of our 24-karat gold plate Oval Picture Frames.

**The Marion Bazar.**

Opposite Postoffice. W. J. GRILLS.



MEET ME AT FRANKS. MEET ME AT FRANKS.

# The Selling of the Green-Joyce Stock at Half Price Continues.

No One Ever Remembers of Buying Goods as Cheap Before—Bargains Here that May Never be Equalled Again.

**We are Selling These Shirts by the Hundreds.**

They are much less in price than it cost Green-Joyce to make them.

**37½c For Regular 75c Shirts.**

New patterns in colored Percales and Madras, with either soft or laundered bosoms, attached or detached collars, wide range styles and colors in every size.

**62½c For Regular $1.25 Shirts.**

We ask you to examine the new $1.25 and $1.50 Shirts sold by exclusive dealers and see if these Shirts we sell at 62½c are not prettier and better—any style, any color, any size is here.

**Yes, Marion Merchants**

actually acknowledge that they can not compete with these Underwear prices and values.

**15c** Buys men's heavy Random Shirts or Drawers.
**15c** Buys children's Union Suits.
**15c** Buys ladies' Fleeced Jersey Vests.
**15c** Buys children's Sleeping garments with knit feet.
**25c** Buys men's very heavy fleeced Shirts or Drawers.
**25c** Buys children's very heavy Underwear.
**37½c** Buys men's regular 75c Fleeced Underwear.
**37½c** Buys ladies' Wool Pants.
**37½c** Buys ladies' very good Union Suits.

**February 1st This Carpet Sale Ends.**

Carpets will positively never be as low in price again this year as now. The fact is, we never made such reductions before and the selling has been tremendous.

**37½c** Yard buys all Wool Ingrains. Just a few left.
**50c** Yard buys extra heavy all Wool Ingrains, 75c ones.
**57½c** Yard buys Lowells or Hartfords, the same grade that brings 75 to 87c elsewhere.
**60c** Yard buys dollar Brussels. No end to variety.
**37½c** Yard buys two-yard-wide Linoleums.
**25c** Buys very heavy Cotton Ingrains.

**Dress Goods Buyers Are Actually Surprised at These Values.**

FOR **29c** Yard you can buy regular 75c Silk and Wool Plaids, also Jamestown Novelties, worth 50c yard, and Plaid Homespuns that sold at 59c yard.

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# THE TRADER'S WIFE

Wild Adventures of a White Trader in Samoa.

BY J. F. ROSE-SOLEY.

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"NO, SHE is not my wife," said the old trader as he glanced at the pretty young Samoan woman who had just entered and greeted the strange papalangi with a graceful talofa ifil.

He was not at all offended at my random suggestion. It was quite excusable, for in these regions a trader without a native wife is a phenomenon. But I might, if I had used my faculties of observation, have known better. There was no trace of womanly care in the dingy, unkempt little dining room, the wooden walls were dirty and bare of adornment, the table was littered with old books and ragged, much worn newspapers, while the floor looked as if it were a stranger to the broom.

The girl, her smiling greetings over, squatted cross legged on the floor and busied herself preparing a bowl of kava, which, of course, had been suggested as soon as I arrived. An ample lava-lava of blue checkered stuff was wrapped around her loins, her full, maidenly bosom was but partially concealed by the black silk handkerchief knotted carelessly over her shoulders, and a single flower of the red hibiscus lit up her long, carefully dressed black hair.

It was the ordinary native costume, such as any girl will put on when called in to make kava for a stranger. But she wore it with an air of grace; everything she had on was new and clean; she looked certainly more favored than her dingy Samoan sisters who passed to and from among the huts outside or hung around the edge of the veranda striving to obtain a glimpse of the new arrival. They could not get any nearer, because the veranda was inclosed with a high fence of barbed wire, a device of the trader to keep the too curious natives at a distance.

I watched the girl closely, but the trader took no notice. He seemed absorbed in his sulul, or native cigarette, which gave forth great clouds of smoke at each vigorous puff. The lithe, slender wrists, with muscles like fine drawn wire, were wringing out the fau, or strainer of bark fiber, with which the pounded kava root is separated from the water. The viselike grip on the fiber never ceased until every drop of juice had been expressed, and then, with a pretty, graceful gesture, she tossed the strainer over her shoulder to a boy standing outside, who shook the dry dust free and threw it back.

Again and again the process was repeated. With the utmost care every grain of sediment was drawn from the bowl, and the dark brown liquid, nauseous, but refreshing, was ready.

The first cup seemed to arouse the old man's dormant loquacity. "She is a strange girl," he remarked, letting his eyes rest for a moment on the kava maiden. "Not like any of the other Samoans. I can't make her out. She never goes gadding about with the other girls nor flirts with the young men. She just stays quietly at home and refuses all the suitors who ask for her hand. She might have been married a dozen times during the past year had she chosen."

"Perhaps"—and I hesitated.

He nodded. "Yes, perhaps she has an eye on this establishment. People do say so, and they chaff me about the girl. But she's nothing to me. She just washes the clothes and looks after me. That is all."

There was no trace of unmanly levity in his tone. I waited in respectful silence, for he was one of those kindly men who wear their hearts upon their sleeves, and I knew that he would, if left to do it in his own way, tell me the tragedy of his life.

He took another bowl of kava, rolled a fresh cigarette and sighed. I smoked

"She is my wife," he said.

patiently. Then he rose and, opening a small writing desk which stood in a corner, drew from it an old and faded photograph.

"There is my wife," he said.

It was just an ordinary common picture taken by a cheap photographer and, thanks to the climate, rapidly fading into obscurity. One could make out the features of a Samoan woman, rather stout and showily dressed, a baby in her arms and a little girl of about 2 holding on by the skirts.

As a work of art it was beneath contempt, but the old man handled it reverently, and, before he spoke again, laid the picture back in its receptacle.

"It's fading quickly," he remarked sorrowfully, "though I keep it from the light all I can. It was taken by a traveling photographer in New Britain just before— But it's all I have left of her. There's only the boy and I alone now."

A smile lit up his dim face. "Here he is," he exclaimed, as a fine little fellow of about 10 rushed into the room. "Fan-mole-mole, pa," began the youngster, in that strange mixture of Samoan and English which half caste boys speak in this country. Then he stopped, noticing my presence.

"All right, Jacky," said the father, giving the curly head a kindly pat, "go and say talofa to the gentleman." And bashfully the boy, who had not seen a strange white man for months, held out his hand, and then took the first opportunity of escaping from the room to join his playmates outside.

"He's all I have left," continued the trader, "and I'm doing my best to bring him up as an Englishman. But what can I do here? He must play with the Samoan boys, or with no one, and I cannot afford to send him away to school. The little girl's better off; she's gone with a missionary to Sydney, and he takes good care of her. She'll grow up into a white lady, I suppose, some day, and won't know her old father."

There was a long pause, and we drank more kava and smoked in silence. Then the old gentleman became reminiscent.

"She was 3 years old when the old woman died, and the boy here, well, he could just paddle about, holding on to his mother's skirts. There were some who blamed me for taking her to that outlandish New Britain, where the people are real savages, and not civilized, like here. But what was I to do? I'd been trading for McAllister & Co.—you've heard of them, I suppose?—when the firm broke up, and I was left stranded on the beach. I hadn't had a chance to save much, and there were the wife and child to keep. When I got the offer to go to New Britain and open up some new trading stations, I jumped at it, without thinking over much of the risk.

"I was a fool, I know, and more if I could only take it all back!" He took another cup of kava to hide his emotion.

I could think of nothing appropriate to say, so I sat and waited, while the girl, squatting on the floor, looked up in her master's face and thoughtfully began to prepare a second bowl of kava.

At last he resumed the broken narrative: "We got on all right as long as we were at the head station, where there were several whites, and the natives had in a way learned some manners. But when I went away to distant parts of the isle to open up new stations I began to feel sorry that I'd brought the vahines with me. But she would not hear of going back, not she! She swore she'd stick to me through thick and thin, and so she did till the end.

"But, to cut a long story short, we opened up three or four stations safely enough. We used to go, just ourselves, in a boat with our boxes of trade and a crew of four boys from the Duke of York's Isle. They were more afraid of being eaten than we were, so they stuck to us pretty close.

"It was the shock of the thing did it, and I wonder now, when I look back, that we were not killed and cooked a dozen times over. The natives simply could not understand a white man coming among them like that all alone, and they were so astonished that they forgot to attack us. They were a pretty lot of savages, going about quite naked, and if you gave one of them a piece of print he would hang it around his neck and walk away as proud as Punch. They were always fighting among themselves and thought no more of killing a man than we would of shooting a pigeon. Why, I've seen a young fellow executed there just for stealing a cocoanut off a chief's tree, and if they had dared they would have killed me as readily for the sake of my trade.

"They hadn't much to buy goods with, either—a little copra and some beche de mer and pearl shells. They wanted axes and tomahawks and knives; but, most of all, they wanted tobacco pipes—common clay tobacco pipes. What they did with them I don't know, for they did not buy any tobacco; kept them as a sort of idol or fetich, I suppose. They would sell everything they had to get a pipe, and especially a black one, and it was because of those cursed pipes that I lost my wife, and nearly lost my own life, too. Perhaps it might have been as well," he added despondently.

"Nonsense, man," I interposed, as cheerfully as I could, "but how did it happen? Tell me all about it."

"It was the fourth place I was at, I think, a wild part, where no missionary had ever dared to set his foot. We were a long way from the main station, and I had to depend upon myself entirely. It was up at the head of a deep bay, and there were a lot of mangroves, I remember, growing along the beach, and then you went up a steep bank 10 or 12 feet high, on top of which was the village.

"Well, the chief was very glad to see me. He said they wanted a white trader badly and invited me to stay. So I pitched on a likely spot in the middle of a grove of palms close to the beach, you may be sure. We soon ran up a rough bamboo house, and I got the wife and children, for there were two by this time, into it. Then we carried the goods ashore, hauled up the boat, and I sat down to wait for my customers.

"I might have been waiting till this day for all the business I did. The chief was very pleasant and fair spoken and took all the presents I gave him with the greatest condescension. But when it came to trading I found the people were so poor that they'd nothing to trade with. I got about 100 pounds of copra and a little pearl shell in a week. That was all. I soon made up my mind that the place was not good enough for my business, and besides, from one or two little things I'd noticed, I came to the conclusion that it would be healthier to leave as soon as possible.

"It would not do, I knew, to appear in a hurry to get away, so I took matters easily and gradually packed up the trade and got everything ready for starting. But quiet as I was about it the natives were too smart for me. They saw what I was up to, and the word went round the village that the white man was not to be allowed to go away and to take all that lovely trade with him. I was in a tight place, and I knew it, and the boat's crew just sat shivering in their naked feet, for they felt that their fate would be the same as mine.

"But the old woman was not afraid at all. It was wonderful the way she kept up, with the two babies to look after, and all cooking and work of the house to do. As for me, I was pretty well worn out with watching, and did not get a wink of sleep for three nights. The natives would come around friendly enough during the daytime and look at our goods, and we had to treat them pleasant, for it would never do to let them see that we were afraid. But at night we had to be all on guard, for we never knew at what moment a rush might be made. I had raised a kind of rough stockade of bamboos about the

At the same instant she fell.

house, and within this I posted the four men of the crew, each with a gun. I had a Winchester myself, but what good would those arms be if the natives should make a rush in a body on us? I didn't dare sleep, I can tell you, I was up and around every few minutes to see that the guards were awake and keeping a bright lookout. At last, on the third night, we had everything packed, and I made up my mind to start at once. The boys got the whale boat out from the shed under which she had been lying, and together we pushed her down the steep bank into the bay. But we had no sooner launched her than she filled, the water was up to her thwarts, and there was nothing for it but to haul her ashore again.

"I could not make it out at all, for a week before she had been a perfectly sound and seaworthy boat, and I knew she could not have dried up so much in the time. Still there was no doubt about her leaking, and I soon found out the reason. Those devils of natives had been at her, and some time, it must have been during the previous night, had managed to knock a lot of holes in her bottom. They were quiet over the work, too, for, though the boat was close by, we never heard a sound. They had stayed in the planks with the heads of their stone axes. It was a good job I had not sold them any iron tomahawks, or else the boat would have been cut to pieces beyond repair. It was bad enough, but, as the wrecked craft lay there in the mangrove swamp, I saw a glimmer of hope. If we could patch her up we might still get away. If we couldn't—well, I knew none of us would see another dawn. It was touch and go, but there was just a chance.

"I posted the men on guard all around the palisade, with strict injunctions to fire at every native they saw approaching. Then the wife and I—and she was a brave little woman—set to work. We collected all the old meat tins we could find about the place, and, as we had been living on nothing but tinned stuff for the past week, there were plenty. I made a fire and melted the solder out of the tins, so that I had a number of strips of clean metal to use as patches. It was hard work, I can tell you, lying on my back in the mud amid the prickly mangrove stumps nailing little bits of tin on each broken place. We put the children to sleep in the bottom of the boat, while my wife held the candle for me. How many hours I toiled I don't know, but I thought I would never have finished. Now and again an alligator—and there are plenty in those parts—would crawl out of the water to see what was going on or perhaps in search of his supper, but the wife would dash the light in his face, and he would go back quicker than he came.

"The first flush of dawn was in the sky by the time I had finished. I was stiff and sore and worn out, but there was no time to think about these things. We launched the boat, and she seemed pretty tight, so I bade the men bundle the trade boxes into her and make ready to shove off, while the wife and I went up to the house to get the few little personal effects we had not yet carried down to the beach.

"I remember, just as well as if I could see it now, scrambling up the slippery bank and making our way to the little house. We were careless, perhaps, but we did not anticipate any attack. I walked straight up to the hut. The door was closed, and I was going to push it open when my wife, who was just behind, caught me round the waist and threw me backward with all her force. She was a strong woman, and I was weak and tired, and I rolled over like a baby. At the same instant she fell, a dozen spears through her body, the door burst open, and a crowd of naked savages dashed out and made a rush for the boat. They thought me dead or badly wounded, I suppose; but, at any rate, they did not stop to look, they were in such a hurry to get the goods, and the oversight saved my life. I yelled out to the boat's crew to shove off, and then I crawled up to where my wife was lying. It was all over with her. I could see at a glance, and all she could whisper was, 'Save, save, run quick and save yourself!'

"Perhaps I should have stayed. I do not know; but, at any rate, I had no time to reason over the matter. There were the savages coming back from the beach full of rage and disappointment at finding the boat out of their reach. I crawled to the right and made a circle round to gain the shore, and luckily I got away undetected. The boat was lying 50 yards off, and, fortunately, the town had had the sense to wait and see if we escaped. I waded all to them and found the children all well and the native boys shivering with fear. But a kick or two soon roused them, and I had the boat pulled as close inshore as I dared.

"The savages were rushing about and shouting and making a tremendous noise. Evidently they were searching for me, and they had lit great torches of dry cocoanut leaves, which showed them up as bright as day. This was just what I wanted, for I emptied my rifle into the midst of them, and the boys gave them a volley with theirs. They scattered like mice in every direction. I made a rush up the shore and rescued the wife's dress, for I was beginning by this time to feel a bit ashamed of myself for having left her so quickly. But what could I do? My gun was in the boat, and if I had stopped I should only have been killed, too, and the children would have been left without a father. I found her lying in the same spot, but she was dead, and the wretches had even tied her up ready to carry her away.

"By the time I had lain her in the boat it was nearly daylight, and I thought I would wait a bit and see it through. My blood was up, and I felt ready for any deviltment. I took a big drink of schnapps and gave the boys a strong dose too. This, as they were not used to liquor, made them quite mad, and they wanted to land at once and wipe out the whole settlement. But I thought it wise to rest awhile, and, with my rifle on my knee, I sat still and looked at the dead woman as she lay on the bottom boards of the boat and at the little children sleeping so peacefully by her side. We pulled the boat off just out of range of their spears. By and by, when the sun was up, a great big savage stole down to the beach to have a look round, and I potted him as neatly as I would have done a wild pig—then another and another until they began to see that the business was a dangerous one and gave it up. Having scared them sufficiently, we anchored the boat close in and waded ashore. It took me half a day to do it, but I cleaned that town out thoroughly. Their houses were little bits of huts, not like our fine Samoan dwellings, raised off the ground on poles and each fenced in as if they were always afraid of attack. Most of the people had cleared out into the bush, but any that I found I shot, and I burned every hut in the place. I don't think they will forget me there in a hurry. Next day I buried the wife at the head station and restored my fellies. I had had enough of New Britain."

The old man stopped suddenly. "Pass the kava side," he said to the girl, who was still squatting patiently on the floor. "And now you will understand, young man, why I do not wish to marry again."

### The Limbs of Tall Men.

Tall men, as a rule, have bodies out of proportion to their lower limbs—that is, smaller than they ought to be—with the natural result that they are unable to bear fatigue, or to compete in the struggles of life with lesser men more harmoniously proportioned. Army experience bears out these observations. In a long and fatiguing march the tall men usually fall out first, or succumb to campaigning, unless, as is very rarely the case, they have well knit and symmetrical frames. A soldier between 5 feet 5 inches and 5 feet 8 or 9 inches is usually the man most capable of bearing the strain of life.

### The Whipping Post.

A footpad or a wife beater needs an admonition that he can feel, for that is the only kind of punishment that is effective with him. A man who waylays another for money is a murderer at heart, and a man who beats his wife is a villain of so low a dye that no prison reform sentiment is likely to affect him favorably unless it is administered through the open skin, made so by the application of the lash. We may be very heathenish, but we believe the whipping post is a good thing for certain kinds of criminals.—Methodist Protestant.

### He Sat Down.

Sir Henry Erskine once quelled a riot in Edinburgh when Mrs. Siddons was playing to a crowded house in the largest theater in the town. A unruly fellow in the pit refused to sit down, and a howl went up from all around him.

The crowd was ready to do him and the house damage when Sir Henry came to the front of his box with the quiet statement: "Pray excuse the gentleman. Don't you see it is only a tailor resting himself?"

The man sat down without further urging.

### Storm Damages Salisbury Plain Trilithons.

The recent gale in England overthrew as upright and a crosspiece of one of the great trilithons at Stonehenge, on Salisbury plain, Wiltshire. The crosspiece was broken by the fall, writes the London correspondent of the New York Sun. The last previous fall of these great stones occurred in 1797.

## NOTORIOUS MURDER CASE BEGAN MONDAY.

**McAllister, Campbell and Death, Alleged Slayers of Jennie Rosschieter Are on Trial for Their Lives.**

JENNIE ROSSCHIETER. Andrew Campbell. George Kerr. McALLISTER. William Death.

The killing of Jennie Rosschieter, the Paterson mill girl who was given knockout drops and, after brutal treatment, left dead at a lonely part of the outskirts of the town, is recalled in all its awful brutality this week when the men charged with crime are on trial. No murder of recent years has aroused such widespread horror as this one and the whole country will watch the trial with the closest attention.

## THE ARIZONA KICKER

SOME ITEMS OF NEWS TOLD BY THE BUSY EDITOR.

**Straight Talks, Too, by a Man Who Wants Himself Understood and Is Always Ready to Back Up All That He Says.**

[Copyright, 1901, by C. B. Lewis.]

The vigilance committee over at Lone Jack seems to need an assistant. It has hung one man three different times, and yet he is walking around today in good health.

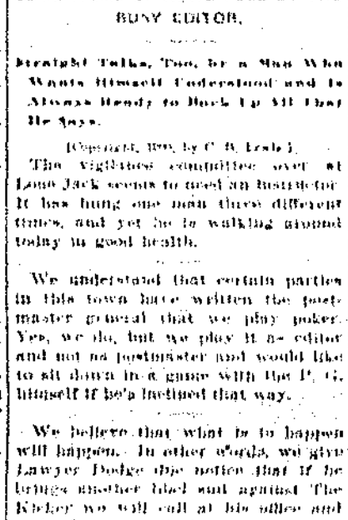
We understand that certain parties in this town have written the postmaster general that we play poker. Yes, we do, but we play it as editor and not as postmaster and would like to sit down in a game with the P. G. himself if he's inclined that way.

We believe that what is to happen will happen. In other words, we give Lawyer Dodge the notice that if he brings another libel suit against The Kicker we will call at his office and make him eat all the papers in the case, with a few deeds and bills of sale as a wind up.

The rumor that we are looking for another political office is true. We now basket to be clerk commissioner of the territory, thus getting us five soft snaps. There is no chance about this. We are simply looking out for ourselves as an editor. What is left after we are provided for can go to the dickens and handle paste.

The little scrap between our fighting dog Jim and a cur from Rose Hill, which took place at the club Wednesday night, as advertised, put 500 more in our pocket toward the project of bringing out a daily Kicker next year. We own the dog as an individual and not as editor, mayor, postmaster or state senator.

In accordance with a careless habit we have somehow acquired we spat on Major Johnson's boots as we stood talking with him on the street the other



THE EDITOR SURPRISED.

day. Supposing we meant to insult him, the major pulled his gun and fired a bullet through our hat. Explanations and drinks followed, and all is serene at this writing.

If any one is curious to know why J. B. Williams left town last Sunday night with his legs working like piston rods and his hair on the curl, we can explain that, as secretary of the vigilance committee, we had given him warning to skip or dangle. He decided to skip and has probably reached Utah by this time. J. B. was a little too stiff as a braggart and a cheat.

The scoop around town that we are planning a $20,000 opera house is all nonsense. Hellos hall is big enough and good enough for the "Uncle Tom's Cabin" troupes which come this way, and the spectators in the front seats with their guns have also become used to the targets and the distances.

Some one has sent us by mail a Chicago notice-bill, crossbones and all—warning us to get out of Arizona within 30 days or take the consequences. Please bring on your consequences. We don't propose to leave this balmy country for many years to come, and we'll bet 10 to 1 that we add that chap's carcass to the 13 others sleeping so quietly in our private editorial graveyard. We are no buzzsaw, but the man who monkeys with us has got to be chain lightning to keep his health.

M. QUAD.

### Habitual With Him.

Mrs. Church—Your name is not spelled right on this list.

Mrs. Gotham—What's the matter with it?

"Why, Lillie is spelled with only one 'l.'"

"Oh, well, my husband wrote that. It's nothing new for him to forget one of my letters."—Yonkers Statesman.

### Stabbed Her in the Neck.

"Madam," complained the man behind the hat, "I can't see the stage. If you'd kindly remove"—

"Oh," snapped the lady, "I guess you're seeing your money's worth!"

"You're right," he replied. "I only paid $1.50, but here I can see the price tag of your hat, and it's marked $3.98."—Philadelphia Press.

### Making Him Notorious.

"I understand that a stump orator's private car is to be attached to this train."

"Don't worry, sir. You will not be disturbed. We have arranged to remove the rear platform just as soon as the train starts."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## HE GAVE ARMOUR HIS START

**Millionaire and His Early Benefactor Died on the Same Day.**

Albert McFarland, who gave Philip D. Armour his start in business life, died at his home in the town of Lisle, near Binghamton, N. Y., on the very day of Mr. Armour's demise.

McFarland met Armour in California shortly after the latter's arrival. Armour's funds were so low that he did not know where the next meal was coming from. McFarland took a fancy to him, gave him a supply of provisions and an old mule and pointed out the San Quita trail. This proved the golden road to fortune for young Armour, who several years ago remembered his friend with a handsome check, says the St. Louis Republic. The cause of McFarland's death was old age.

Before he made his lucky strike in California Mr. Armour lived in Stockbridge, N. Y., and attended Watertown academy. To a stolen ride with a girl and his consequent expulsion from the academy was due his fortunate departure for the Pacific coast. Years afterward, when Mr. Armour was a millionaire, the man who had been the principal of the academy entered his office.

"I wanted to tell you," said the visitor, "that I was the only one of the faculty who opposed your expulsion."

"You've been a —— long time coming with your explanations," replied Mr. Armour.

Statistics show that in the whole Dominion of Canada there have been only 271 divorces granted in 32 years in Prince Edward Island, with a population of 100,000, there has not been a divorce in 20 years. There is something, says the Dallas News, for the people of the United States, who believe that civilization begins with the home, to think about.

## WILL PRESENT YACHT PLANS SOON.

**Country's Pride Safe with the Designer of the Lawson Boat.**

Sir Thomas Lipton despises ties in yacht races. Also he hopes his new boat will meet a foeman worthy of her sails. Both contingencies are being provided for by Designer Crowninshield, whose photograph is here given. It is definitely promised that the boat Mr. Crowninshield is to give us will leave all chance of a tie out of the question. The Lipton boat will be beaten, not tied. Sir Thomas's second hope will also be taken into consideration when Mr. Crowninshield designs the new boat. The designer of the Lipton boat can be assured of a fine run for his money.

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